GENERAL CATALOGUE OF CHOICE NURSERY STOCK





LILIUM REGALE-SEE PAGE 45

DUNCAN & DAVIES Ltd.
NURSERYMEN, NEW PLYMOUTH, N.Z.

PREFACE.

IN presenting this, our Catalogue of General Nursery Stock, we wish to thank our numerous friends and customers for their past liberal support accorded us, also for the letters of satisfaction we are constantly receiving from our clients. In soliciting a continuance of this support, we wish to assure our would be clients that our motto is "Satisfaction," and we will do all in our power to live up to our motto.

Many of our clients who are not Horticulturists and are not sure what will suit their locality, have left the selection to us, and without exception, our choice has given complete satisfaction.

We pay very special attention to selections left to us in this way, always bearing in mind the locality wherein they are to be planted, and thus succeed in supplying plants most suitable to the various climatic conditions, and they thrive and do well, under the care of our clients.

Our stocks are now well above pre-war mark, both in quality, quantity and cleanliness.

Awaiting your esteemed orders, which will receive our best attention.

We are,
Yours faithfully,
DUNCAN & DAVIES, Ltd.

V. C. DAVIES,
MANAGING DIRECTOR.

HINTS TO CORRESPONDENTS AND TERMS.

- Ordering.—Order early and secure the attending advantages. We execute orders as nearly as possible in rotation, so do not leave yours until too late. We would advise customers, especially those forwarding their orders late in the season to add a few extra varieties to their list, so that these may be used as substitutes in case any line is sold out. Correspondents are requested to be sure to sign their names clearly and give their correct addresses.
- Shipping Directions.—All goods are delivered in Town and at the Railway Station free of charge; but after obtaining consignee receipt for same the goods travel at the risk and expense of the buyer.
- Complaints must be made within fourteen days of receipt of goods; otherwise they cannot be entertained.
- Unknown Correspondents are requested to forward a remittance with order, or a reliable reference.
- Conditions of Sale.—We endeavour to send out all good plants, true to name, and will replace any that prove to be contrary to orders, but do not hold ourselves responsible to replace any trees that die after leaving our hands. If plants are not accepted on these terms, we would ask that they be immediately returned. We do not send receipts for amounts of less than 5/unless postage is pre-paid.
- Parcel Post.—We would recommend that, wherever possible, all orders, whether for plants or bulbs, be forwarded by parcel post, as it is the quickest, safest, and almost always the cheapest means of despatch; and being well packed before leaving our hands, they usually arrive at their destination in the best condition. In cases where orders are too large for one parcel, per post, we make them in up in two or more bundles to allow for their being accepted by the postal department, and sent by this means.

- Communications by telegram or cable should be addressed —"Duncan Davies," New Plymouth.
- Terms.—A discount of 7½ per cent. (1/6 in £) will be allowed when cash accompanies order, 5 per cent. if paid on delivery, and 2½ per cent. if paid within one month from date of invoice. Nett, three months from date of invoice.

Our longest credit, unless specially arranged, is three months, over this date 10 per cent. will be added to accounts.

- Small Orders to the value of 10/- or under must be accompanied by cash, otherwise they cannot be entertained.
- Exchange must be added to all outside cheques.
- Packing Charges.—For local delivery nil. Outside New Plymouth 2½ per cent. of value of order on bundles, and 7½ per cent. on goods packed in cases. On oversea, special goods, or expensive plants, packing at cost.

An Invitation

We extend to all those interested in Horticulture a hearty invitation to visit our Nurseries and inspect the growing stock. Our Nurseries are situated on the corner of Tukapa Street and Wallath Road, Westown, just over half a mile from the terminus of the electric tram service.

The New Zealand Native Nursery, occupying four and a-half acres, is devoted entirely to New Zealand Native Trees and Plants, and is situated just alongside our General Nursery, covering over twenty acres.

Any one wishing to visit the Nurseries will be welcome at any time between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m., Sundays excepted.

Hardy Ornamental Trees and Shrubs

Amongst these are the most useful Ornamental, Evergreens and Deciduous Trees and Shrubs in cultivation Among them will be found plants suitable for every kind of Horticultural Ornamentation, either as specimens for lawns, border decorations, ornamentation of parks or pleasure grounds, or the formation of avenues.

The prices given are for single plants; a liberal reduction made on large orders. Where two prices are given they are for different sized plants. The height given in most cases is that usually attained when planted as specimens.

* Signifies varieties that are tender, but will grow well in coastal districts like New Plymouth, Hawera, Wanganui and Napier, and all coastal districts north of Taranaki.

D—Deciduous.

E-Evergreen.

Aberia Caffra, E. (Kaffir Apple.) A new shrub recently introduced from Africa, 2s.

Abelia florabunda and trifoliata, E. Rosy purple flowers, 5ft., 1s. 6d.

ABUTILON-

*Thompsonii flore pleno. A beautiful double orange flower, 2s. 6d. each.

Abutilon, 6 varieties, all colours, 5ft., 2s.

Acacia, E. See special list.

ACER-

atro-purpureum, D. Purple Japanese Maple, 3s. 6d. and 5s. each.

japonicum, D. Choice coloured Maple, 3ft., 3s. 6d. to

palmatum, D. Strong grower, 6ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. ginnala, D. A charming Maple of bushy habit, the small elegant leaves show the most vivid Autumn colouring, 2s. 6d. to 5s. each.

saccharinum, D. Sugar Maple, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. compestre and negundo, 20ft., 2s. 6d. to 5s.

pseudoplatanus, D. (Sycamore.) 2s. 6d. to 5s. each.

Angophera lanceolata, E. A fine shrub for a warm position; flowers crimson (December to May): 10ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Adenandra uniflora, E. Very beautiful dwarf shrub, 3ft., 2s. 6d.

ARALIA--

Sieboldi, E. Very handsome foliage plant, 4ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Sieboldi moseri, E. Large, deep green leaves, splendid for a shady position, or a pot plant, 4ft., 2s. 6d.

Ackama, rosæ-folia, E. N.Z. Native. Foliage resembles Titoki, small white flowers produced in large heads, 8ft., 2s.

Aesculus hippocastanum, D. (Horse Chestnut.) 20ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Agathis australis, E. (Kauri.) 50ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. Alectryon excelsum, E. ("Titoki.") Native Oak, 30ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Aloysia citriodora, D. Scented Verbena, 5ft., 2s. and 2/6. Amygdalus persica, D. Double flowering Peach, white, pink and crimson, and others, 10ft., 2s. 6d.

ANDROMEDA-

florabunda, E. Dwarf white, 3ft., 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. variegata, E. Dwarf white, very fine, 3ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Arbutus unedo, E. Irish Strawberry tree, 10ft., 2s. 6d. Aristotelia racemosa, E. (Native Wineberry.) 20ft., 2s. Arundinaria gracilis. (Dwarf Bamboo.) Does not spread, 2s. to 3s. 6d.

Aster argophyllus, E. (Musk tree.) Scented foliage 12ft., 2s.

Aucuba japonica, E. Beautiful evergreen shrub, with bright red berries in winter. Each, 2s. 6d.

Aucuba japonica variegata, E. Variegated leaves, hardy ornamental shrub; 4ft., Japan. Each 2s. 6d.

AZALEA-

indica, E. See special list, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

mollis, D. Large orange yellow, 3ft., 3s. 6d. to 5s. See special list.

Bambusa, E. In variety, 2s. to 2s. 6d.

Beech, D. See Fagus.

Beckia plicata, E. One of the daintiest little shrubs grown. Hardy. Fine for the rock garden. Flowers pinkish white, 2s. 6d. and 3s.

*Beilschmiedia, Tawa, E. Native, shady position, 20ft., 2s. to 2s. 6d.

Betula alba, D. (Silver Birch.) 20ft., 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d. Benthamia fragrifera, E. (Strawberry tree.) Large fruit, 20ft., 2s.

BERBERIS-

Darwinii, E. Orange flowers, 8ft., 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d. purpurea, D. Purple foliage, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. Stenophylla, E. Very hardy, 6ft., 2s.

Boronia, E. In variety. See special list.

BRACHYGLOTTIS—

Rangiora, E. Native, very fine foliage, 8ft., 2s.

*Rangiora atropurpurea, E. Purple leaves, rare, 3s. 6d. to 4s.

repanda, E. (Wharangi.) Native, 2s.

*Browallia Jamesoni, E. Orange and yellow, tender, 2s. BUDDLEA—

veitchianus, E. Violet flower, rapid grower, 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

salvifolia, E. A very quick growing new hardy shrub producing large heads, often one foot broad, of pale lilac flowers, highly scented. This plant flowers in winter and is a great acquisition, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

BRUGMANSIA---

*Knightii, E. Trumpet tree, large white trumpet-shaped flowers, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

*Brugmansia in variety, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Carpentaria californica, E. Beautiful white flowers, about one inch in diameter, easy of cultivation, hardy, 5ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

CALLISTEMON-

linarifolia, E. Narrow-leaved bottle-brush, 5 to 10ft., 2s. 6d. each.

speciosus, E. Showy bottle-brush, evergreen, red, 10 to 20ft., 2s. 6d. each.

phæniceus, E. Large red bottle-brush, 6 to 10ft., 2s. 6d. coccinea, E. Brilliant scarlet bottle-brush, 10ft., 2/6 lanceolata, E. Crimson bottle-brush, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Calycanthus florida, D. (Allspice.) Very sweetly scented, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

*Camphora officinalis, E. (Camphor Laurel.) Half hardy, 20ft., 2s. 6d.

Camellia, E. See special list.

Catalpa speciosa, D. Fast growing tree, with fine large foliage, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

*Cantua dependens, E. Rose coloured flowers, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Caryopteris mastacanthus, E. (Blue Spirea.) Dwarf, 3ft., 2s.

Carmichaelia, E. In variety, native broom, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Carpodetus serratus, E. (Puta-puta-Weta.) A splendid hardy, large shrub, producing masses of white flowers, 10ft., 2s. each; 20s. dozen.

Caragna aborescens, E. Shower of Gold, 8ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s 6d.

CASUARINA-

glauca, E. (She Oak.) A well-known Australian tree, quick growing, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Cunnningliamii, E. The fine Oak of Queensland, 30 to 50ft., 2s. 6d. each.

Stricta, E. Australian Beef Wood. Red flowers, 30ft., 2s. 6d. each.

Cercis silquastrum, D. Judas tree, 10ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. Cerasus serrulata, D. Japanese fl. Cherries. See special list.

Ceratopetalum gummiferum, E. (Australian 'Xmas bush.) 3s. 6d. each.

CEANOTHUS-

veitchianus, E. Blue flowers, profuse bloomer, very effective, 5ft., 2s. 6d.

Ceanothus in four choice varieties, blue and rosy pinks. Shrubs we can highly recommend, 3ft., 2s. 6d, and 3s.

CHAMEROPS--

humilis, E. Fan palm, out door, rare, 3s. and 3s. 6d. excelsa, E. Fan palm, out door, 2s. 6d and 3s. 6d.

Chimomanthus fragrans, D. Yellow, sweet scented, winter flowering, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

*Chorizema cordatum, E. Flame Pea Bush, 3 to 5ft., 2/6 (hoisya ternata, E. Mexican orange flower, 4ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

CISTUS-

ladaniferus, E. White flowering shrub, 5ft., 2s. Cistus, E. In variety, paper flowers, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

CLETHRA—

*arborea, E. Lily of the valley tree ,2s. and 2s. 6d. tomentesa, D. Free flowering, white, 4ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. alnifolio, E. Free flowering, white, 4ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

CLIANTHUS--

puniceus, E. Red parrot bill, 2s. puniceus alba, White, 2s.

COPROSMA-

Kirkii, E. A splendid plant for binding sand or holding a loose bank, 2s.; 18s. doz.

Coprosma, E. 12 varieties. See Native Catalogue, 1/6 and 2s.

CORDYLINE-

australis, E. Cabbage tree, native, 20ft. 1s. 6d. and 2s.

indivisa, E. Mountain cabbage tree, 10ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. banksii, E. Scented flowers, native, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. Cordyline. Other varieties, see Native Catalogue.

*Corynocarpus laevigata, E. Karaka, rapid grower, 20ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s. Colletia bictonensis, E. Anchor plant, 5ft., 2s. 6d.

Simmondsii, E. Fine red berries, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. franchetti, E. Fine red berries, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. microphylla, E. Fine red berries, bank plant, 3ft. 2s.

Cornus Siberica, D. (Dogwood.) Valuable for the bright colour of their bark in winter, 6ft. Price 2s. each.

CRATAEGUS—

Crataegus, D. Fl. thorn, double, white, red pink, 8ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s.

crus galli, D. Fine autumn foliage, 10ft., 2s. crenulata, E. Fine red berries, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Cydonia japonica, D. Six varieties, 5ft., 2s.

Cytisus laburnum, D. Golden Chain, 12ft., 2s.

*Cyathea medullaris, E. (Mamuka.) The well-known black tree fern. All plants nursery grown. Will not stand heavy frost, 2s, to 3s. 6d.

DAPHNE-

indica rubra, E. Sweet scented, 3ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. indica alba, E. White, sweet scented, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. Dacrydium cupressinum, E. (Rimu or Red Pine.) 30ft.,

2s. 6d. to 5s.
*Daviesii corymbosa, E. Recently introduced Australian

shrub, 2s. 6d.

Dicksonia fibrosa, E. (Golden Punga.) The hardiest of the tree ferns; prefers shade; fine fibrous trunk, 8ft.

3s. to 5s. DEUTZIA—

discolor grandiflora, D. 6ft., rosy white, buds pink, 2s. 6d. each.

gracelis eximia, D. 6ft., pure white, reverse soft rose, 2s. 6d. each.

gracelis campanulata, D. Pure white, superb, 6ft., 2s. 6d. each.

crenata, fl. pl., D. Double, rose-tint flowers, 6ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s.

gracilis, D. Pure white, fine, 2ft., 2s.

gracilis rosea, D. a rose-coloured sport of the beautiful old dwarf variety; 2ft., 2s.

lemoinei, D. Improved form of gracilis, 3ft., 2s.

lemoinei compacta, D. beautiful dwarf shrub, free flowering, very early, 2ft., 2s. 6d.

Vilmoreana, D. Large single flowers, very fine, 2ft., 2s.

Dianella intermedia, E. Native Turutu, blue berries, 2ft., 2s.

Diosma ericoides, E. Breath of Heaven, white flowers, 3ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Diplacus glutinosus, E. Orange yellow flowers, 3ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Dombeya nepalensis, D. Fine white flowers, 5ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

DODONEA-

viscosa, E. Ake Ake. Quick growing, 15ft., 2s.

tenuifolio, E. Australian Ake Ake. Flowers young, very effective when covered with curious seeds. 8ft., 2s.

DRACOPHYLLUM—

Urvilleanum, E. H. Native, apline. 4ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Sinclairii, E. Neinei. Pink and white flowers, 4ft., 2s. 6d.

Drimys colorata, E. Horopito. Beautiful foliage, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Dryandra florabunda, E. Curious everlasting flowers, very effective, 5ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s.

Duranta Plumeri, D. Pale blue flowers, very effective, 6ft., 2s.

*Dysoxylum speciabile, E. Kohekohe. Beautiful foliage tree, 30ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Epacris, E. See Special List at end of Ericas.

ELŒAGNUS—

variegata, E. Variegated foliage, 8ft., 1s. 6d.

longipes. Red edible berries, 4ft., 2s.

Eleocarpus dentaius, E. Hinau. Native lily of the valley tree, 30ft., 2s.

*Entelea arborescens, E. Whau. Coastal shrub, large flowers, 8ft., 2s.

Eriostemon nerifolus, E. White starry flowers, scented foliage, 3ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s.

Ericas, E. The Heath. See Special List.

ERYTHRINA—

fusca, indica and insignis, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

christi galli, D. Coral plant, scarlet flowers, 6ft., 2s. 6d. ESCALLONIA—

rosea, E. coral pink flower, very hardy, 5ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s.

macrantha, E. See hedge plants.

pendula, E. Drooping habit, rose flowers, 5ft., 1s. 6d. montevidensis, E. beautiful white flowers, 10ft., 2s.

Frethyii, E. A fine local-raised variety, being a cross between macrantha and exoniensis. Flowers a good pink, produced over a long season; makes a good shrub, 5ft., 2s. 6d.

EUCALYPTUS-

*Lehmanii, E. Large golden yellow flowers. curious large seed heads, very beautiful, rare; will not stand heavy frosts, 2s. 6d. and 3s.

alpina, E. Alpine gum, small tree, 10 to 15ft., white, 2s.

and 2s. 6d. each.

calophylla rosea, E. Pink flowered gum, hardy and very beautiful, 20 to 25ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. each.

*ficifolia, E. Crimson flowered gum, 10ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. *leucoxylim rosea, E. (Pink Ironbark.) Very effective and quick growing, 2s. each.

EUGENIA—

Ugni, E. Cranberry, edible fruit, 5ft., 2s.

*myrtifolio, E. Brazil Cherry, coloured fruit, 10ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

EUONYMUS-

variegata, E. in variety, 8ft., 1s. 6d.

europeus, D. Burning shrub, buff flowers, 3ft., 2s 6d. Eutaxia diffusa, E. Very dainty, brown yellow flowers freely produced, 3ft., 2s. 6d.

EXOCHORDA-

grandiflora, D. Pearl Bush, early, white flower, 5ft., 2s.

Albertii, D. A rare veriety, large flowers, 6ft., 2s. 6d.

Fraxinas excelsior aurea, D. Golden barked ash; very handsome tree, 2s. 6d. to 5s. each.

Fabiana imbricata, E. Heath-like shrub, white flowers 3ft., 2s.

FAGUS-

cliffortioides, E. (Native Mountain Beech), very hardy, easy of cultivation, pretty foliage, 2s.

Cunninghamii, E. Tasmanian Beech, Quick-growing, hardy, very dainty foliage, 12ft., 2s. 6d.

fusca, E. Tawhai-rae-nui. Red-leaved beech, fine, 30ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Menziesii, E. Tawhai. White beech, very hardy, 30ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

solandri, E. Tawhai-rauriki. Black beech, 30ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

sylvatica, D. English beech, very hardy, 30ft., 2s.

pupurea, D. Copper beech, very hardy, 30ft., 3s. 6d. to 7s. 6d.

purpurea Riversii, D. Copper beech, new, 30ft., 5s.

*Felicia Augustifola, E. Purple, daisy-like flowers, 3ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Forsythia viridissima, D. Early yellow flowers, 5ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s. Fourcroya gigantea, E. White, bell-shaped flowers, 12ft., 2s.

Fraxinus excelsa, D. English ash, 40ft., 2s. to 2s. 6d.

*Ficus australis, E. Very dark foliage, 5ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. *Fuchsia, D. In variety, 3ft., 2s. and 2s 6d.

*Gardenia, E. In variety. See Greenhouse Plants. 3ft., 2s. 6d.

Garrya elliptica, E. Fine hardy shrub, pend. fl., 6ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s.

Gaultheria oppositifolia, E. White heath-like flowers, 2ft., 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.

Gaya lyallii, D. Native, beautiful white flowers, 10ft., 2/6 GENISTA-

alba, E. White broom, free flowering, 6ft., 1s. 6d. and

andreana, E. Brown and gold broom, 6ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s. fragrans, E. Spanish broom, large yellow flowers, 6ft.,

gracilis, E. Small yellow flowers, produced in great profusion; very hardy and easy of cultivation, 4ft., 2s.

Goodia latifolia, E. 4 to 6ft. An ornamental, yellow flowering shrub, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Gleditschia Tricanthus, E. A large and useful tree. This tree produces quantities of large beans, which are very useful for fodder. Very hardy; 20ft., 2s. each, 15s. dozen.

*Goldfussia anisophylla, E. Lilac flower, bronze foliage. 3ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Grasses, Fancy. Six varieties, 1s. 6d. and 2s. GREVILLEA-

*robusta, E. Australian silky oak, 20ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. *Dallachiana, E. One of our best flowering shrubs, 4ft., 2s. 6d.

*Dallachiana alba, E. White form of above, 4ft., 2s. 6d.

GRISELINIA--

littoralis, E. Broadleaf, fine foliage, 8ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s. littoralis variegata, E. Variegated form of above, 8ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

lucida. E. (Puka.) Fine bold green shiny leaves. Very hardy. Plants usually unobtainable; 6ft., 3s. to 4s.

Guelder Rose. See Viburnum.

GYNERIUM-

argenteum, E. Pampas Grass, 6ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s.

aureum variegata, E. A dainty variety, 4ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. roseum, E. Rose-coloured plumes, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Halesia tetraptera, D. (Snowdrop tree.) A splendid tree for a cold climate. The tree produces a mass of beautiful snow-drop-like flowers, 8ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s.

*Heliotrope, E. Cherry Pie. In variety, 3ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s.

HIBISCIS—

*sinensis, E. Fine scarlet flowers, tender 4ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s.

syriacus, D. Very hardy, single, purple, 4ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

*diversifolia, E. N.Z. Native. Beautiful large cream flowers with dark centre. Rare, Frost tender.

HOHERIA-

populnea, E. One of our best native white flowers, 10ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

microphylla, E. Lace bark. Quick growing, 15ft., 2s. Honeysuckle, E. In variety, 6ft., 2s.

Hydrangea, E. See special list. Hymenauthera Chathamica, E. Fine for sea coast, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

HYPERICUM—

Moserianum Variegatum, E. Effective, 2ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

kalmianum, E. A small shrub, producing freely quantities of dainty yellow flowers, 3ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

HEX-

aquifolium, E. English Holly, 10ft., 1s. 6d.

golden and silver, E. Beautiful foliage, 10ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

INDOGOFERA---

Dosua, D. Rose coloured flowers, 3ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. decora, D. Indigo. Free-flowering, 3ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

*Jacaranda mimosæfolia, D. Purple-blue flowers, tender, 8ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

KALMIA-

angustifolia, D. Small pink flowers, very hardy, 2ft., 3s. latifolia, E. Calico bush. One of the most beautiful flowering shrubs in cultivation, 5ft., 3s. 6d. and 5s.

Kerria japonica, fl. pl. D. Double yellow flowers, 6ft., 2s. Knightia exselsa, E. N.Z. Honeysuckle, 30ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Kelreuteria paniculata, D. 10ft. A tree with ornamental leaves and yellow flowers, 2s. 6d.

Lambertia formosa, E. (Sydney Honey bush.) Purplish flowers, 5ft., 2s. 6d.

*Lantana. In variety. Highly coloured flowers, 5ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

LABURNUM--

pink, D. A hardy quick growing shrub, 10ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

vulgaris, D. Golden Chain, the well-known Laburnum tree, 10ft., 2s.

Lagenaria Patersonii, E. Quick grower, pink tubular flowers, 18ft., 2s. 6d.

LASIANDRA-

*macrantha, E. Violet purple, tender, 8ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. *macrantha grandiflora, E. Most beautiful flowering shrub, blooms often 5 to 6 in. across, deep purple, 4 to 6ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

*rosea, E. Large pink flowers. A good shrub, but tender, 4ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s.

LEPTOSPERMIM—

scoparium, E. The well-known Manuka, 6ft., 1s. 6d.

scoparium roseum, E. Manuka, new pink flowering, 5ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Nichollsii, E. Manuka, crimson flowered, 6ft., 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.

Champanii. Now superseded by Nichollsii.

lanigerum, variety grandiflorum. The giant white Manuka of Australia. Beautiful flowers. Will grow in any position, 6ft., 2s.

australis, E. A very fine large flowered Australian Manuka, 2s.

*Luculia gratissima, E. A shrub of great merit, having bunches of soft pink, scented flowers, produced in mid-winter. Must be planted in sheltered position. 4ft., 3s. 6d. and 5s.

*Leucodendron argenteum, E. The Cape Silver tree, 15ft., 2s. 6d.

Leonotus leonorus, E. Orange scarlet flowers, 6ft., 2s. Liriodendron tulipifera, D. Tulip tree. One of the finest deciduous trees grown, having handsome foliage. and large flowers of a yellowish red colour, 75ft.,

2s. 6d. to 5s.

LIBOCEDRUS—

Bidwillii. Pahautea, 20ft. N.Z. Cypress. A splendid growing tree, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Doniana, E. Kawaka, 30ft. A beautiful and rare form of the N.Z. Cypress, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

LIGHSTRHM—

Lignstrum, E. Variegated varieties, 4ft., 2s. (Golden City), E. The golden-leaved Privet, makes splendid garden hedge, 5ft., Is. 6d.

LIGUSTRUM—Continued.

ibota, E. This is one of the best of the Privets, and the flowers are suitable for floral work. Makes fine border shrub, 6ft., 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

ovalifelium elegantissimum, E. A very handsome shrub with leaves of green and yellow variegation. Makes handsome specimens for lawns or shrubberies. 3 to

5ft., 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

Liquidamber styraciflua, D. One of the most beautiful trees in cultivation, foliage in Autumn has the most brilliant colours, especially in cold climates, 30ft. to 50ft., 2s. 6d. to 5s.

Lilac in variety, see Syringa.

Litsea calicaris, E. (Mangeao.) A fine tree with pale green leaves; makes a fine specimen for landscape work. 1s. 6d. and 2s. each.

Lognat. See Fruit Trees.

MAGNOLIA-

Lennii, D. Resembles Soulangeana, beautiful incurved flowers, 8ft., 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.

Kobus. White flowers, reverse of petals shaded with light pink, 2s. 6d to 3s. 6d.

longifolia, E. A very handsome variety, with large white, fragrant flowers, 12ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s.

grandiflora, E. This magnificent broad-leaved evergreen produces immense fragrant bowl-like flowers. 25ft., 2s. 6d.

fuscata, E. (Port-wine Magnolia.) A beautiful perfumed variety, making a fine shrub, 8ft., 2s. 6d. to 3s.

Campbelli, D. Flowers large, rose and crimson, very rare and beautiful, 3s. 6d. to 7s. 6d.

purpurea, D. Flowers deep purple; bushy habit; a fine large shrub, 8ft., 2s. 6d.

soulangeana, D. (Sometimes called Conspicua in error.) The common purple and white variety, very hardy, 20ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

stellata, D. White fragrant flowers, one of the best,

hardy and easily grown, 6ft., 3s. 6d. to 5s.

MALUS-

atropurpurea, D. (Flowering Apple.) Dark purple flowers, freely produced, very effective, 6ft., 3s.

Parkmanii, D. One of the most beautiful of the flowering apples.

other varieties, D. (Flowering Apple.) Pink and white shades, early, free flowering. Very effective. 6ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s.

Melia Azederach, D. (Queensland Maple.) Highly valued for its ornamental foliage, 40ft., 2s. 6d.

- Melicytus ramiflorus, E. Mahoe. 12ft. Quick growing native tree, 2s.
- *Melicope ternata, E. 8ft., beautiful native shrub, fine for shrub border, 2s.

METROSIDEROS—

- *tomentosa, E. Pohutukawa. The N.Z. Christmas tree. Brilliant crimson flowers. Does well near the coast. 18ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.; 18s. to 24s. dozen.
 - robusta, E. Rata. 70ft. A well-known, hardy forest tree, bearing great heads of bright red flowers, 2s. and 2s. 6d.
- *villosa (Kermadec Pohutukawa). This rare plant produces crimson flowers all the year round. Will grow where exposed to the worst salt-spray, 10ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- *Meryta Sinclairii, E. (Pukanui.) 15ft. Huge thick leaves 10in. to 20in. wide, very bright glossy green, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. each.
- *Medicago arborea E. 6ft. The curled and spiny fruits of this plant are most striking and peculiar. Quick

MELALEUCA-

- *styphelioides, E. The Paper-bark Tree Myrtle of Queensland, 20ft., 2s. 6d. each.
 - ericifolia, E. Common "Swamp Tea-tree" of Australia, 10ft., 2s. 6d. each.
 - lateritia, E. 6ft. "Robin Redbreast Tea-tree Bush" of Western Australia, 2s. 6d. each.
 - Miscanthus nepalensis, E. Himalayan fairy grass, 1s 6d. and 2s. each.
- Mountain Ash, see Pyrus Aucuparia, 2s. and 2s. 6d. each.
 MYRTUS—
- communis, E. (Common Myrtle.) Small, green foliaged, sweet-scented, white flowering shrub, 4ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.
 - communis variegata, E. A variegated form of the Common Myrtle, 4ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.
 - Bullata, Ramarama, E. The Native Myrtle of N.Z.; lovely foliage of reddish-brown, and creamy white flowers, 2s. and 2s. 6d.
 - Ralphii, E. A smaller growing variety of the above, with bronze leaves, 2s. and 2s. 6d.
 - obcordata, E. (Rohutu.) 10ft. A small variety of Ramarama, with obcordate leaves and dark red berries, 2s. and 2s. 6d.
 - pendunculata, E. The smallest leaved variety of our Native Myrtles, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

MYRSINE-

salicinia, E. (Toro.) Very pretty foliage, hardy, 12ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Urvillei (Mapau.) 15ft., reddish branches and leaves, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Myoporum laetum, E. (Ngaio.) Quick growing, native shrub, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

*Musa enseme, E. Banana. Very quick growing, large foliage palm-like tree, 12ft., 2s. 6d.

Menziesa polifolia (see Dabœcia) and special Erica list.

Nandina domestica, E. Very handsome foliage shrub, crimson and yellow, 6ft., 2s. to 3s. 6d.

NERHIM-

Album, E. Oleander. White, single, 8ft., 2s. 6d. Splendens, E. The crimson Oleander, 8ft., 2s. roseum, E. Fine rose-coloured blossoms, 8ft., 2s. variegata, E. Green and yellow, 8ft., 2s. 6d. each.

Olearia. See Native Catalogue for list.

Olea cunninghamii, E. Maire. In variety. fine foliage, 20ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Osmanthus illicifolius, E. A fine evergreen shrub, resembles a holly, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Paulownia imperialis, D. A very noble tree of rapid growth, flowers light purple, foliage large and handsome. One of the best shade trees for the edge of a lawn, 20ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s.

Panax arboreum, E. (Whau-whau-paku, 15ft., Five-finger.)
A splendid bold tree for specimen planting, 2s. to
3s. 6d.

Pimelea flava, E. The yellow Rice Flower of Australia, 3 to 4ft., 2s 6d.

Pennantia corymbosa (Kaikomako), 10ft. A rare native shrub, with interlaced branches, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

Pennisetum rupellianum, E. A reddish-brown ornamental grass, 1s. 6d.

Personnia toru (Toru), 20ft. A fine small growing tree, with good foliage, N.Z., 1s. 6d. each.

*Phænix canariensis, E. The thread-like out-door Palm, 15ft., 2s. 6d. to 5s.

Phœtinia serrulata, E. Shining leaves, white flowers, free growing ornamental shrub, 15ft., 2s. 6d.

Phormium tenax, E. N.Z. Flax. See Native Catalogue.

Philadelphus, D. Hardy flowering shrub, white and pink flowers, single and double, in four varieties, 6ft., 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

PHYLLOCLADUS—

trichomanoides, E. (Tanekaha.) N.Z. celery topped pine, 30ft., 2s. 6d.

glaucus, E. (Toatoa.) Fine large foliage, rare native, 15ft., 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.

Alpinus, E. Mountain toatoa. Alpine form, 12ft., 2s. 6d.

PITTOSPORUMengenoides. E. (Tarata.) Lemon-green foliage, 15ft.,

1s. 6d. and 2s. eugenoides variegata, E. Highly recommended, 8ft.,

2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. tennifolium, E. Splendid for exposed position, 15ft.,

1s. 6d. and 2s. Buchanani, E. A variety with large foliage, 15ft.,

1s. 6d. and 2s. crassifolium, E. (Karo.) Very suitable for break-

winds, 10ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s. Kalphii, E. A large leaved variety, hardy and quick

growing, scented, brown flowers, 10ft., 1s. 6d. tenuifolium variegata, E. A variegated form of our native matipo, 8ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. each.

Kirkii, E. A rare New Zealand epiphyte, found growing ing at high altitudes. Large seed pods, very hardy,

3ft., 3s. each. umbellatam, E. (Haratoanga), 15ft. A rare variety, pink flowers, fine foliage, small round green berries, brick red when open, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

obcordatum, E. A very curious shrub, quite distinct from other varieties, interlaced branches, 6ft., very rare, 3s. 6d.

crassifolium album, E. A white flowered and leaved form of the N.Z. Karo. Only three known matured plants in the world. 10ft., 3s. 6d. to 5s. each.

tobira, E. Japan ornamental evergreen, cream flowers, highly perfumed, 10 to 15ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. each.

PLUMBAGO-

*capensis, E. Autumn flowering, blue flowers, 5ft., 2s.

*capensis alba, E. White flowering, ornamental shrub, 5ft., 2s.

Plagianthus betulinus. A very variable tree, with much interlaced brranches and greenish white flowers, 12ft., 2s.

Pomegranate. See Punica.

*Poinsettia pulcherrima (syn. Euphorbia). One of the finest shrubs you can add to your collection. Flowers greenish-yellow, subtended by large vermillion bracts, very tender, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

*Poinciana regia. (Royal Peacock Flower.) Bright scarlet, with red and yellow, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

PODOCARPUS-

totara, E. Totara. Very hardy. The well-known totara tree 2s.

Hallii, E. The alpine totara, 30ft., 2s.

prostrata, E. Dwarf pendulous shrub, only attaining an height of 1ft., very dainty, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

acutifolius, E. Fine foliage, weeping habit, 8ft., 2s.

nivalis, E. (Alpine Totara.) Compact bush, 2ft., 2s. 6d. ferrugineus, E. (Miro.) A tree much resembling the English Yew, slow growth, 30ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

spicatus, E. (Matai.) 40ft., hardy tree of slow growth, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

dacrydioides, E. (Kahikatea—The White Pine.) Moist position, 50ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Podalyria grandiflora, E. Splendid free flowering shrub, silvery foliage, large pink flowers, quick growing, 5ft., 2s.

POMADERRIS—

*elliptica, E. (Kumarahou.) The rare dwarf yellow Tainui, 5ft., 2s. 6d.

Edgerleyi. A rare variety, with small, yellowish flowers, 6 to 8ft., 2s.

apetala, E. (Tainui.) Rapid growing, greenish-white flowers, 15ft., 2s.

nivea, E. (Snow Mint Bush.) Large pure white flowers and long thin leaves. Rare and beautiful, 4ft., 2s. 6d.

rotundifolia, E. (Australian Mint Tree.) Purple flowering, 5ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

*sieberi, E. An improvement on the old variety, free flowering, bushy habit and hardy, 3ft., 2s. 6d.

Prosopis juliflora, D. A new and rare acacia-like thorny plant, said to be very beautiful, 10ft., 2s. 6d.

POLYGALA-

oppositifolia, E. Purple, very free bloomer, 8ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

grandis, E. Beautiful purple winter flowering shrub, hardy, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

*Pisonia Brunoniana, E. (Parapara.) Bird catching plant.

A rare shrub from the Kermadec Islands. Large glossy leaves, 6ft., 3s.

PROSTANTHERA—

violacea, E. Violet flowered mint bush, 8ft., 2s. 6d. lasianthos, E. The Australian Lilac. Pinkish-white and purple spots, very fine, 8ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Protea mellifera, E. (Cape Honey Flower or Sugar Bush.)
White flowers, tinted pink, 6ft., 2s. 6d.

Errata: nivea, rotundifolia, and *sieberi appearing under heading Pomaderris should appear under heading PROSTANTHERA.

PRUNUS-

- sinensis alba plena, D. Double white flowering plum, 6ft., 2s. 6d.
- siensis rosea plena, D. Double red flowering plum, 6ft., 2s. 6d.
- triloba flore pleno, D. Large double pink flowers, 4ft., 2s. 6d.
- pissardi, D. Purple-leaved plum, resembling Copper Beech, 15ft., 2s. 6d.
- pissardi Moserii, fl. pl., D. Bronze foliage, striking double rose flowers, 8ft., 2s. 6d.
- vesuvius, D. Beautiful bronze foliage. One of the best 8ft., 2s. 6d.
- mume, E. Double pink; comes into flower just after mid-winter, perfectly hardy, and a great acquisition, 6ft., 2s. 6d.

PSEUDOPANAX-

- Lessonii (Haupara). A rare large growing shrub, very suitable for coastal planting; fine foliage, 10ft., 3s.
- ferox (Tooth Lancewood). Extremely rare. One of the most curious trees in our N.Z. flora; 10ft., 3s. and 3s. 6d.
- discolour, E. (Bronze Panax). A very beautiful dwarf shrub, with bronze leaves; very rare; 5ft., 3s. and 3s. 6d.
- crassifolium, E. Horoeka (Lancewood). Sword-like leaves, 20ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.
- *Pultenea daphnoides, E. Very fine yellow flowers. 2ft. to 6ft., 2s. 6d.

PUNICA-

- granatum, E. (Pomegranate.) 3ft. to 5ft., 2s. 6d.
- florepleno, E. Beautiful orange-red flowers, 4ft., 2s. 6d.

PYRIIS—

- aucuparia, D. (Mountain Ash.) Bright scarlet berries and beautiful coloured leaves in the Autumn. 15 to 20ft., 2s. 6d.
- Japonica, D. Commonly known as Japonica. Red, Winter flowering, 6ft., 2s.
- grandiflora rosea, D. Very handsome rose-coloured Japonica, large flowers, 2s.
- extus, coccinea, D. White and red, very handsome, 2s. mallardii, D. Rose, bordered with white. 2s.
- umbillicata, D. Rosy red, tall growing, handsome, 2s.

QUERCUS—

rubra, D. (Red Oak.) A rapid growing variety, the leaves turn a purplish scarlet hue in the fall, 50ft., 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d

QUERCUS-Continued.

coccinea, D. (Scarlet Oak.) This is the variety that so enriches the landscape in the Autumn, when its leaves turn to a brilliant scarlet, 40ft. to 60ft., 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.

Ilex, D. The evergreen oak, 30ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. robur, D. The English oak, 50ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Raphiolepis ovata, E. Dark shining leaves and larger trusses of white flowers, beautifully scented, 5ft., 2s. 6d.

RHODODENDRONS-

Rhododendrons, E. Finest named hybrids. See Special List. 3s. to 7s. 6d.

Rhododendrons. Collection in 50 named varieties, including choice Himalayan kinds. The collection of 50 named varieties for £7 10s.

Rhodotypus kerrioides, E. White flowers, 4ft. 2s.

RHUS-

cotinus, D. (Smoke Tree.) Leaves turn crimson in Autumn, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

coriaria, D. Beautiful large foliage, finely cut, splendid for cutting, 8ft., 2s. 6d.

vernicifera, D. Black lacquer tree, beautiful Autumn foliage, 10ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

succedanea, D. (Chinese Wax Tree.) This beautiful foliage tree should be in every garden. The leaves turn a beautiful red and pink in the Autumn and hold on the tree until July. We consider this the best Autumn foliage tree we have; suitable for cutting. 8ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

viminalis, E. Fine foliage, makes a fine bush, 8ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

*Russelia juncea. Its slender stems attain a height of several feet. The branchlets, of which the points are covered with red flowers, 3ft., 2s. 6d.

RHOPALOSTYLIS—

(Areca) Sapida, E. (Nikau Palm.) 15ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

*(Areca) Baueri, E. Reguires a warm position, 10ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

*Rhabdothamnus Solandri. The native Abutilon. A beautiful little shrub, with orange and red flowers, 4ft., 2s. 6d. to 3s.

Ribes sanguineum, D. Flowering current, pretty pink flowers, 6ft., 2s.

Romneya coulteri, D. Californian Tree Poppy.) White, 6ft., 2s. 6d.

- *Rondeletia splendens, 4ft., deep red, flowers freely produced. 2s.
- Rosmarinus officinalis, E. (Rosemary.) 4ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s. Russeilia alba, E. White sweet-scented flowers, freely produced, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.
- *Sapora costata, E. (Pau.) Very rare. The natives used the seed for necklaces. 10ft., 2s. 6d.

SCHINUS-

- Molle, E. (Pepper Tree.) Coral pink berries, 10ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.
- terchinthifolius, E. A rare form of the well-known Pepper Tree. Quick growing and early flowering, 15ft., 2s. 6d.

SENECIO--

- laxifolius, E. A dwarf variety, with the underneath surface of the leaves clothed with dense, white, cottony tomentum, 3ft., plants 1s. 6d. and 2s. each.
 - rotandifolius, E. Leaves are often used for postcards, 15ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.
 - Senecio, E. In 12 varieties, see Native Catalogue.

SOLANUM-

- longfolia, E. Long foliage, pale blue flowers, 6ft., 2s. rantonetti, E. A quick-growing shrub, with deep blue flowers freely produced, 8ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.
 - capsicastrum, E. A very handsome ornamental plant, with red berries, 2ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s.
- *Silver Tree, see Leucodendron.

SOPHORA—

- tetraptera, E. (Kowhai.) Masses of yellow flowers, 20ft., 2s.; 18s. to 20s. doz.
- tetraptera grandiflora, E. Large clusters of golden yellow flowers, 2ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

SPIRAEA-

- Anthony Waterer, D. Handsome dark coloured spiraea, 2ft 2s
- grandiflora, D. (Pearlbush.) Large bunches white flowers early in spring, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

 Wilsonii. E. A new variety from China, not flowered
- Wilsonii, E. A new variety from China, not flowered with us yet, said to be very fine, 4ft., 2s. 6d.
- Spiraea, D. In 6 hardy varieties, 4ft., 2s. 6d.
- *Sterculea acerifolia, E. (Flame Tree.) Masses of scarlet bell-shaped flowers, warm position, 50ft., 2s.
 - plantanifolia, D. (Chinese Parasol Tree.) 2s. and 2s. 6d. each.
- *diversifolia, E. (Black Kurrajong.), Handsome foliage and hardy tree. 20ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

STYRAX—

japonica, D. White flowers, early Spring, 8ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

obassia, D. Beautiful white flowers, very hardy and rare, 10ft., 3s. 6d.

Stephanandra flexuosa, D. Small pale pink flowers, beautiful Autumn foliage, 5ft., 2s.

*Syncarpia laurifolia, E. (Turpentine Tree.) Fast, tall growing, tender, easily cut by frost, 4ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

SWAINSONIA-

alba, E. Pure white, pea shaped flowers, 3ft., 2s.

rosea, E. Free blooming, rose pink, 4ft., 2s.

atrocisa, E. A shade of pink, free flowering, 3ft., 2s.

galegaefolia, E. Deep reddish-purple, pea-shaped flowers, very effective, 3ft., 2s.

Sutherlandia frutescens, E. (Duck Plant.) A small shrub producing masses of small Clianthus-like red flowers, followed by large bladder-like pods, which are very attractive, 3ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

SYRINGA—

Wilsonii, D. A new Lilac from China, said to be very beautiful, 4ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

persica, D. The Persian Lilac. Early blooming variety, 8ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

vulgaris, D. The old English garden Lilac, 8ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Charles X., D. Single dark red, 4ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d Madam Abel Chatenay, D. Double, milk-white, 4ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Marie Legrave, D. Single, pure white, 4ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Madam Lemoine, D. Single, pure white, 4ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Mathieu de Dombasle, D. Double carmine, violet, 4ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

pyramidalis, D. Double, pale blue, 4ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Sycamore, D. See Acer. 30ft., 2s. 6d. to 5s.

SYMPHORICARPUS-

racemosus, D. (The Snowberry Tree.) White berries, 4ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

vulgaris, D. Red berries, thickly culstered around the stems, 4ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

variegate, D. Nicely variegated foliage, 4ft., 2s.

TAMARIX-

elegans plumosa, D. (Tamarisk.) Flowering Cypress. Beautiful downy foliage, much superior to the old variety, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

tetandra purpurea, D. Purple foliaged form of above, 6ft., 2s. 6d.

gallica, D. The common pink flowering Cypress, very hardy, 8ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

hispida estivalis, D. More vigorous and not so compact as the type. In January, the branches are covered on half their length with numerous inflorescences of large flowers of a bright carmine pink. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

*Tree Fern, large (Cyathea medullaris), (Mamaku). King of the tree ferns; huge fronds from 6ft. to 18ft. in length; very beautiful, 5s. to 10s 6d. each.

Tilia Europea, D. The English Lime Tree. 50ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. each.

TELOPEA-

*speciosissima, E. (Waratah.) This is the well-known and beautiful crimson flower of N.S.W. 3s. 6d. to 5s.

truncata, E. The beautiful red flowered "Waratah" of Tasmania; very hardy, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

Thea bohea, E. (Tea of Commerce) Hardy tree in Taranaki, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Ulmus campestris, D. (Elm.) The well-known English tree, 30ft., 2s. to 5s.

Veronica hulkeana, E. (N.Z. dwarf Lilac). One of the most beautiful Koromikos; produces large spikes of pale heliotrope flowers, sprays are from 1½ to 2ft. long. Plant in a warm, dry position. 4ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Veronica, E. In 150 varieties. See Special List.

VIBURNUM-

carlesii, D. Extremely rare, beautiful scented pink flowers, 3ft., 3s. 6d. to 5s. each.

lantana versicolour, D. This is one of our most beautiful Autumn foliage plants. It is quite hardy and should be in every collection of shrubs, 4ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

odoratissimum, E. White flowers, red berries, 5ft., 2s. 6d.

Opulus, D. The Gueldre Rose or Snowball Tree. 8ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

VIBURNUM—Continued.

sieboldi, E. White flowers, red berries, very ornamental, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

tomentosum, E. Large heads of white flowers, 6ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

*Vitex liftoralis, E. (Puriri.) Berries and flowers large and red, 40ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

WEINMANNIA-

racemosa. (Towhai.) A very hardy Native tree, with spikes of white flowers, something like a Veronica. 2s. and 2s. 6d. each.

Sylvicola, E. (Tawhero.) Beautiful white flowering shrub, 8ft., 2s. 6d.

Westringia rosmariniformis, E. Hardy shrub, with small white flowers, attractive, 8ft., 2s.

WEIGELIA-

rosea. D. Rose flowers, known as the Apple-Blossom, 8ft., 2s.

rosea variegata, D. Yellow and green foliage, and immense branches of pink flowers, 6ft., 2s.

candida, D. Very free bloomer, fine large white flowers, 4ft., 2s.

Eva Rathke, D. Flowers abundantly of a crimson red colour, 2s.

YUCCA--

gloriosa, E. Large spikes, white flowers; it is an ornamental plant, suitable as specimens on lawns or rockeries, 6ft. to 8ft., 2s. 6d.

*variegata, E. A variegated form of the above, 8ft., 2s. 6d. filimentosa variegata, E. A fine plant for a very dry warm position; makes a good pot plant, 3ft., 2s. and

We would recommend our customers to have their orders, whenever possible, forwarded by parcel post. This is the quickest, most reliable, and usually the cheapest means of despatch.

All our trees are grown in high and exposed country, and are absolutely hardy. Heights given are approximate. All trees wrenched, balled and potted where necessary.

If you do not require anything in this Catalogue yourself, please hand it to your neighbour, or to someone who may be interested in it.

Conifers, or Cone-bearing Trees and Shrubs.

(Exclusive of Native Varieties.)

Conifers or Cone-bearing is a name given to a natural order of plants consisting of trees and shrubs represented in all parts of the world. The timber is known by the name of Deal, Fir, Pine, Cedar, etc., and is highly esteemed.

Conifers are considered the grandest of ornamental trees, and in the Dominion the majority of them do remarkably well.

They thrive in any common soil no matter how poor.

Amongst Conifers are to be found trees suitable for all purposes, either for the park, pleasure ground, or the cottage garden. Where sufficient space is available, the Pines, Spruce, Araucarias and some of the Cypresses should enter lagely into the planting scheme.

In more limited grounds the Junipers, Biotas, Retinosperas, Thujas, etc., are specially valuable.

The prices given are for ordinary sized trees. We have larger specimen trees of some varieties at higher prices. A liberal reduction is made when quantities are taken.

ABIES (Spruce Fir) Syn. Picea.—

alba. (White Spruce.) 25 to 50ft., very hardy, 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d., each.

Douglasii. (Pseudotsuga Douglasii.) This is the wellknown Oregon Pine of America; 100 to 180ft., 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d. each.

Menziesii. (Menzies Spruce.) Very hardy; one of the finest of the Silver firs, 50 to 70ft., 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

(Norway or common Spruce.) 75 to 100ft., 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d. each.

pinsapo. (Spanish Silver Fir.) A superb conical fir of compact habit 40ft., 3s. 6d. to 5s. each.

Nordmanniana. (Crimean Spruce.) A well-known ornamental species of quick growth, useful for general planting and specimens, 30ft., 3s. 6d. to 5s.

ARAUCARIA—

imbricata. (Chili Pine.) Better known as "The Monkey Puzzle," 40ft., 3s. 6d. and 5s.

excelsa. (Norfolk Island Pine.) 100 to 150ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. each.

Braziliensis. 70 to 100ft. An exquisite tree, specially adapted to warm climates, 2s. 6d. to 5s. each.

CEDRUS—

atlantica. (Atlantic Cedar.) An erect tree; handsome appearance; foliage silvery and very ornamental, 80ft., 2s. 6d. to 5s.

deodara. (Indian Cedar.) The silvery foliage and graceful appearance of this tree makes it very valuable for planting. It is quite hardy, and stands heat, cold or drought with impunity; 150ft., 2s. 6d. to 5s.

libani. (Cedar of Lebanon.) 100 to 150ft., 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. each.

Cephalotaxus Fortunei. A beautiful glossy evergreen. Especially luxuriant in shade of other trees, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Callitris Muelleri. "Mueller's Cypress Pine" of N. S. W.; 20 to 30ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

CRYPTOMERIÁ-

elegans. (The Japan Cedar.) The foliage is bright green in summer, turning reddish-brown in winter, 40 to 50ft., 2s. 6d.

elegaus plumosa. Beautiful soft downy foliage, turns brown in winter, 12ft., 2s.

japonica. (Japan.) One of the finest evergreen conifers of Japan, 40 to 50ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

CUPRESSUS—

Lawsoniana argentea. Silvery green foliage, 2s. 6d.

Lawsoniana argentea compacta, a very dwarf growing variety of argentea, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Lawsoniana erecta viridis, extremely ornamental; a bright silvery green, pyramidal variety of dense habit. 2s. 6d.

Lawsoniana lutea. Fine golden yellow foliage, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Lawsoniana variegata, yellow and white foliage, 2s. 6d. Lawsoniana alba spica. (The White Speckled Lawson's Cypress.) 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Lawsoniana naua compacta. Small compact growing garden variety, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Lawsoniana compacta cœrulea. Another fine compact growing tree, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Iusitanica chamaecyparissoides. A very distinct Cypress, open and straggling in its habit, foliage variegated, 2s. 6d.

Lambertiana aurea. Beautiful golden foliage, 2s 6d. and 3s. 6d.

supervirens horizontalis. A very hardy strain of the Italian Roman Cypress, 1s, 6d, and 2s, 6d.

sempervirens stricta. (Upright Cypress.) Much used for cemetery planting, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

CUPRESSUS--continued.

torulosa. An elegant and compact growing tree, 60 to 70ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Dacrydium Frankfinii. (The Huon Pine.) Tasmania. Very beautiful, 60 to 100ft., 2s. 6d.

JUNIPERUS-

communis. (Wild Juniper.) The common Juniper tree, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

prostrata. A prostrate growing form of juniper; very suitable for covering clay banks, etc.,1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

chinensis variegata. The variegated Juniper, makes a fine specimen tree, 2s. 6d.

Larix europea, D. (Common Larch.) Extremely hardy tree, 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

PINUS-

canariensis. (Canary Island Pine.) Blue-green foliage, very handsome, 1s. and 2s.

densiflora, a Japanese species. Very compact growing tree, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

ponderosa. A large noble growing tree, noted for its heavy growth, 1s. and 2s.

longifelia. A beautiful new Pine from Japan, 30 to 40ft., 2s. 6d. each.

halapensis. (Aleppo Pine.) Very hardy; one of the most ornamental silvery foliaged Pines in cultivation, 30 to 40ft., 1s. and 2s. each.

RETINOSPERA ----

filifera. Weeping threadlike foliage, 8ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. ericoides. Brown-red foliage; known as the Heath-like Retinospera, 8ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

leptoclada. The slender branched Retinospera, with blue-green foliage, a beautiful tree, 8ft., 2s. to 3s. 6d.

obtusa nana picta. Green, with white spots, 3ft., 2s. and 3s.

obtusa nana aurea, beautiful golden Retinospera, 2s. 6d. to 5s.

plumosa. Brown-green, very hardy, 8ft., 2s. to 3s.

plumosa aurea. Lovely golden foliage. Very effective.
6ft., 2s. to 3s. 6d.

squarrosa. Blue-green downy foliage, 10 to 12 ft., 2s. to 3s. 6d.

plumosa alba picta. Make fine trees for specimens on lawns, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. each.

All the above Retinosperas are beautiful Conifers, admirably adapted for small gardens. The foliage of the different varieties is most distinct. Will stand severe frosts and wind.

- Salisburia adiantifolia. The maiden-hair tree, 30ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.
- Sciadopitys verticillata. (The Umbrella or Parasol Pine of Japan.) 50 to 100ft., 3s. 6d. to 5s.

SEQUOIA-

sempervirens. (Californian Redwood.) A noble growing tree, 200 to 250ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

gigantea. See Wellingtonia gigantea.

TAXUS-

baccata. (The old English Yew.) 10 to 30ft., 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

baccata fastigiata. (The Irish Yew.) 20 to 25ft., 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

baccata fastigiata aurea. (The Golden Irish Yew.) 10 to 20ft., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Thuja Lobii. (Syn. gigantea and plicata.) Luis beautiful fast growing Arborvitae has become a general favourite for specimen shrubbery planting, 2s. to 2s. 6d.

THUJOPSIS-

borealis. Smaller in growth than dolobrata; makes a handsome specimen for shrubberies, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

dolobrata. A very distinct Conifer; admirably adapted for small gardens; 20ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

latevirens. Very small variety of Thujopsis. 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Wellingtonia gigantea, Syn. (Sequoia gigantea.) The popular Mammoth Tree of California; 250 to 300ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d. each.

Yew. See Taxus.

A good tree takes up no more room than a poor one. By all means plant the good.

Never plant a tree deeper than the usual earth-line on the stem.

Never allow grass and weeds to grow around the roots of newly planted trees.

Keep your ground constantly moved to secure successful growth.

If your idea of values is not quite the same as ours, when you receive the trees, consult us. A little explanation may clear doubts away.

We should like to know the result of every package we send out.

Azaleas

Exceedingly handsome Spring-flowering shrubs, suitable either for pot culture or for planting in the open ground; they are of easy culture, but to grow them successfully they require some little extra care and attention. They should be planted in a sheltered shady place, and in ground that has been well worked; if heavy the plant should have a little prepared earth, sand, or sandy peat mixed with the soil to give it a start. Avoid using all strong manures, as these do far more harm than good. Azaleas should be kept well watered during dry weather and frequently syringed overhead with clean water. This will keep in check "thrips," an insect this class of plants is most subject to. We now have over fifty varieties.

Prices: 2s. to 2s. 6d. each; 20s. to 24s. per dozen.

Azalea indica (Evergreen).

Alba, Pure white, very hardy and free flowering. Amoena. Rich crimson, semi-double, small flowered.

Bernhardt alba. Pure white, double dwarf.

Brilliant. Single red, free flowerer.

Charles de Buck. Bright amarinth, large single.

Charles Bach (Syn. Gloriosa). Bright red, good single. Pure white, lightly tinted with pink.

C. Sanders. Fine large blooms, purplish red, good dble.

Criterion. Salmon pink, white margined.

Charmer. Bright amarinth, good form. Dapline. Pure white double, one of the best.

Deutsche Perle, Good dble, white, early, blooms profusely,

Duc de Nassau. Rosy purple, semi-double.

Empress of India. Splendid double white, with rose and salmon intermingled.

Eulalie Variegata. Blush pink, foliage margined silver.

Exquisite. Pink bordered with white. Fielder's White. Pure white, one of the best.

Flag of Truce. Large double white, of good substance. Gloriosa. Bright red, good single.

Glory of Sunninghill (syn. with Gloriosa).

Helena Thelemann. Deep rose, superb double variety.

Joseph Vervaene. Double pink and white, dwarf grower. Jubilee. Double dark red, very fine.

Bright orange-scarlet.

Justice Van Weld. Scarlet single free flowerer.

Leopold I. Delicate rose spotted with red.

Madam Van Cryssen (syn. Mrs. Wright). Semi-double. Madam A. de Haene. Pink, bordered white, large showy. Mrs. Wright. Fine semi-double crimson, strong grower.

Model. Very dark rich crimson, fine.

Mortii. Single white dwarf, compact grower.

Phoebus. Bright orange-scarlet, double.

President. Rich deep rose.

Princess Charlotte. Double pink, very dainty, good grower.

Perle de Gembrugge. Double white dwarf. Reine des pays bas. Violet pink, margined white.

Roi de Holland. Bright red, very fine.

Stella. Lovely orange scarlet.

Sir Charles Napier. Bright red, free grower.

Splendeus. Beautiful rosy salmon, profuse bloomer, fine. Souveuir Prince Albert. Blush striped with pink, semi-dbl. Triumph de la Exposition. Single, very large purple, fine strong grower.

AZALEA MOLLIS.

This class of deciduous Azalea, sometimes called Ghent Azaleas, are highly recommended for beds and borders. The flowers, which appear before the foliage, are in trusses, and vary in colour from red and orange to different shades of yellow, and are greatly admired.

Prices from 3s. 6d. to 5s. each.

Anthony Koster Seedlings. These are strong 3 and 4-yearold plants, just ready to start flowering.

Salmon, Light Salmon, Bright Salmon, Orange, Yellow, Light Yellow, Small Yellow.

KALMTA.

Price 3s. 6d. to 5s. each.

Latifolio (Calico Bush). One of the most beautiful evergreen shrubs grown. Produced masses of beautiful coral pink shell-like flowers in very early Spring. Treatment similar to Rhododendron, in moist, cool position. Avoid lime or artificial manure.

BORONIAS.

Beautiful little shrubs with a delightful perfume. They succeed best when planted in a moist but well-drained position. We now have a huge stock of these.

Prices 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. each.

Megastigma. Strongly scented, chocolate-col. flowers. 3ft. Lutea. Strongly scented green and yellow flowers, 2½ft. Pinnata. Slightly scented, rose colour, most beautiful, 2ft. Elatior. No perfume, rosy carmine, very hardy, 4ft.

Camellias

Camellias are one of the best known Winter-flowering shrubs in cultivation. They grow freely in any fair garden soil, and require very little attention after planting. We offer a large collection of fifty varieties.

Prices 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. each; 24s. to 36s. dozen.

Angelo Cochii. White, striped with rose. Aspasia. White, with spots of pink. Bacchus. Deep red, free bloomer. Bonomiana. Large pure white, one of the best. Bronchia. Small white, but of very good form. Candidissima. Pure white, fine form. Countess of Derby. White, with crimson spots. Countess of Ellesmere. White, striped with pink. C. H. Hovey. Dark velvety crimson, distinct. Edward Billing. Double rose pink, very fine. Fanny Soucholu. Fine form double, almost white. Fimbriata Alba. Pure white, beautifully fringed petals. Great Eastern. Dark scarlet, fine form. Recommended. Guilfoyles Helena. Pink, striped. Heleanor. Carnation, striped, very fine. Henri Favre. Beautiful salmon rose. Isabella. Pure white, late flowering, good form. Joe Van. Red, compact growth. Lavinia Maggi. White, blotched crimson; splendid, large. Lady Bowen. White, pink stripes. Leda. Delicate blush, almost white. Lady Parker. Fine rose, cupped, perfect shape. La Graciola. A lighter form of Great Eastern, very fine. Mrs. H. B. Sheather. Rosy salmon, beautiful form. Mrs. A. M. Hovey. Delicate, rose-colour, marbled white. Mathoniana. Deep crimson, very large, one of the best. Mariana. Pink and white, hardy and a good doer. Madam Peppin. Rosy salmon, very fine. Nicetus. White, good form, very hardy. Optimus. Loose white, splashed rose, flower large. Red Pressii. (Syn. Wrightii.) Red Waratah. Red, very double, centre, very fine: Single Rose. Deep rose pink, very fine. Single White. Pure white, with yellow stamens. Single Red. Bright red, with yellow stamens. Triumphans. Red, very prolific bloomer. Thompsonianum. White, with crimson stripes. White Waratah. White, showing yellow centre. Wrightii. Rich crimson, beautifully cupped.

CERASUS SERRULATA.

(Japanese Double-Flowering Cherries.)

The Japanese Cherry is becoming a great favourite, and getting more popular every year. They are really remarkable for the exuberance and softness of their flowers, which are produced in the early part of Spring. There are several varieties of white and lovely shades of pink, both single and double.

Many of the trees we offer have been imported by us from Japan and are now ready for distribution. List on application.

Price 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. cach.

Ericas-The Heath

Ericas are simply indispensable in the flower garden -their neat, dwarf, bright green appearance and their beautiful flowers, produced in such abundance, and on some varieties throughout the entire year, entitle them to a place in the smallest garden. They are various in size some growing from 2 to 3 feet high, others ranging from that to 10 feet. The Ventricosas are all charming, quite covered in Spring with their beautiful wax-like pink flowers. The yellow Cavendishi flowers in winter and early Spring. Flowers of Heath-like Carnations-are always obtainable if a small collection is grown. They do best in maiden soil--not necessarily sandy peat-although peat is very suitable. They will grow equally well in heavy loams, but do not like old garden soil that has been fertilised with stable manure, lime, bonedust, etc.; avoid manures-excepting a little sulphate of ammonia occasionally-give them a little new soil, water occasionally in Summer, keep them away from larger growing shrubs, and they are sure to succeed.

Price 2s. to 3s. 6d each; 18s. to 30s. dozen.

Aborea. White, very hardy, good grower, 8ft.

Autumnalis. Deep rose, flowering late in Autumn; 3ft.

Allisoniana. A new variety raised in Wanganui small
flowers, slightly tinted heliotrope. 3ft.

Baccans. Rose pink, a strong grower, 5ft. Charlesleyana, Fine pale pink, long tube. 3ft.

Cruenta. Deep red, strong grower, 3ft.

Carendishii. Waxy golden yellow tubular flowers, 2ft. Cerinthoides coronata. Fine scarlet, produced in corymbs at end of branches: 1ft.

Eweriana superba. Red and green, very effective, 2ft. Hybrida. Fine spikes, making quite a blaze of scarlet, 3ft.

Henteyana. Delicate pink, base of tube changing white, 3ft. Intermedia. Pure white, long tubes, good grower, 3ft.

Jubilee. Fine deep rose, long tube, 3ft.

Linnæoides. Pink, a very strong grower, 3ft.

Mutabilis alba. Free flowering, splendid for cutting, 4ft. Mackinnii rosea. One of the darkest rose coloured heaths, and a very hardy good doer, 3ft.

Multiflora rosea. A free blooming variety with pale rose-

coloured flowers, 3ft.

Multiflora Daviesii. E. One of the best varieties grown. Wonderfully free flowering, flowers white, slightly tinted mauve-pink. Raised by ourselves and named by one of the leading authorities in the Dominion. This variety flowers the first season. 3ft.

Mammosa. Bright crimson, long tube, 3ft.

Menzesii polifolia alba. (Dabœcia.) Irish Heath. Pure white bell-shaped flowers, 2ft.

Menzesii polifolia bicolor. Flowers white and purple on the same plant, 2ft.

Menzesii polifolia purpurea. Purple bell-shaped blossoms, freely produced, 2ft.

Melanthera. Most profuse bloomer, flowers pale mauve, a great favourite, 4ft.

Pyramidalis gracelis. Pure white, small bells, Winter flowering, 6ft.

Roegerminans. Small flowers, pale lavender, Winterflowering, 3ft.

Rubens. Deep pink, very free bloomer, 2ft.

Tetralix alba. Small white bells, produced all the year round, very hardy, suitable for rockery, 2ft.

Tetralix rosea. A rock variety, very hardy and of easy growth, 1ft.

Ventricosa globosa. Beautiful pale pink bells, very dwarf, 2ft.

Ventricosa minor. Purple pink flowers, dwarf grower, 2ft. Ventricosa Bothwellianum. A rare variety producing highly coloured flowers, 2ft.

Ventricosa rosea. Beautiful pale-pink flowers, very dwarf. Yulgaris carnea. The true Scotch purple heather, 3ft.

Vulgaris carnea alba. The white Scotch heather, 2ft. Webbleyana, Beautiful saim rose, large tubular flowers,

very choice for florists' work, 3ft.
Wilmoreana. A strong growing variety with pink and

white flowers, 3ft.

Epacris purpurascens, E. Australian Heath. White flushed pink, very dainty, splendid for cutting, flowers July to Sentember 3ft. 2s. 6d.

to September, 3ft. 2s. 6d.

Epacris purpurascens, E. In separate colours of white, pink and red. 2s. 6d.

Alarm.

Rhododendrons

Of the many beautiful plants that are so well adapted to the soil and climate of Taranaki, Rhododendrons take the premier place. There are few flowering shrubs which surpass these in beauty, having good foliage all through the year, whilst this, together with large trusses of bloom of varied and gorgeous colourings, combine to make them particularly attractive. By a little careful selection blooms can be obtained from a small number of plants for several months, for, whilst the earliest flowering varieties-Nosegay and Sir Robert Peel-commence blooming early in Winter, others do not flower until about October.

Of these attractive flowers we are able this season to offer a particularly choice collection of some sixty varieties, including several sweet-scented Himalayan varieties.

Rhododendrons generally require a moist situation.

HYBRID RHODODENDRONS.

Prices from 3s. 6d. to 5s.

Very bright rose, white centre, early, free

flowering. Ambroseum. Pinkish white, very pretty, very early. Adele. Pale pink, brown blotches on upper petals. Alexander Adie. See Broughtonianum. Boule de Neige. Pure white, very pretty trusses. Broughtonianum. (Syn. Alexander Adie.) Carmine red, huge trusses, very fine, large flower. Black Prince. Very dark crimson, almost black. Brayanum. Vivid crimson, very showy. Clementina. Heliotrope pink, free flowering. Clio. White, with yellow centre. Delicatum. White, with a delicate tinge. Edina. White, shaded with lilac and slightly spotted. Elegans. Rose, very showy, one of the best. Everastium. Fine scarlet, very bright. Fatnosum, fl. pl. Lavender. double flowers, beautiful. Florence. Rosy lilac, dark blotch, good. Geranoides. Deep rose pink, small compact heads, good. Grand Arab. Brilliant crimson, one of the best. Gratuosum. Pale lilac, very fine. Illuminator. Red, good free flowering variety. James Whitworth. Rich dark lake, spotted. John Spencer. Crimson red, very fine. Lady Roberts. White, blotched yellow, slow growing, very free flowering.

Mrs. C. S. McDonald. Crimson, tinged with mauve.

Nero. Deep purplish crimson.

Nosegay. Deep rosy pink, very hardy, early bloomer.

Ponticum. Purple, very hardy.

President, Fine dark crimson, very free.

Prince Camille de Rohan. Bright rosy pink, shaded white. This is without doubt, one of the finest Pink Pearl. Rhododendrons in cultivation, bearing as it does. immense trusses of beautiful pink flowers. 7s. 6d. to 15s. each.

Rachael. White shaded pink, yellow spots.

Sir Robert Peel. Rich crimson, large trusses, hardy, blooms in June.

Sappho. White, blotched maroon, a good doer, beautiful flowers.

Triumphe de Grande. Very strong grower, producing large trusses of white flowers, with dark blotch; one of the best of the Hybrids.

The Queen. Blush, changing to white.
White Pearl. Beautiful variety with large panicles of pure white flowers; one of the best grown; splendid companion to Pink Pearl. Price 5s. to 7s. 6d. each.

CHOICE HIMALAYAN RHODODENDRONS.

The varieties in this section of the Rhododendron family are quite distinct, and are noted for their very great beauty. The trusses consist of fewer florets than those of the Hybrid class, but they are extraordinarily large and funnel-shaped, and have a delightful perfume. Some of the bell-shaped varieties are very rare, and are only seen in the most complete collections. This section really commends itself, the varieties giving a refined appearance to any garden. Mostly dwarf growers, flowering the first season.

Price 4s. 6d to 7s. 6d each; 48s. to 72s. dozen.

Arboreum rubrum. Beautiful blood red, trusses large, florets wax-like, short cup-shaped. One of the very best. 7s. 6d. each.

Aureum. Orange yellow, very delicate shade, unique, poor

grower, 3ft.

Countess of Haddington. Very large blush-white flower of a tubular shape; very striking in character; good grower, free bloomer, slightly scented, and one we strongly recommend; 3ft.

Countess of Sefton. Very dwarf, beautiful perfume, flowers white, tinted pink. Highly recommended. 2ft.

Exoniensis. Creamy shade, back of petals tinged with rose; 4ft.

Formosum Grandiflorum. Very fine flowers, pure white, slightly tinted with purple and yellow; free blooming, 3ft.

Fragrantissima. Pure white flowers, very highly perfumed, and strikingly beautiful. This should be in every collection; 4ft.

Gibsonii. Good habit, flowers white, corolla slightly

tinged purple and yellow; 5ft.

Jenkinsii. Flowers exceedingly large, funnel-shaped, and of snowy whiteness; very handsome foliage; a really splendid variety; 5ft.

Multiflora. White flowers, borne in large clusters; 3ft.

Maddeni. Corolla pure white, with faint blush, free flowering and good grower; 5ft.

Præcox Elegans. Pale heliotrope, small flowers, small round foliage; very early, 3ft.

Princess Alice. White, tinged with pink on back of petals, free flowering, highly scented, bushy habit, 3ft.

Virginalis. Large, pure white, trumpet-shaped flowers, highly scented, fine dark foliage, 6ft.

Virgitum. A miniature variety, early flowering, flowers white, slightly tinted rose; 2ft.

HYDRANGEAS.

These easy growing, free flowering shrubs should be in every collection. Plant in partial shade to get the best blooms. In light volcanic soils pink varieties will turn blue, and in the heavy clay soils the opposite.

Fine strong plants 2s. to 2s. 6d. each; 18s. to 24s. dozen.

Hydrangea arborescens grandiflora alba. Pure white, very free flowering; one of the best.

Ajisai. Large trusses of pale pink flowers.

Acuminata. Beautiful deep blue flowers, rare, 2ft.

Agnue Paralli. A new variety, good blue, 3ft. Bonquet rose. Amber rose, changing later, 3ft.

Childs' red stem, D. Violet blue flowers, stems dk. red, 4ft. Hortensis. Enormous trusses of blue flowers, 6ft.

Horfensis variegata. Leaves variegated white, flowers pale blue, 3ft.

Lady Bambert. A new variety, very fine, 3ft.

Mad. E. Moulliere. Enormous flowers, pure white; very fine, new, 4ft.

Paniculata grandiflora. Flowers white, borne in pyramidal trusses, sometimes a foot long, 5ft.

Stellata fimbriata. Petals regularly fringed and pure white, 4ft.

Ronsard. Tall growing, very fine white, late new, 4ft. Thos. Hogg. White with trusses 10-12in. in diameter, 4ft.

Acacia, Flowering

OUR SPECIALITY. All grown in 3in. and 4in. pots

Price 1s. 6d. to 2s. each; 12s. to 18s. dozen

24 distinct varieties for 30s.

Every lover of Shrubs should not fail to have a few varieties of these beautiful dwarf Acacias in their garden. They are rapid growers, produce flowers from one to two years from planting, and when not in flower have beautiful foliage. They will grow in any class of soil, rich or poor, but do not like too much wind. To get the best results, cut the plant back after planting.

Accola (Golden Glory Wattle). Very quick grower and early flowerer, yellow, 8ft.

Adunca (Shrub Wattle). Very pretty golden flowers, produced in great profusion, 6ft.

Alpina. (The Mount Wellington Wattle.) Evergreen, 4 to 5ft., yellow.

Baileyana (Cootamundra Wattle). Quick-growing tree, beautiful small yellow flowers, silver foliage; 12ft.

Buxifolio. A small shrub producing a great profusion of of yellow flowers; 5ft.

Cardiophylla (Wyalong Wattle). Beautiful yellow flowers. Somewhat rare. Conferta. A new variety. Not yet flowered with us. Said

to be very good.

Cultriformis (Knife-leaved Acacia) Vellow flowers freely

Cultriformis (Knife-leaved Acacia). Yellow flowers, freely produced; 10ft.

Decora (Graceful Wattle). Fine drooping foliage, yellow flowers; 8ft.

Decurrens (Black Wattle). See timber and shelter trees. Diffusa (Spreading Acacia). Primrose flowers, dainty; fine for small gardens; 4ft.

Discolor (Sunshine Wattle). Yellow flowers, very fine, handsome shining foliage; 8ft.

Decurrens, Variety Normalis (Queen Wattle). Dense foliage, very fine golden flowers, tall growing.

Decurrens, Variety Mollis. See Shelter Trees.

Elata (Cedar Wattle). One of the best; foliage resembling a pepper tree. Striking flowers, tall growing.

Florabunda (Poorman's Wattle). Golden flowers produced in profusion. Will grow in the poorest of soils; 12ft.

Fasiculatus. A new variety, not yet flowered with us.

Giraffe, D. A new variety from Africa.

Havilandii. Rare and most beautiful. Should be in every garden.
Linifolio. A splendid variety for a small garden. Flowers

Linifolio. A splendid variety for a sm for a long season; 6ft.

Longifolio. Flowers produced in great profusion. Very beautiful; 10ft.

Linearis (Narrow-leaved Acacia). Yellow flowers, scented, very fine: 5ft.

Myrtifolia (Myrtie-leaved Acacia). Yellow flowers, sometimes called "Light of the Glen." 5ft.

Obtusata (Blunt-leaved Acacia). Yellow flowers, very effective; fine for small garden; 6ft.

Podalyrefolia (Mt. Morgan Acacia). Large yellow flowers and bold silver foliage; one of the best. Flowers three months in early winter. Requires good shelter.

Prominens (Golden Shower). White silvery leaves, rapid grower and fine flowers; 20ft.

Polybrotrya (Bunch flowered Wattle). Yellow flowers produced in large bunches; 8ft.

Spectabilis (Mudgee Wattle). Yellow flowers, freely produced; 9ft.

Suaveolens (Sweet scented Acacia). Pale yellow, earliest to flower; 6ft.

VERONICA.

This remarkable genus of nearly 200 varieties, of which the major portion are found in New Zealand, is no doubt, one of the most useful and curious of all our native shrubs.

Many of the species are singularly beautiful in form, foliage and flower. In almost all cases they are extremely hardy, being specially suited for rock work, dwarf hedges, small shrubberies or specimen planting.

We pride ourselves of being able to offer the largest and finest collection ever offered, comprising 150 named varieties, embracing varieties from one inch to 8ft. in height. Special list upon application.

Price 2s. to 3s. 6d. each; 18s. to 24s. per doz.

Please read this Catalogue carefully.

We are sure its contents will greatly interest you. Those who have planted our trees know what they are. Those who have not planted them should give us a trial order this year.

Hardy Climbing Plants

All this section are well adapted for screening unsightly objects, covering old walls, stumps, fences, etc. Some of them produce beautiful flowers, and some have ornamental foliage.

E—Evergreen. D—Deciduous.

- Actinidia chinensis, D. (Chinese Gooseberry.) Very nice climbing plant, with heart-shaped leaves, covered with bright red hairs, when young, and yellow flowers; valuable acquisition as a pillar or pergola plant, 2s. 6d.
- Akebia quinata, D. A Japanese climbing plant of great merit, flowers purplish-brown, very fragrant, 2s. and 2s. 6d.
- Ampelopsis Veitchii, D. (Commonly known as Virginian Creeper.) Small leaved variety, lovely autumn foliage, 1s. 6d. to 2s.; 18s. to 20s. dozen.
- Ampelopsis Veitchii purpurea, D. Purple foliage in summer and autumn, 2s. each; 20s. dozen.
- Ampelopsis Veitchii robusta, D. Strong growing form, 1s. 6d. to 2s.; 18s. to 20s. dozen.
- Ampelopsis Henryana, D. A very fine new variety, 2s. to 2s. 6d.
- Arauja angustifolia, E. (Moth Plant.) A quick growing climber, with white, sweet scented flowers which attract moths and lure them to their destruction. Hence the name of Moth or Cruel Plant. 2s.
- Australian supplejack, E. Rare. A beautiful large yellow berried climber. Not yet sure of the correct name. 2s. and 2s. 6d.
- Bignonia Australis, E. Very rapid climber, shiny foliage, creamy flowers, dotted with brown, 2s. and 2s. 6d.
- Bignonia jasminoides, E. Pinkish white flowers, crimson throat, 2s. and 2s. 6d.
- Bignonia jasminoides alba. Very strong grower, producing masses of white flowers, 2s. and 2s. 6d.
- Bignonia grandiflora, D. Orange-scarlet. Specially recommended. 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.
- Bignonia venusta, E. A very striking and handsome climber, bearing fine trusses of brilliant orange flowers during the latter part of the winter months, 2s. 6d.
- Bignonia excelsa, E. Yellow and white, a rampant grower, 2s. 6d.

- Bignonia Latrobei, E. Beautiful cream coloured flowers, 2s. and 2s. 6d.
- Bignonia Mackeni rosea, E. A grand evergreen climber with rose coloured trumpet-shaped flowers, 2s. and 2s 6d.
- Bignonia gracelis. Quick growing plant. Not yet flowered with us.
- Bignonia capensis, E. A free growing variety, scarlet flowers, 1s. 6d.
- Bignonia cherere, E. Flowers orange and red, very handsome, 2s. and 2s. 6d.
- Bignonia Madam Galen, D. Somewhat similar to Grandiflora, free flowering, 3s.
- Bougainvillea intermedia, E. Very robust, large, dark flowers, somewhat slow to flower, 2s. 6d. to 3s.
- Bougainvillea glabra, E. Rose lilac in colour. One of the most gorgeous climbers in cultivation, the flowering bracts cover the plant for many months of the year, 2s. 6d. and 3s.
- Bougainvillea Sanderiana, E. This has been called the "Red Bougainvillea" from the shining rich violet-red bracts, 2s. 6d. and 3s.
- Clematis flammula, D. "Traveller's Joy," white, 2s. and 2s. 6d.
- Clematis indivisa, D. The large white native climatis, 2s. and 2s. 6d.
- Clematis montana, D. White anemone-like flowers, 2s. and 2s. 6d.
- Clematis montana rubra, D. Pink, small anemone-like flowers, freely produced, usually the first year from planting, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- Clematis Jackmanii alba, D. Large pure white, very fine, 3s. and 3s. 6d.
- Clematis Mad. Ed. Andre, D. Bright red, free flowering, 3s. and 3s. 6d.
- Clematis Nellie Moser, D. Light mauve, red bar, 3s. 6d. Clematis Ville de Lyon, D. Carmine, very fine, 3s. 6d.
- Ciematis Henryli, D. Large single white, 3s. and 3s. 6d.
- Clematis Beatrice, D. Pale mauve, very fine, 3s. and 3s. 6d. Clematis balearica, E. (Syn. calycina). Perhaps the best
- of our new climbers. Flowers almost white medium size, produced in great quantities all through the winter. Plants grow very quickly, and flowers usually the first year. A great acquisition. 3s. 6d.
- Clematis Jackmanii, D. Seedlings. We cannot guarantee colour. 2s. 6d.

To grow Clematis successfully the roots require to be planted on the shady side of the trellis or arbour, over which the creeper is to climb.

Dolichos lignosus, E. Very quick grower, flowers rosy purple, for covering old wans or buildings, 2s.

Ficus stipulata, E. (The Climbing Fig.) A handsome climber, fast growing, clings to fences and walls like ivy. 2s.; 18s. dozen.

Ficus minima, E. (Miniature Climbing Fig.) Very dainty for brick walls, rough cast, etc.; will attach itself to concrete or wood, 2s. and 2s. 6d.; 18s. to 24s. dozen.

Fuchsia procumbens, E. New Zealand climbing fuchsia, 2s. Gentnosplenum speciosa, E. A small dainty growing plant, resembling a climbing bamboo, with small white starry flowers, 3s. 6d.

Hardenbergia monophylla, E. Purple flower, blooms August. 2s.

Hardenbergia monophylla alba, E. White flowers, produced in July and August, 2s.

Hardenbergia monophylla rosea, E. Rose pink flowers, 2s. The above three climbers are recommended for exposed positions.

Hedera Japonica variegata, E. Silver-margined variegated ivy, 2s.

Hedera Helix, E. The common English ivy, 1s. to 2s.

Hoya carnosa, E. Wax plant. Wax-like flesh coloured flowers, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Ipomea Learii, D. Purplish blue convolvulus shaped flowers, 2s.

Jasminum nudiflorum, D. Yellow flowers, sweetly scented,

blooms in profusion all through the winter, 2s.

Jasminum revolutum, E. Large yellow flowers, strong

foliage, 2s.

Jasminum primulinum, E. Beautiful double yellow flowers,

freely produced all clong the store early in the

freely produced all along the stems, early in the spring. Highly recommended. 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Jasminum officinale, E. (Common white Jessamine.)

Very sweetly scented, 2s.

Kennedya rubicunda, E. Trusses of bright red parrot-bill shaped flowers, 2s.

Kennedya coccinea, E. A rapid climber, with pretty reddish-brown flowers, rare, 2s. 6d. and 3s.

Kennedva bimaculata, E. Trusses of bright blue flowers, rapid grower, 2s.

Kennedya comptoniana, E. Blue, exceedingly pretty winter flowering variety, 2s. each.

Lathyrus odorata. White Pearl. Strong growing and free flowering, 2s.

Lathyrus pubescens ("The Argentine Pea"). Pale blue flowers, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Lygodium articulatum, E. The New Zealand climbing fern, 2s. 6d.

Mandevillea suaveolens, D. Snow white, sweetly scented flowers, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Metrosideros diffusa, E. Rare. Flowers pinkish crimson. very freely produced, easy to grow, flowers quite young. Plant against a tree with rough bark as it clings like Virginia creper. Highly recommended. 3s. each.

Passiflora edulis, E. The purple passion fruit, 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d. each.

Passiflora Eynsford gem, E. Red, shaded with rose, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Passiflora tetrandra, E. Native variety, bearing sprays of orange coloured berries in the winter, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Passiflora quitensis, E. Pink flowers, white edible fruit, 2s. each.

Polygonum baldschuanicum. Large heads of small white flowers; very effective; 2s. 6d.

Parsonsia albi flora, E. Native, creamy white flowers, scented, 2s.

Phaseolus caracalla, D. Snail flower, heliotrope and white, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Periploca glauca. A climber which has not flowered with us. 2s. 6d. each.

Rubus schmidelioides, E. A N.Z. variety of bramble producing edible golden fruit, resembling in size a raspberry; flowers scented. 3s. each.

Reinwardtia flavum. E. Large yellow flowers freely produced all the autumn and early winter. A fine wall plant; tender. 2s. 6d. and 3s.

Rhyncospernum jasminoides, E. Dwarf creeping shrub. scented flowers, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Smilax medeoloides, E. The common smilax of gardens, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Stephanotis floribunda, E. Beautiful white fragrant flowers, green house. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. Solanum Rantonetti, E. A new variety from Egypt. Deep

blue flowers, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Solanum Jasminoides argentia, E. Flowers white, foliage variegated, 2s. to 2s. 6d.

Solanum Jasminoides grandiflora, E. Strong growing variety, large white flowers, 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

Solanum Seaforthianum, E. Blue, star-shaped flowers, very prety, 2s. and 2s. 6d. Solanum Wenlandii, E. Lilac-blue flowers an inch in

diameter; tender. 2s. 6d. Tacsonia Van Volxemii, E. Flowers bright scarlet, borne

on long stems; tender. 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Tacsonia millissima, E. Beautiful pink flowering climber, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

Tacsonia tomentosa speciosa, E. (Syn. Mortii.) Verv beautiful, rampant grower, flowers pinkish-red. of the best, 3s.

Tropæolum speciosum, D. Most beautiful little climber, 2s. to 2s. 6d.

Wisteria alba, D. Flowers white, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Wisteria brachybotrys, D. A magnificent white flowered variety from Japan; the finest of all; a most profuse bloomer, and lasting in flower longer than any other variety. One of the most attractive climbers in cultivation. Strong plants 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.

Wisteria sinensis, D. Pale lavender flowers, 2s. and 2s. 6d. Wisteria sinensis fl. pl., D. Double blue flowering variety, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.

Wisteria multijuga, D. Lilac flowers, racemes 3ft. long 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.

Wisteria multijuga rosea, D. Large clusters of lilac-like flowers, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.

Wisteria multijuga alba, D. Flowers white, produced in trusses, 2ft. long, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.

AQUILEGAS (COLUMBINE).

We now have very fine stocks of these, personally selected from the best hand-crossed hybrids in England. Our strain are all the long-spurred varieties.

Best hybrids, 1 year old, 3s. 6d. per dozen. Best hybrids, 2 years old, 7s. 6d. per dozen.

Best hybrids, 3 years old, 10s per dozen.

Novelty strain see coloured pages.

CACTUS DAHLIAS.

Our Dahlias this season have been exceptionally fine, and as they include several new varieties, some recently imported from England, we have much pleasure in offering a fine collection, feeling sure that they will give satisfaction to purchasers. Price 1s. 6d. each; 15s. per dozen.

JAPANESE IRIS (Iris Kaempferi).

This is the finest section of the Iris family, producing enormous flowers six to eight inches in diameter. The colours are very varied, ranging from white to blue, rose, crimson, lilac and dark mauve. They lose their foliage in winter and flower in early spring, when growth is completed. They thrive best in a damp situation. Plants ready in the winter. Price 1s. 6d. each; 15s. per dozen.

CARNATIONS.

These beautiful flowers should have a place in every garden, their beautiful and varied colourings, combined with their sweet perfume, making them universal favourites. They are of fairly easy cultivation, and thrive in any light garden soil.

Price 1s. 6d. each; 15s. per doz. except for special varieties.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

These handsome autumn flowering plants are always much admired, and are very useful both for the garden and for cutting. They remain in flower for several weeks, and last well in water. We have a fine collection of some of the best varieties. Plants ready about October. In order to get fine large blooms, a large percentage of the flower buds should be pinched out as they appear.

Price 1s. 3d. each; 12s. per dozen. Special list upon application.

DELPHINIUMS.

These beautiful blue flowering perennials should be in every garden. Will grow in almost any soil.

Strong 1 year flowering plants, 5s. per dozen. Strong 2 year flowering plants, 10s. per dozen. Blue Butterfly, deep blue, 7s. 6d. per dozen.

DIANTHUS ALLWOODH

A New Race of Perennial Plants. Half Carnation, Half Pink.

Extremely hardy, sweet scented, flowers from early Spring to late Autumn. Splendid rock plants.

Price 1s. 6d. each; 18s. per dozen.

VIOLETS.

We are now growing only the one variety of these favourite flowers, namely "Kitchener," which is fine dark blue, very large, with long stems, and flowers for six or seven months.

The best violet to cultivate. They thrive best in a rich soil and a sunny position.

Price 3s. 6d. per dozen.

[&]quot;Plentiful planting produces Pleasure and Profit."

LILIUMS--(Lily)

This is indeed a grand genus, noble in its appearance, and producing elegant flowers. No garden can afford to be without a few lilies. They should be allowed to remain in the same ground for several years without transplant-Many of them make good pot plants, and are very effective for decorative purposes. When grown on the border, plant where they will get partial shade. Liliums like moisture when growing. Liliums can be planted any time during the winter.

Auratum. The Queen of Lillies. Japanese Lily, very handsome, golden banded, with crimson spots, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Batemanii. This is a lovely lily, colour apricot red, 2s. 6d. candidum. Beautiful waxy white flowers, blooming about Christmas, 1s. 6d. each.

croceum. Large heads of rich orange flowers. Commonly called the "Orange Lily," 1s. 6d.

carolineanum. Orange and yellow, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

chalcedonicum. (Turks scarlet cap). Very handsome, intense fiery scarlet flowers. 3s. 6d. elegans. Deep red, 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

giganteum. A tall-growing variety, flower stems often 6 to 8ft. high, flowers creamy white, fragrant, 2s. 6d. to 5s. each.

Henryii. (Yellow speciosum.) Orange, very hardy, strong grower, 1s. 6d. to 2s.

incomparable. Fine large red flower, 2s. and 2s. 6d. longiflorum. White trumpet-shaped lily, 1s. 6d. to 2s.

pardalinum. Bright orange, shading to rich yellow, freely spotted purple brown, flowers large, numerous and very handsome, each 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

regale. Regal lily. Huge tubular flowers, slightly coloured. beautifully perfumed, easy culture, one of the best, 3s. 6d. to 5s.

speciosum album. Large pure white flowers, very handsome, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

speciosum rubrum. White carmine spots, spotted stem, 1s. 6d. each.

speciosum magnificum. Flowers dark rich crimson purple, stems vigorous and erect. It is really the finest of all the speciosums grown. 2s. each.

sulphureum. Sulphur yellow and chocolate, 2s. 6d. each. umbellatum. Pale apricot lily, very showy, 1s. to 2s.

tigrinum. The Tiger Lily. 7s. 6d. dozen. 9d. each. tigrinum flore pleno. Double flower, orange scarlet, 1s.

Thunbergianum incomparable. One of the finest red, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Rock and Alpine Plants

Ajuga metallica crispa. A very distinct plant with compact curled foliage of a metallic hue, 1s. 6d.

Aster sub-coerules. A fine plant, flowers purplish blue, 1s. 6d.

Aster alpinus. Dwarf, large purple flowers, fine rockery, 1s. 6d.

Anemone Sylvestris. Dainty white flowers produced well above the foliage, 2s.

Alyssum saxafile. Bright yellow, most useful plant, growing about 6in. high, 1s. 6d.

Armeria cephalotis. Fine plant for crevice of rock or edge of border, mossy foliage, flowers pink, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Arenaria balearica. Forms a close sward, studded with white flowers, should have a shady place, 1in., 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Aciphylla squarrosa. (Spear grass.) 2ft., very hardy. A very effective rockery plant, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Ampholoides Verna. Blue, for-get-me not like flowers, 1s. 6d. each.

Aubrefia, Dr. Mules. Rich deep violet purple, 1s. 6d. each.

Arum Rehmauni. Beautiful dwarf pink flowers, splendid for floral work. Highly recommended. 2s. 6d.

Artemesia stelleriana. Sweet scented ferny foliage, flowers of no account. Is. 6d.

Campanula glomerata. A nice plant, with clustered heads of tubular flowers, 1s. 6d.

Campanula isophylla alba. A beautiful plant of trailing habit, flowers white, very profuse, 1s. 6d.

Campanula persicifolia. Produces handsome spikes of showy flowers, which are universally admired, white flowers, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Campanula persicifolia Moerheimii. Beautiful white cup and saucer flowers, 1s. 6d.

Campanula carpatica. Splendid rock plant. 1s. 6d.

Campanula grandiflora. (Platycodon.) The Japanese balloon flower, blue flowers, 1s. 6d. each.

Campanula rotundifolia. The true blue bell of Scotland.
1s. 6d. each.

Celmisia. In variety, large daisy-like flowers, 1s. 6d. each. Chelone barbata. (Syn. Penstemon.) Light red flowers, 1s. 6d. each.

Cynoglossum. Beautiful blue for-get-me-not like flowers, 1s. 6d. each.

Dianthus graniticus. Beautiful alpine plant, rose-coloured flowers, shiny green foliage, 1s. 6d. each.

Dianella intermedia. Tarutu. Large blue berries, 2s. each. Dielytra exima. A beautiful little plant with graceful foliage and flowers, 1s. 6d.

Dielytra spectablis. Well known as the Bleeding Heart, 2s. Elatostemma rugosum. New Zealand Bigonia, splendid for a damp, shady position, 1s. 6d. and 2s. each.

Erigeron glaucus. Charming free continuous flowering plant, with daisy-like bluish pink flowers, 1s. 6d.

Erigeron speciosum superbum. Large pale blue daisy-like flowers, splendid for cutting. Highly Recommended. 1s. 6d. and 2s. each.

Erigeron hybrid roseum. Daisy-like rose coloured flowers. 1s. 6d.

Eryngium agavefolium. A dwarf growing variety of the lovely Sea Holly. 2s. each.

Erysimum rupestre. A bushy plant, with small yellow flowers, 1s. 6d.

Gaultheria oppositifolia. Very striking heath-like flowers. hardy shrub, 2ft., 2s. 6d.

Gazania aurea. A good rockery plant, yellow, 1s. 6d. Genfiana acaulis. Huge blue flowers and very hardy, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Gentiana macrophylia. Favourite flowers for their effective appearance, 2s.

Guaphalium Keriense, Everlasting daisy-like flowers. 1s. 6d. Heuchera alba. White flowering, 1s. 6d.

Heuchera Sanguinea. Dainty bright red flowers, produced on long stems, 1s. 6d.

Hypericum australis. Splendid rock plant, forming fine clumps, 1s. 6d. each.

Hypericum fragile. Prostrate species, with glaucous foliage and large golden yellow flowers; a good plant. 1s. 6d.

Hpericum calyanum. A strong growing variety producing large yellow flowers, 1s. 6d. each.

Ipomea maurifanica. Trailing rock plant, quick grower, pale blue flowers, 1s. 6d.

Iris siberica. Small deep blue flowers, 2s. clump.

Iris pumela aurea. Dwarf growing, yellow flowers, 1s. 6d.

Linum monoglum. Native, white flowers freely produced,
1s. 6d.

Linum perenne. A plant of great beauty for rock garden, useful and hardy, 1s. 6d.

Linaria dalmatica. Beautiful rockery plant. One of the best. Yellow, 1s. 6d.

Lythrum salicaria. Hardy herbaceous plant for easy culture, reddish purple, 1s. 6d.

Libertia ixioides. (Tukauki.) Little Iris-like plant, white flowers, 1s. 6d.

Libertia grandiflora. Large white flowers, 1s. 6d.

Libertia pulchella. Very beautiful plant, requires shade, 1s. 6d.

Lithospermum prostratum. Masses of beautiful deep blue flowers. One of the best bank plants, 1s. 6d. each; 10s. to 15s. doz.

Lotus poliorhynchus. Red flowers of trailing habit, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Mesembryanthemum in variety. Splendid for banks or rockeries, 1s. and 1s. 6d. each.

Monarda didyma. (Bergamot). Red flowers, scented foliage, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Nerine alba. The white Guernsey Lily, 1s. 6d. Nerine rosea. Rosy red, fine for rockery, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

Nerine sarniensis. The Guernsey Lily, salmon, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

Netera depressa. Covered with pretty red flowers, 1s. 6d.

Nepeta violacea. (Catmint.) Fine for rockeries or borders, blue flowers produced in great profusion, 1s. 6d. Nepeta Mussini. A free and continuous flowering plant,

with lavender flowers, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Ourisia macrophylla. Mt. Egmont primula, large white flowers, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Physostegia virginiana rosea. A splendid new rock plant, producing quantities of pale pink flowers, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Platycodon. See Companula Gr. fl.

Phlox perennial. In six leading varieties, 1s. 6d. and 2s. each

Phlox Nelsoni. A beautiful trailing plant with white flowers, very effective, 1s. 6d.

Phlox subulata. Same habit as Nelsoni, with deep rose coloured flowers, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

Pyrethrum, James Kelway. Large single red flowers, very beautiful, 1s. 6d.

Pyrethrum. Single white, large daisy-like flowers, 1s. 6d. Podocarpus prostrata. A small pendulous shrub, 18in., 2s. 6d.

Pratia angulata. White flowers and red berries, 1s. 6d. and

Raoulea glabra. A creeping plant with green foliage and small white flowers, suitable for borders, 1s. 6d.

Santalina incana, A splendid rock plant, bright silver, scented foliage, small round yellow butter-like flowers, 1s. 6d.

Sisyrinchium. Blue flowers, dwarf growing, 1s 6d.

Schizostyles coccinea. (Kaffir Lily.) A genus of hardy plants with Iris-like leaves and spikes of showy flowers, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Statice latifolia. Hardy, and one of the best; deep lavender blue flowers, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Sternbergia lutea. Beautiful dwarf hardy bulbous plants, bearing large crocus-like flowers in Spring and Autumn, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Sedum quadrangulare. (Stonecrop.) Small growing large tubular cream flowers. 1s. 6d.

Sedum turkestanicum. The red Sedum, 1s. 6d.

Tradescantia azarum. Spiderwort.) Showy plant bearing heads of deep blue flowers, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

Tunica saxifraga. White, will grow well on walls, banks, and in the rockery, 1s. 6d.

Trollius Europeus. (Globe Flower). Large golden Ranunculus-like flowers, very fine, 1s. 6d.

Vinca. (Periwinkle.) Small double blue, fine for rockeries, 1s. 6d.

Verbascum pheniceum. Small growing biennial, suitable for rockeries, red, 1s. 6d.

Viola gracelis. Small black flowers produced in profusion most of the year, 6ins., 1s. 6d.

Veronica spicata. Dwarf Welsh Veronica; blue; a little gem, 1s. 6d.

Veronica pectinata. Small blue flowering variety, very fine,

1s. 6d.
 Veronica Guthreiana. New, recently imported from England, 2s.

Veronica. We offer a fine collection of 36 distinct named varieties suitable for rockeries, for 50s.

Collection of Rock Plants, 12 varieties, 15s.

Collection of Rock Plants, 24 varieties, 24s.

Collection of N.Z. Native Rock Plants, 12 varieties, 18s.

Collection of N.Z. Native Rock Plants, 24 distinct varieties, for 30s.

A VALUABLE BOOK ON NEW ZEALAND FLORA

The Cultivation of New Zealand Plants

By L. COCKAYNE Ph.D., T.L.S., F.N.Z.Inst., F.R.S.

Price 5s., including postage

Hardy Herbaceous, Perennial and Other Plants.

The plants offered in this list include some of the best Herbaceous and Soft-Wooded Varieties, which are indispensable for the border. They are mostly of easy culture, hardy, and produce an abundance of flowers and need very little attention.

Achillea. The Pearl. A graceful border plant, known as the wild "sneezewort." 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Achillea grandiflora. The large flowered and most beautiful flowering of the Achillea, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Agapanthus in 6 varieties. This is the well-known African Lily, 1s. 6d.

Amaryllis belladonna. Pink, very hardy, 5s. doz., 9d. each.

Amaryllis belladonna rubra. 6s. doz., 1s. each.

Amaryllis formosissima. Jacobean Lily. Scarlet. 1s. 6d. Anemone inponica alba. Single white flowers, 1s. and 1s. 6d. Anemone inponica. New pink, tall grower, 1s. 6d.

Angelica gingidium. (Native Aniseed.) Highly aromatic. 18in., 2s.

Aquilegia coerulea hybrida. A splendid strain of long spurred columliones, in beautiful shades of blue, pink, red and yellow flowers, etc. Per doz., 3s. 6d. to 10s.

Arthopodium cirratum. (Rengarenga.) Rock Lily. 22 varieties, 18in., 2s.

Aster. Michaelmas Daisy. 6 varieties, 1s. and 1s. 6d.

Boltonia glastifolia. This valuable plant should be in every garden. Masses of white flowers like a large Michaelmas Daisy. 1s. 6d. each.

Clematis Davidiana. This is very pretty and makes a fine

border plant, 2s. 6d.

Coprosma procumbens (Kirkii). Very fine for banks, 1s. 6d. Coreoprisgrandiflora. Large golden yellow flowers, 3s. 6d. per dozen.

Campanula persicifolia cœrulea. Spikes of beautiful large blue flowers, 2ft., 1s. 6d.

Campanula alba. Flowers large, drooping white, 12ft., 1s. 6d.

Calceolaria Sinclairii. White flowers, spotted with purple, 1s. 6d.

Catananche. Everlasting blue flowers, 1s. 6d.

Chrysanthemums. See special list. 12s. doz.; 1s. 3d. each. Chrysanthemum. (Mrs. F. Sanders.) Beautiful large double white flowers, 1s. 6d. and 2s. Chrysanthemum. (Pink Perle.) Quick growing single pink flowers, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Convolvulus encorum. A shrub like plant, silver foliage, white flowers, freely produced, 2s.

Convallaria maximus. Lily of the Valley. This is the large flowered variety. Clumps 1s. 6d.

Cordyline pumilio. (Tirawiki.) Large heads of small white flowers, 2ft., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Cosmos dahlioides. New perennial Cosmos. Various shades, flowers mid-summer, fine for cutting, 2s. each.

Canna. In 6 choice varieties 1s., 6d.; 15s. per dozen.

Colensoa physaloides. A rare native plant, producing large blue berries. Splendid for a shady position. Frost tender. 2s.

Delphinium. Blue butterfly. The best bedding delphinium we have grown. Flowers single, very deep blue, grows about 18in, high and very compact. 6d. each; 5s. dozen.

Dimophotheca echlonis. A beautiful plant, white composite flowers, with purple reverse, 2s.

Dietes bicolour. (Butterfly Iris.) Yellow and brown, 1s. 6d. to 2s.

Doronicum, (Harpur Crewe.) A valuable early blooming plant, daisy-like flower yellow, 1s 6d.

Erigeron speciosus. 2ft., lilac purple flowers; a good plant, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

(Sea Holly.) Prickly foliage, metallic Eryngium alpinum. blue flowers, somewhat resembling the thistle, 1s. 6d.

Funkia argenta variegata. Handsome foliage, spikes of lilac flowers, 2ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s.

(Mrs. Bradshaw.) Produce large quantities double scarlet flowers, 2ft., 1s. 6d.

Gunnera manicata. A plant producing huge leaves over 6ft. long, splendid for banks, ponds, etc., 2s. 6d. Gerbera Jamesonii. The celebrated Transvaal Daisy. 18s.

dozen: 2s. and 2s. 6d. each.

Gerbera Jamesonii. Hybrids. Pinks, cream, reds, and salmon, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Gypsophylla paniculata. A plant of great value for cut

flower purposes, 1s. 6d. Glancium. (Burbanks' Hybrids.) Poppy like foliage, large flowers of bronze and yellow, freely produced, 1s. 6d.

Lindheimeri. Very effective, long stem, white flowers, 2s. each.

Gladioli. See special list.

Helenium. Riverton gem. Large heads of beautiful bronze flowers, most effective, 1s. 6d.

Helenium magnificum. A handsome border plant, with orange-yellow flowers, 2ft., 1s. 6d.

Helenium Bigelovii. Large rich yellow flowers, 5ft., 1s. 6d.
 Helenium Hoopesii. Yellow, free flowering ornamental plant, 1s. 6d.

Hemerocallis auranticia. (Day Lily.) A fine showy plant for border planting, 2s.

Hemerocallis, Estmere dwarf. Rich yellow flowers; plant only grows 18ins., 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Hemerocallis, Queen of the May. Tall growing, good yellow, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Helianthus (Sunflower), Golden glow. Yellow flowers, 6ft., 1s. 6d.

Helianthemum. Rock-rose, in variety. These charming plants should be in every garden. Easy to grow. 1s. 6d. each; 12s. dozen.

Humen elegans. A tall perennial, quick grower, large sprays of fine flowers. Will dry. 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d. Hippeastrum. (Amaryllis hybrids). Strong growing,

Hippeastrum. (Amaryllis hybrids). Strong growing, bulbous plants, with showy flowers borne on stout, erect spikes, 2s. 6d. to 7s. 6d. each.

Himalayan Fairy Grass. Plumes of an old gold shade, soft and feathery, 1s. 6d.

Hyacinthus candicans. Pure white, bell-shaped flowers, 1s. each.

Iris Kaempferi. See special list.

Iris Douglasiana. Lilac purple flowers, deep green foliage, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Iris Pseudacorus. Yellow, very fine new iris, highly recommended, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Leonotis lenerus. (Lions Tail.) Orange flowers in whorls,

Lavandula officinalis. Common English lavender, 1s. 6d. Lavandula. French lavender, 1s. 6d.

Microleana polynoda. Native bamboo, 6ft., 1s. 6d.

Montbretia, in 6 named varieties, 1s. and 7s. 6d. dozen.

Myostidium nobile. (Chatham Island forget-me-not.) Requires cool position. Very fine. 2s. to 2s. 6d.

Nerine Japonica. The Japanese Spider Lily, 1s.; 10s. doz. Nierembergia. Hybrids. Various shades, 1s. 6d.

Nymphea alba. The large flowered white water lily, 2s.

Oenothera Fraseri. (Evening Primrose.) Very free flowering, large yellow flowers, 1ft., 1s. 6d.

Pentstemon. Hybrids, from seed. A very fine assortment, 7s. 6d. dozen.

Penstemon spectabilis. A variety that has not yet flowered with us, 1s. 6d.

Pincenetitia tuberculata, E. A grass-like plant, 1s. 6d.

Papaver Orientale. (Oriental Poppy.) In six named varieties, 1s. 6d.; 15s. dozen.

Physostigia virginiana alba. A beautiful new perennial, with white Antirrhinum-like flowers, 2s.

Physostigia virginiana rosea. Similar to the foregoing, except the colour, which is rosy pink, 2s.

Polyanthus tuberosa. (Double tuberose.) The Pearl. Wonderful scent, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Potentilla crinata. Fine white foliage, 1s. 6d.

Potentilla formosum. Red flowered variety, 1s. 6d.

Potentilla (Miss Wilmott). A small flowered form, 1s. 6d. Polygonum amplexicaule. Spreading habit, long graceful spikes of crimson flowers, 22ft., 1s. 6d.

Japonica. Mixed shades. Fine large Plants of easy culture, 1s.; 7s. 6d. dozen.

Primula. Munstead's strain. Yellow and brown shades. large blooms, 3s. 6d. dozen.

Primroses. Singles in variety, mixed, 2s. 6d. to 5s. doz.

Primroses. Doubles, in three varieties, 7s. 6d. dozen; 9d. each.

Plumbago Larpentae. (China.) Dwarf cobalt blue flowers, very pretty, 2s.

Rudbeckia purpurea (Syn. Echinacea). Rosy purple, composite flowers on stiff stems, 3ft., 1s. 6d. to 2s.

Rudbeckia speciosa. Large yellow flowers with brown cone, 1s. 6d. and 2s. each.

Rudbeckia. Several varieties, yellow; fine for cutting, 2s. Rudbeckia Newmannii. Orange yellow flowers with black centre, on stout wiry stems, 2ft., 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Rudbeckia tomentosa. This is the usual variety; splendid for cutting, 2 to 3ft., 1s. 6d.

Richardia Elliottiana. Deep yellow arum, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Richardia, (Calla Lily.) Lily of the Nile, or White Arum Trumpet Lily. 1s. each.

Richardia. (Chromatella.) Pure lemon-yellow, 2s. each. Richardia albamaculata. Green leaves with white blotches, a free and abundant bloomer, 2s.

Scabiosa lutea. A plant of strong growth, with soft yellow flowers, 21ft., 1s. 6d.

Scabiosa caucasica. A plant of great attraction, with soft lilac blue flowers, 2½ft., 1s. 6d. each.

Scabiosa caucasica alba. White, fine for cutting, 1s. 6d.

Striking flowers, bright scarlet, frost ten-Salvia Bonfire. der. 3s. 6d. doz.

Salvia azurea. Long spikes of deep blue flowers, 2½ft., 1/6. Salvia violacea. Beautiful violet flowers, tall, 1s. 6d.

Salvia turkestanica. Tall straggling grower, blush flowers, 3ft., 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

Salvia Grahami. A shrubby plant with bright scarlet flowers, 2ft., 1s. 6d.

Salvia coccinea. Tall growing, free flowering, scarlet, 1s. 6d.

Salvia in 6 Perennial varieties, 1s. 6d. each.

Salvia patens. A beautiful plant with spikes of gentian blue flowers, not hardy everywhere, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Salvia Bethelli. Rosy pink, tipped with white, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Salvia purpurea. Strong grower, with purple flowers, 1s. 6d.

Stachys lanata. (Lamb's ear.) Valued for its white wooly leaves, 1s. 6d.

Statice tartarica. Small white flowers, dries well, 1s. 6d.

Statice pectinata. Tiny flowers, which last for a considerable time, 1s. 6d.

Statice macrophyllum. Large heads blue everlasting flowers, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Statice latifolia. Small lavender flowers, 1s. 6d.

Shasta Daisy. Lady Hume Campbell. Tall grower, 1s. 6d. Shasta Daisy. King Edward VII. Fine for cutting, 1s. 6d. Solidago canadensis. Golden Rod. Well adapted for borders, yellow, 1s. 6d.

Spirea japonica. The Meadow Sweet. Light and airy, white flowers, 1s. 6d.

Spirea, Peach Blossom. A fine new pink variety, 1s. 6d. Spirea Queen Alexandra. An improved pure white variety, 1s. 6d.

Spirea Kamptschatica. A tall loose growing Meadow Sweet; small plumes of creamy white flowers, 5ft., 1s. 6d.

Spirea in six distinct new varieties, 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

Sparaxis pulcherrima. Commonly known as Fairy Bells. 7s. 6d. doz., 1s. each.

Sparaxis pulcherrima major. Taller and darker variety, 1s. 6d.

Stoskesia cyanea. (Perennial Aster.) Beautiful mauve flowers, 1s. 6d.

Stokesia cyanea alba. White flowers, 1s. 6d.

Tritoma uvaria. (Red Hot Poker.) Tall strong spikes of orange-scarlet flowers, 1s. 6d.

Tritoma uvaria grandiflora. A larger variety of the above, 1s. 6d.

Tritoma in 4 distinct varieties, 1s. 6d. each.

Tigridia. (Tiger Flower), often called Day Lily. 3s. 6d. doz., 6d. each.

Trollius gigantea. Pale yellow globular flowers, fine for borders, 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Thalictrum. These are plants of considerable beauty, both in flowers and foliage, and quite indispensable in the mixed border.

Thalictrum dipterocarpum. Long sprays of mauve coloured flowers, with yellow anthers, 4ft., to 6ft., 1s. 6d.

Thalictrum calabricum. Yellow flowers, 1s. 6d. to 2s. Thalictrum adiantifolium. Beautiful maiden-hair fern-like

foliage and white flowers, 2ft., 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

Thalictrum aquilegifolium. A tall growing fine variety, purple, 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

Thalictrum, Seedling Plants, 3s. 6d. doz., 1s. each.

Trades cantia virginica. Showy plant, bearing heads of blue flowers, 1ft., 1s. 6d.

Violets See Special Notice. Kitchener 2s. 6d. to 5s. doz; Double White 5s. doz.

Valotta purpurea. (Scarborough Lily.) Fine for pots, 1s. 6d.

Veronicas dwarf varieties. See Special List.

Watsonia O'Brieni. Pure white, handsome decorative flower, 5s. doz., 6d. each.

Greenhouse, Foliage Plants, Ferns. etc.

For Greenhouse and Indoor Decoration.

If you are going to furnish a greenhouse, come and see our plants and make your own selection. If you cannot call on us, advise us (when ordering) whether you want them in the open or not.

The following list of plants are very useful for the conservatory or for culture indoors, and includes climbing, flowering and foliage varieties, which are very effective.

Asparagus. This is a favourite class of plant for the conservatory, its graceful fronds sometimes being several feet in length; it also grows well out of doors in mild climates.

Asparagus capensis. Climbing or trailing variety, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Asparagus crispus. Light green foliage, wiry stems, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Asparagus decumbens. Trailing habit, deciduous, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Asparagus plumosa. Foliage very useful for floral work, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Asparagus sprengeri. Fine hardy foliage for cutting, 2s. to 3s. 6d.

Asparagus plumosa nana. The climbing Lace Fern. Much used for floral work, 2s. to 3s. 6d. each.

Adiantums. (Maiden-hair Ferns.) In hanging baskets, 5s. to 12s. 6d. each.

Adiantums. (Maiden-hair Ferns.) We have a splendid assortment of these popular ferns at present, both fine and coarse varieties, 2s. to 3s. 6d.

Areca Baueri. (Palm). Large handsome foliage, 2s. 6d. to 5s.

Areca sapida. (Nikau Palm.) Native. Requires damp position, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.

Aspidistra lurida. (Table Palm). 3s. 6d. to 7s. 6d.

Aspidistra variegata. These are unsurpassed for house decoration. They are hardy and require but little attention, 3s. 6d. to 10s. 6d.

Begonias. Tuberous. Dry bulbs, assorted, 15s. doz.; 1s. 6d. each.

Begonias. Tuberous. Lovely assorted colours, 2s. to 3s. 6d. Begonia. Hanging baskets, 5s. to 10s. 6d.

Begonia Rex. Foliage plants of great beauty, with an immense variety of colouring, 2s. to 3s. 6d.

Bougainvillea. Beautiful greenhouse climber. See climbing Plants. 2s. to 3s. 6d. each.

Billbergia nutans. An inside pot plant, very beautiful flowers, 12ft. to 2ft., 2s. 6d.

Chamerops in variety. Hardy fan palms, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. Cocos Wedelliana. Most graceful palm in existence; very beautiful for table and drawing-room decoration, 5s. to 7s. 6d.

Coelogne Eristata. A beautiful greenhouse orchid, pure white flowers lasting a long time, 5s. to 7s. 6d. each.

Coelogne corrugata. Another beautiful variety, flowers white and yellow, 5s. to 7s. 6d. each.

Cypripedium insigne. (Lady's Slipper.) An orchid of easy culture, flowers white, purple and brown, very beautiful and lasting, 5s. to 7s. 6d. each.

Cyclamen. Charming flowers, splendid colours, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Davallia, Novae Zealandae. Very graceful fern, Native, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Ferns. In variety. Prices from 2s. upwards, according to size and variety. For special list of New Zealand ferns see our Native Catalogue.

Fuschias. We stock a good variety of these, single and double, 2s. to 2s. 6d. each.

Fresias in pots, 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d. per pot.

Gloriosa superba. (Glory Lily of East India.) Exquisite flowers, green and yellow, with orange red at base. 2s. 6d. per tuber.

Gentnosplenum. E. Rare bamboo-like plant, white flowers, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Hyacinths in pots, all colours, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. each.

Heliotrope. (Cherry Pie.) Very popular, 1s. 6d.

Impatiens Holstii. (Balsam.) Bright scarlet and orange shades, 2s.

Gardenia in variety. Lovely pure white flowers, deliciously fragrant, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Glexinas. Assorted colours, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Gloxinia hybrids. Dry bulbs assorted, 15s. per doz., 1s. 6d. each.

Gleichenia flabellata. Most beautiful and rare fern, 3s. 6d.

Gleichenia in variety. All are very graceful and rare, 3s. 6d.

Hanging Baskets of Choice Ferns and Asparagus, 5s. to 15s. each.

Hoya carnosa. (Wax Plant.) A splendid greenhouse climber, commonly known as Wax Plant; flowers pinkish white and very waxy, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. each.

Iresine, E. Beautiful coloured foliage, 1s. 6d. each. Jacaranda mimosæfolia. Beautiful plant, with fern-like

foliage; very effective and ornamental plant when potted, 2s. and 3s. 6d.

Kentia Fosteriana. Hardy table palm, 3s. 6d. to 7s. 6d. each.

Kentia Belmoreana. The Curly-leaved Palm, 3s. 6d. to 7s. 6d. each.

Kentias are the well-known house palms.

Lachenalia in variety, in pots, 2s. to 3s. 6d.

Lygodium articulatum. The Climbing Fern, 2s. and 2s. 6d. each.

Marattia fraxinea. The Horse-Shoe Fern; plenty of moisture, 2s. to 5s.

Musa Ensete. (Banana.) The well-known Banana Palm; very large foliage, 2s. 6d.

Neprolepsis in variety. These beautiful ferns make an exquisite pot or basket plant, and are very valuable for decorating. The long graceful fronds are also well adapted for floral work; fine and coarse varieties. They thrive best in a dry, warm position. 2s. to 5s.

Primula sinensis. Fine Winter flowers, pots, 2s. and 2s. 6d. Poinsettia pulcherrima. Bright crimson, late Winter flowering shrub; produces beautiful bracts 6in. across on the points of the shoots of previous season's growth; the leaves follow the flowers. 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.

Pine-apple. The Pine-apple of commerce, a beautiful foliage plant, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Stephanotis florabunda. Well-known greenhouse climber, with fine foliage and deliciously scented flowers, 2s. 6d. to 5s.

Rhyncospernum Jasminoides, E. White, beautiful perfume, 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Todea superba. Fern. Known as the Prince of Wales' Feather. The most beautiful of our ferns, large double fronds of a beautiful green, must have plenty of moisture, 2s. 6d. to 5s. each.

Todea barbara. A rare and beautiful fern, very hard to obtain in New Zealand, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. each.

Todea hymenophyllioides. (Single Prince of Wales' Feather.) Very beautiful, will grow on dry hill-sides. Each 2s. and 2s. 6d.

Bulbs

The majority of our Bulbs are grown in our Nurseries, and only Flowering Bulbs will be supplied, thus ensuring a display of blooms the first season.

Spring Flowering Bulbs should be planted from January to the end of March to ensure success.

We would request that the bulbs be planted immediately on delivery; when left out of the ground too long they are liable to shrivel, and the growth is weakened.

Amateurs often find a difficulty in selecting bulbs suitable to make a display of bloom. To overcome this we make up collections, which will produce flowers for a considerable time, and include in them some of the more expensive varieties.

Having large stocks, we can afford to deal liberally in these collections.

Collections 2s. 6d., 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s., 15s., 21s., 42s., 105s., and upwards.

Postage on all Bulb Orders extra.

Our Special Bulb List will be forwarded upon application in January.

Anemones. Wind flower. Six varieties, per dozen 2s. to 3s. 6d.

Crocus, Mixed varieties, per dozen 2s.

Freesia. Leading varieties, per dozen 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.

Hyacinths. A fine assortment, per dozen 12s.

Iris. Spanish. Beautiful assortment, per dozen 2s. 6d.

Ixias. All colours, per dozen 1s. 6d. and 2s.

Lachenalia. Cape Cowslip, per dozen 5s.

Leocujum. Snowflake, per dozen 2s. 6d.

Narcissus. Over two hundred varieties, per dozen 2s. 6d. to 7s. 6d.

Narcissus. Extra choice, 2s. 6d. to 10s. 6d. each.

Ranunculus. Best mixed, per dozen 2s.

Sparaxis. A fine assortment, per dozen 2s.

Tulips. A fine assortment, per dozen 3s. 6d. to 5s.

Gladioli

For Garden, Decorative and Exhibition purposes.

Plant any time during Winter.

Price: Mixed 7s. 6d. dozen; named, 1s. and 1s. 6d. each, 10s. and 15s. dozen, except where priced. Postage extra. Only 24 first-class varieties offered.

Baron J. Hulot. Deep violet blue, fine for cutting.

Brenchlyensis. Very showy, straight spikes of vermillion scarlet. Fine garden and decorative variety.

Catherina. Light blue, with dark blotch, large flowers.

Corry. A very fine lilac blue gladiolus, very scarce, 1s. 6d.

Dawn. The most beautiful salmon pink ever offered, producing magnificent spikes of bloom, which are all open at one time.

Early Sunrise. Pure salmon, with light salmon centre.

Empress of India. Deep velvety maroon red or claret, with black markings. A very striking flower.

Electra. Brilliant salmon scarlet, shaded rose, flowers large; a fine exhibition variety, 1s. 6d.

Europe. Snowy white, nearly all the buds open at the same time.

Francis King.

Faust. Rich, large flowers of carmine red, pencilled blood-red, large flower, 1s. 6d.

Foch. Beautiful clear pink, very large flowers, 1s. 6d.

Glory of Holland. Pure white, fine variety for cutting and garden purposes.

Halley. Delicate flesh colour, with creamy blotch on lower petals, flowers very large, often six inches and over, 1s. 6d.

Hilda. Blood-red, can be strongly recommended.

L'Immaculée. Pure white, extra good for cutting, 1s. 6d. Lord Roberts. Raised in Taranaki. Huge spikes bloom, almost white, redish blotch, highly recommended, is. 6d.

Mrs. Frank Pendleton. Light salmon pink, flowers large and bright; one of the best in cultivation. 1s 6d.

Niagara. Large creamy white flowers.

Panama. Pink, very fine; one of the best.

Red Emperor. Scarlet crimson self, very large conspicuous flowers. 1s. 6d.

Schwaben. Buds are pure canary, shading to soft yellow, throat touched carmine.

White Giant. A new white of immense size. A great flower for exhibition and cutting puposes. 2s. 6d.

Willy Wigman. Creamy white, with soft carmine blotch. 1s. 6d.

Yellow Hammer. A strong growing, pure yellow variety, long, graceful spikes; distinct.

In addition to the above-named varieties, we can offer splendid mixtures of the following:-

Gaudavensis, Lemoinii, Nanceanus, and Primulinus.

Hedge and Shelter Trees

FOR FARM AND GARDEN.

E. Evergreen. D. Deciduous.

All trees thoroughly wrenched where necessary.

Acacia Decurrens (Black Wattle), E. This is the wellknown common wattle, which grows very quickly and makes splendid temporary hedges and break-The wood makes first-rate firewood, and posts, and every farmer who is short of these should see to it that he has at least a small area of these trees. (See also Special List.) Price, 17s. 6d. per 100, £5 per 1000, £12 10s. per 5000.

Ake Ake. See Olearia Fosterii.

Abelia Fiorabunda, E. This makes a beautiful quaint garden hedge, is very free flowering and quick, and most attractive. 40s. per 100, £15 per 1000.

Berberis Vulgaris, E. (Barberry). The well-known inland farm hedge, will stand the coldest climate, and does not require protection from stock. One year, strong, 30s. per 1000, £6 5s. per 5000; two year, strong, 50s. per 1000, £10 per 5000; three year, strong, 75s. per 1000; £15 per 5000.

Boxthorn. In Taranaki this is, without doubt, out on its own as a coastal farm hedge. There is nothing else to compare to it. Does not require fencing. 25s.

per 1000; £5 per 5000.

Broom, White, E. Makes a quick growing flowering

hedge, very effective. 50s. per 100.

Buddlea, Veitchiana, E. Purple flowers, one of the quickest growing hedges, but requires almost constant trimming, 50s. per 100.

- Berberis Vulgaris (Seedless). This is a seedless variety of the well-known Barberry, and as it cannot spread by either suckering or seed, is a boon to farmers. Price 20s. per 100, 180s. per 1000.
- Berberis. Six other choice flowering varieties, suitable for dwarf hedges, etc. 10s. per dozen, 60s. per 100.
- Cupressus Arizonica (Majestica), E. This tree we consider superior to Macrocarpa, it is very easy to transplant, and a quick grower. 6s. per dozen, 40s. per 100.
- Cupressus Sempervirens, E. The old English Cypress, 6s. per dozen, 35s. per 100.
- Cupressus Tornlosa, E. A splendid tree for inland planting, very beautiful. 8s. per dozen, 50s. per 100.
- Cupressus Macrocarpa, E. The universal farm shelter tree, very hardy. two year strong 35s. per 100, smaller 30s. per 100.
- Cupressus Lawsoniana, E. The finest shelter and hedge tree grown, suitable for both tall and low shelter, and as it stands cutting well, may be trimmed to suit any position. We have an exceptionally fine stock this season, and quote for strong two year trees 35s. per 100, £15 per 1000; three year trees 50s. per 100, £20 per 1000.
- Cordyline Australis, E. (Cabbage Tree.) Very good for exposed position. Price 50s. per 100.
- Callistemon Lauceolata, E. (Bottlebrush.) Beautiful crimson flowers, makes a very good hedge. 15s. per dozen, 100s. per 100.
- Corynocarpus Laevigata, E. (Karaka.) This is a fine tree for shelter near the coast. It has also proved to be a great fodder plant for stock during drought or when feed is short. If the tops of the trees are cut off stock will eat it readily. 10s. per dozen, 50s. per 100.
- Coprosma Baueri, E. (Taupata.) This is one of our native seaside plants and makes a beautiful compact hedge. It will grow and do well even if washed with salt spray. No good inland as it will not stand frost. 30s. to 40s. per 100.
- Cydonia Japonica, D. (Japonica.) We offer six varieties of this well-known plant. Makes a splendid flowering hedge if mixed. 50s. per 100.
- Eleaguus Japonica, E. Very quick growing, very hardy, and will grow well under other trees. One year 25s. per 100. £10 per 1000; two year 35s. per 100, £15 per 1000.

- Escallonia Pendula, E. A pendulus form of Escallonia which makes an excellent low hedge. 30s. to 40s. per 100.
- Escallonia Macrantha, E. Red flowers, glossy scented green leaves. A fine coastal or inland garden hedge. Very hardy and fairly quick. One year 30s., two year 35s. per 100.
- Escalionia Exoniensis, E. Small white flowers, very quick, makes the best narrow hedges for small gardens. One year 30s., two year 35s. per 100.
- Eucalyptus, E. In twenty best varieties. See Special List. 17s. 6d. per 100, £5 per 1000, £12 10s. per 5000.
- Eucalyptus Eugenoides, Saligna, Macarthurii, and Tereticoinis. Two year old plants. Fine large trees, transplanted and wrenched several times, ensuring plenty of good fibrous root, about 2ft. to 2ft. 6in. high. 30s. to 35s, per 100.
- Griselinia Littoralis (Broadleaf) E. Very hardy, suitable for inland and high, cold districts. 30/- to 35/- 100.
- Hoheria Populnea, E. (Lacebark.) Very quick and hardy. White flowers. 15s. per dozen, 100s. per 100.
- Laurel, E. Very hardy; makes good inland hedge. Two and three year 30s. and 50s. per 100.
- Ligustrum Vulgaris, E. (English Privet.) Small leaves, very hardy, makes a dainty small garden hedge. One year 25s., two year 35s. per 100.
- Ligustrum, Golden City, E. Beautiful golden foliage. 25s and 35s. per 100.
- Ligustrum Ovalifolium, E. Large leaved variety. 35/- 100.
- Metrosideros Tomentosa (Pohutukawa), E. Extremely hardy, fine crimson flowers; will not stand hard frosts. 18s. per dozen, 130s. per 100.
- Myoporum (Ngaio), Tasmanian. Superior to our Native variety. One of the hardiest and best quick growing trees for the coast. Will stand any salt wind, and in two years give good shelter. 50s. per 100.
- Olearia Forsterii, E. (Golden Ake Ake.) The most popular small garden hedge in Taranaki; very hardy and quick growing; highly recommended. One year 25s., two year 35s. per 100.
- Olearia Traversii (Silver Ake Ake). Only suitable for sandy country. 30s. and 35s. per 100.
- Olearia Fosterii Robusta. This is a larger and stronger grower than Fosterii, is just as hardy and well adapted for hedge or shelter. 25s. to 35s. per 100.
- Pinus Insignis, E. Too well known for description; for shelter belts, picked bushy trees. 25s. per 100, £10 per 1000.

Pinus Insignis, E. For timber plantation. See Special List of timber and plantation trees.

Pinus Muricata, E. Coastal Pine. Very suitable for shelter on coastal districts; extremely hardy. Two years' selected trees, 25s. per 100, £10 per 1000; three years 35s. per 100, £15 per 1000.

Pinus Halepensis, E. A good shelter, ornamental and

timber tree. 8s. per doz., 50s. per 100. Pinus Pineaster, D. This is the best timber Pine for planting in positions on the coast where Insignis will not grow. is. per dozen, 40s. per 100.

Pinus Maritima, E. (The Seaside Pine.) One of the hardiest of all the Pines and especially suited for exposed seaside planting. Two year old 25s. per 100, three year old 35s. per 100.

Podocarpus Totara, E. (Totara). Very hardy, somewhat slow growing; makes a good hedge. 12s. per dozen, 80s. per 100.

Phorium Tenax (Flax). Six varieties. 10s. per dozen, 50s. per 100.

Pittosporum Nigrescens, Buchanani, Ralphii and Crassifolium. E. Fine Native trees for tall hedges. 35s. per 100, large grade 50s. per 100.

Pomaderris Apetala, E. (Tainui.) A rapid growing plant, giving fine shelter in two years. 50s. per 100.

Tecoma Capensis, E. Dark foliage, red flowers. A beautiful dwarf hedge plant; only good for coastal planting; will not stand heavy frosts. 40s per 100.

Tree Lucerne, E. The best temporary hedge plant, very quick, will grow five feet in one year. Plants well wrenched and laid in. 17s. 6d. per 100.

Veronica, E. For dwarf hedges; 12 varieties. 50s. per 100.

GOVERNMENT INSPECTION.

Every year all the New Zealand Nurseries have to be inspected by the Government Inspector, and before any trees are sold a certificate has to be obtained showing that all stock is clean.

In cases where trees are sold from an unregistered nursery, both buyer and seller are liable under the present Act.

Our Nurseries have now received a clean certificate every year since inspection.

How to Eradicate Blackberry, Gorse and other Noxious Weeds.

A TESTED AND GUARANTEED WAY.

On a great many farms, both small and large, there are certain acres of rough land such as streams, hills, valleys and broken ground, which are not producing any grass—and are at present badly infested with noxious weeds.

Owing to the rough nature of the land it is a very costly item to clear these areas, when adopting the usual method.

The first thing to do with this area is, if very dirty, to fire it about April. Early in May, cut lines two feet wide, six and a-half feet apart, leaving the remainder of the rubbish standing for shelter and protection.

Piant as early as possible, strong, well-rooted twoyear old trees of Pinus Insignus, on the square system, $6\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart each way. This will take 1,030 trees per acre, costing about £5 to £10 per 1,000.

At the present price, royalty paid on timber produced by these trees should be over £1 per tree, or £500 per acre.

A very profitable investment, when one considers that if he does not plant, he has to pay rates and taxes on this land, as well as the cost of clearing the weeds, and all the grass he gets is practically nil.

There are several plantations which can be visited on the outskirts of New Plymouth, planted from six to seven years ago on blackberry and gorse sidings. These now have the weeds practically killed out.

Danger from fire can be covered by Insurance.

Pinus Insignus. (Radiata.) For shelter belts, picked bushy trees, 25s. per 100, £10 per 1,000.

Pinus Insignus. (Radiata.) For timber plantations. Same size as those offered by the New Zealand State Forest Service. 1 year old, from seed beds 4 in. to 6 in., 5s. 6d. 100, 45s. per 1,000 1 year old, Specially Selected, 60s. per 1,000. 2 year old, transplanted, 8 to 12 inches, 9s. 100, 80s. per 1000. 2 years old, Specially Selected, 100s. and 150s. per 1000, according to grade.

New and Rare Shrubs

Also other varieties not enumerated elsewhere in this Catalogue.

About one quarter of the varieties offered here were in our last year's New and Rare Shrub List.

The heights given are those approximately attained in the open.

Plants marked * will only stand light frosts.

- *Abutilon Sawitzii, E. Green, palmate leaves, margined silver white; 4ft. 2/- and 2/6 each.
- *Abutilon vitifolium, E. Dainty, large pale blue flowers, produced in bunches; a very fine shrub, 6ft. 2/6.
 - Abutilon. Other varieties, see page 4.
- *Ackama rosæfolia purpurea (N.Z.). Beautiful fern-like foliage, bronze underneath, flowers white; extremely rare, 6ft. 3/6 to 4/6.
- Acmena florabunda, E. Beautiful pale mauve-white berries. produced in great profusion; stands wind well, 12ft. 2/- each; 20/- dozen.
- Acmena pendula, E. Weeping foliage, nicely coloured when young; large mauve purple berries, 10ft. 2/-and 2/6.
- Acacia verticillata, E. Beautiful yellow flowers; a splendid sight when in bloom; one of the best, 8ft. 2/- each; 20/- dozen.
- Acacia. Choice flowering varieties, see page 37.
- Acer (Japanese Maple), D. A very fine lot recently imported from Japan and abroad, average height 3ft to 6ft.
- Acer japonicum, D. Large green leaves, shallow segments, 10ft. 2/6.
- Acer Megane. Four varieties on one plant. 7/6 to 10/6 ea.
- Acer sanguineum seigen. Bronzy crimson; very beautiful. 5/- to 7/6 each.
- Acer palmatum. Strong growing green foliage, changing to yellow and red in autumn, 8ft. 2/6 to 5/- each.
- Acer palmatum atropurpureum. Strong grower, rich dark foliage. 5/- to 7/6 each.
- Acer palmatum dissectum. Finely cut foliage; weeping habit. 5/- each.

Acer palmatum dissectum atropurpureum. Similar to above; bronze foliage. 5/- to 7/6 each.

Acer palmatum dissectum atropurpureum variegatum. One of the most beautiful. 7/6 each.

Acer palmatum purpureum. Similar to above, but not quite as dark. 5/- to 7/6 each.

Acer palmatum roseum. Beautiful rose pink foliage. 5/-to 7/6 each.

Acer. Collection of eight choice varieties for 50/-.

Agonis marginata, E. Small white everlasting flowers; rapid grower, 10ft. 2/6.

Amygdalus persica rosea flora plena (double fl. peach), D. A recent variety; a great improvement on the old pinks. Highly recommended; height 8ft. 2/6.

Amygdalus persica pendula alba. A weeping form of the beautiful flowering peach, 8ft. 3/6 to 5/- each.

Amygdalus persica. Collection of six varieties for 14/-.

Anopteris glandulosa (Tasmanian Laurel), E. Beautiful white flowers, resembling Lily of the Valley; requires damp position, 3ft. 3/6 to 5/- each.

Asclepia versicolor, E. Very beautiful reddish-yellow flowers, produced in heads on quite young plants; requires a very warm corner or greenhouse treatment; splendid pot plant, 3ft. 2/6 to 3/- each.

Banksia ericifolia, E. (Heath-leaved Honeysuckle Tree). Reddish everlasting flowers, 6in. to 8in. long; most

beautiful; hardy, 6ft. 2/6 each.

Banksia integrifolia, E. (Australian Honeysuckle Tree).

A hardy shrub producing large quantities of curious burr-like everlasting flowers, 6ft. 2/6 each.

Banksia serrata, E. (Australian Redwood Honeysuckle). Very hardy, everlasting yellow flowers, 10ft. 2/6/ea.

Banksias. Colection of six varieties for 12/6.

Berberis concina. New variety not yet flowered with us, 2/- and 2/6 each.

Berberis parviflora. Pale yellow; recent introduction from China, 6ft. 2/- and 2/6.

Berberis Soulieana (Sanguinea). New, recent introduction from China, 6ft. 2/- and 2/6 each.

Berberis vulgaris purpurea. Purple form of the common variety, 6ft. 2/- and 2/6.

Berberis Wilsonæ. Western China; golden flowers, coral red fruit, 6ft. 2/- and 2/6 each.

Berberis. Collection eight named varieties (several novelties) for 20/-.

- *Brachysema latifolium, E. Crimson pea-shaped flowers; plant low growing of a semi-climbing nature, 3ft. 2/6.
- Buddlea variabilis, variety Manhoensis, E. A new variety recently received from Kew Gardens; not yet flowered 2/- and 2/6 each.
- Callitris Muelleri (Cypress Pine), E. Very compact and dainty, 8ft. 2/- and 2/6.
- Calliandra portoricensis (Inga). Acacia-like foliage; beautiful white tassel-like scented flowers. Highly recommended, 6ft. 2/6.
- Cassia artemisoides. A beautiful evergreen shrub with silvery foliage, yellow flowers, 4ft.; rare. 2/6 and 3/6 each.
- *Cantua bicolor, E. Beautiful large drooping flowers, yellow and red. This plant is sometimes incorrectly called Cantua alba; 6ft. 2/6.
 - Cassia Braziliensis, E. Large yellow flowers, freely produced, dark green foliage, 8ft. 2/-.
- Cotoneaster derisiana elegans. A new variety not yet berried with us; said to be very fine, 5ft. 2/6.
- Ceanothus Glorie de Versailles. Very hardy evergreen shrub, bearing great clusters of pale blue flowers. One of the best shrubs for border planting, 4ft. 2/6 and 3/-.
- *Ceratopetalum gummiferum (Australian 'Xmas Bush), E. Highly coloured bracts produced in great profusion; very beautiful shrub. Highly recommended, 8-10 feet. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- Chorizema varium (Flame Pea Bush), E. Orange and red; beautiful pea-shaped flowers, freely produced on quite young plants; best grown as a semi-climber. Highly recommended, 4ft. 2/6 to 3/6.
- *Chorizema ilicifolium, E. Red and yellow, smaller than the above; very dainty and free flowering, 3ft. 2/6 ea.
 - Corynocarpus lævigata variegata (Variegated Karaka).

 This tree makes a beautiful specimen; we strongly recommend it, 8ft. 3/6 each.
 - Cotoneaster Frobelli. A new variety from Kew, said to be very good, 5ft. 2/6.
 - Cotoneaster Henryi, E. Another new variety from China. 2/6.
 - Cotoneaster prunosa, E. Another new variety from China. 2/6.
- Cotoneaster San Fran, E. A new creeping variety, introduced from Thibet. This plant has a most attractive habit; not yet flowered. 2/6 each.

Cotoneaster. Other varieties, see page 8.

Cotoneaster. Collection of nine varieties for 20/- .

Crotalaria laburnifolia (Bird Flower), E. Yellow, very attractive; flowers throughout the whole year, 6ft. 2/6 each.

Cunninghamia sinensis (Conifer). An evergreen, resembling the Araucarias, known as the broad-leaved China Fir, 20ft. 2/6 and 3/6 each.

Cupressus arizonica. Rapid growing, and very hardy, 20ft. 2/- each; 18/- dozen.

Cupressus Benthami. Rapid growing, and very hardy, 20ft. 2/- each; 18/- dozen.

Cupressus goveniana. Rapid growing, and very hardy, 20ft. 2/- each; 18/- dozen.

Cupressus lusitanica. Rapid growing, and very hardy, 20ft. 2/- each; 18/- dozen.

Dacrydium Kirkii (Monoao, Barrier Rimu). One of our most beautiful natives. In its young state it is as beautiful as the Rimu; quite hardy and easy of cultivation, 12ft. 3/6 to 5/- each.

*Daviesia latifolia. An Australian evergreen shrub known as Broad-leaved Bitter-leaf Bush, 3ft. to 5ft. Yellow and brown. 2/6.

Dahlia Leslie (Tree Dahlia) D. Tall growing, large pale pink flowers; very beautiful; requires shelter, 8ft. 2/6 each.

*Dimorphothica Ecklonis E. White daisy-like flowers, purplish beneath; very effective and beautiful; not long lived, 3ft. 2/-.

Diplacus (Minulus) glutinosus puniceus. Orange red, semi climbing shrub; very free flowering and effective, 4ft. 2/- and 2/6.

Duranta Plumieri (Syn. Ellisia), D. Dainty blue flowers; very easy to cultivate, 6ft. 2/- each.

*Eremophila longifolia (The Desert Fuchsia of Australia).

An evergreen shrub with dull reddish flowers, 4ft. 2/6

Epacris longiflora (Australian Heath). Red and white, 2ft. 3/6 each.

Eleagnus angustifolia, E. Yellow flowers, silver grey foliage, 4ft. 2/- each.

*Eugenia eucalyptoides, E. (Gum Rose Apple). White flowers, beautiful berries, 10ft. 2/6 each.

*Eugenia Smithii, E. Australian Myrtle; fine evergreen tree, white flowers, 10ft. 2/6.

Eugenia. Collection in six varieties for 14/-.

- Eucryphia Billardieri, E. White flowers, a recent importation from Tasmania; said to be a fine addition, 10ft. 2/6.
- Euonymous speciosa, E. A species that we are not yet certain of the name. Most beautiful coloured foliage in the spring; quite hardy, 8ft. 2/6 each.
- Eucalyptus alpina (Alpine Gum) E. A small tree with good foliage, flowers white; quite hardy, 10ft. 2/-.
- Eucalyptus Campbelli, E. A fine hardy variety of rapid growth, flowers pink, 20ft. 2/- each; 20/- dozen.
- *Eucalyptus Preissiana, E. A rare variety grown for the first time by us; yellow flowers, 6ft. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
 - Eucalyptus. Collection of six choice flowering varieties for 12/-.
 - Forsythia intermedia (Golden Bell). Cross between viridissima and Forsythia suspensa, 8ft. 2/-.
- Forsythia suspensa (Golden Bell). Yellow flowers, freely produced, 8ft. 2/-.
- *Fuchsia, D. We have recently added a fine collection of these to our stock. 2/- and 2/6 each.
 - Fuchsia. Collection of 12 varieties for 24/-.
 - Gordonia anomala, E. Heavy dark green foliage, beautiful white flowers, produced mid-winter; plants commence flowering when quite young; one of our best flowering shrubs. Highly recommended, 4-6ft. 3/6 each.
- *Gompolobium Hugeli. A new Australian shrub not yet flowered, 4ft. 2/6.
 - Grevillea buxifolia, E. (Box-leaved Grevillea). White flowers, 3-4ft. 2/6 to 3/6.
- Grevillea dimorpha, E. Deep crimson; one of the most beautiful grown. Flowers for six months. 2ft. 3/6.
- Grevillea lavandulacea, E. Lavender flowers, dainty, 3ft. 2/6 to 3/6.
- Grevillea oleoides (Olive-leaved Grevillea), E. Bright red flowers, 5ft. 3/6 each.
- Grevillea pendicum. A new variety not yet flowered. 2/6 Grevillea punica (Crimson-flowered Grevillea), E. Three
- to four feet. 3/6 each.
- Grevillea pudica. Another new variety not yet flowered. 2/6 each.
- *Grevillea thelemanniana, E. Spider net Bush of Western Australia. Flowers deep red and yellowish, 4-5ft. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
 - Grevillea. Other varieties, see page 11.
- Grevillea. Collection of 12 choice varieties for 36/-.

- Hakea florida (Flowering Hakea). A new variety from Australia, 5ft. 2/- to 2/6.
- Hakea laurina (Pin Cushion Tree of Australia), E. Large red flowers, produced along the stems; very fine, 12ft. 2/6 and 3/- each.
- *Hibiscus moschatus, D. A type of Hibiscus which dies down each winter, throwing up shoots in the spring, making a fine display with gorgeous flowers; several varieties, 2ft. 2/6 each.
- Hoheria populnea var. Osborneii, E. A magnificent new free flowering lace-bark, large shrub, flowers white, purplish blue stamens, leaves purplish underneath, plants very hardy and of easy culture; one of the most admired native shrubs in our Nurseries; extremely rare. Strong plants from layers or grafts in pots 10ft. 3/6 to 5/- each.
- Hovenia dulcis (Chinese Raisin), E. Handsome foliage; small white flowers, edible friut, 10ft. 2/6.
- *Hovea trisperma, E. Flowers vermillion, 2ft. 2/6.
- *Hoven longifolia, E. Purple Pea Bush. Flowers purple; this plant has not yet flowered with us, 6ft. 2/6.
- *Hydrangea Ajisai. Large flower, rosy blue to light blue, according to the soil, 4ft. 2/6 each.
- *Iboza ripiria, E. A new winter flowering dwarf, tender shrub, flowers white, freely produced; very dainty, 2ft. 3/6.
- *Iochroma coccinea, E. Quick growing frost tender shrub, scarlet flowers freely produced, 6ft. 2/6.
- *Iochroma tubulosa, E. Large deep blue flowers; very beautiful, rapid growth, 8ft. 2/6.
- *Jacksonia scoparia, E. Greenhouse evergreen shrub or for a very warm position outside; rare, 4ft. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
 - Kunzea parviflora (Bottle green Mountain Bush), E. Said to be very effective, 4ft. 2/6.
- Lagerstroemia indica (Queen's Crepe Flower), D. Beautiful mauve flowers; fine foliage, 10ft. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- *Lambertia formosa (Sydney Honeysuckle Flower Bush), E. Red flower; fine small shrub, 4ft. 2/6.
- *Lantana, E. Beautiful semi-climbing flowering tender shrub; splendid for a wall or bank. Flower the first season and continues for over six months, 5ft. 2/each; 10/- for six varieties.
 - Lantana alba. Pure white.

Lantana Chelsea gem. Brilliant crimson, suffused golden yellow.

Lantana coccinea. Scarlet; very beautiful.

Lantana Drap d'Or. Golden yellow.

Lantana rosea. Rose coloured; pretty.

Lantana sellowiana. Purple lilac; perpetual bloomer.

*Lasiandra Edwardsii, E. (New). A hybrid between macrantha and grandiflora, intermediate in flowers and habit, 5ft. 2/6 and 3/6.

*Lasiandra macrantha rosea. A beautiful variety with large satin rose flowers; very frost tender, 3ft. 3/6 each.

*Lasiandra scandens, E. See new climbers.

*Lasiandra in six varieties collection for 12/6.

Leptospermum scoparium (Manuka). One of our specialities; fine hardy shrubs, 6ft.

Leptospermum scoparium alba flora plena. Double white, sometimes showing a little green, 8ft. 5/- each.

Leptospermum scoparium Nichollsii improved. Very deep red flowers and foliage; a decided improvement on the old variety, 8ft. 3/6 to 5/-.

Leptospermum scoparium rosea fl. pl., E. Double rose; one of our very best recent additions, easy to grow; flowers freely; should be in all good gardens. Highly recommended, 6ft. 5/- to 7/6 each.

Leptospermum scoparium rosea fl. pl. Improved. Our very latest; only a few plants to spare; an improvement on the above, 8ft. 7/6 to 10/- each.

Leptospermum scoparium rubra pygmeum, E. Fine dark red foliage and flowers; this new plant only grows about 2ft. high; extremely rare, 5/- each.

Leptospermum. Other varieties, see page 13.

Leptospermum. Collection of 12 distinct varieties including two double for 40/-.

*Leucodendron Stokeii, E. An extremely rare variety, from South Africa. 3/6 each.

Lhotzkya genetylloides, E. Snow Myrtle of Australia. Very beautiful; dainty white flowers, 4ft. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

Lomatia illicifolia, E. (Australian Holly). Creamy white flowers; beautiful foliage, 3ft to 6ft. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

Macadamia ternifolia (Queensland Nut), E. Fine foliage tree; young foliage highly coloured. Fruit produced when about 8-10 years old, edible. A very interesting tree, 12ft. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

- Magnolia conspicua (True), D. One of the best flowering varieties, pure white, sweetly scented flowers; supply very short, 10ft. 5/- each.
- Magnolia Campbellii, D. Rose pink, white within very large and beautiful flowers; a rare variety. Highly recommended, 15ft. 5/- to 7/6 each.
- Magnolia. Collection of 12 distinct varieties for 40/-.
- Melaleuca species, E. Creamy white. A most beautiful large flowering shrub, highly scented; flowers last three weeks in water, 10ft. 2/6 each.
- Melaleuca Wilsonii, E. Reddish purple, rapid grower; said to be a fine shrub, 8ft. 2/6.
- Melaleuca, in six varieties, the collection for 12/-.
- Melicope Mantellii (New Zealand). A fine native shrub from Chatham Islands; rare, 8ft. 3/6 each.
- *Metrosideros diffusa (New Zealand). A very showy reddish-pink flowering climber of the Rata Vine family, clings like Virginian Creeper; splendid for brick work, rough cast, and punga posts. Highly recommended; now very rare. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- *Montanoa tomentosa grandiflora, E. Quite new to us, flowers yellow and white, 3ft. 2/6 each.
 - Myrtus. Natives in six varieties, 2/- and 2/6 each; collection, six varieties for 12/-.
- Myrtus Ralphii purpurea, E. A new bronze leaved form of our New Zealand Myrtle; pretty foliage, flowers and berries, 4ft. 3/6 each.
- *Oxylobium Callistachys, E (The Australian Pointed Pod Bush). Yellow flowers, 8-10ft. 2/6.
 - Ozothamnos (Helichrysum) Hookeri, E. New shrub from Tasmania. 2/6.
 - Ozothamnos (Helichrysum) Gunni, E. New shrub from Tasmania. 2/6.
 - Pernettya grandiflora, E. Small hardy shrub with dainty heath-like flowers, 2ft. 2/- and 2/6.
 - Photinia villosa, D. Upright grower; this variety has not yet flowered with us, 10ft. 2/- and 2/6 each.
 - Pimelia decussata, E. A charming little shrub with a nice habit of growth, producing dainty heads of light pink flowers. Commences to flower the year after planting, 2ft. 2/6 each.
 - Pittosporum umbellatum, E. (New Zealand). A beautiful rare variety with pink flowers, small, round green berries, brick red when open, 10ft. 2/6 each.
 - Pomaderris prunifolia, E. (Plum-leaved Pomaderris). Pale yellow, 3-5ft. 2/- and 2/6.

- Pseudopanax discolor (Bronze Panax), E. A very beautiful dwarf shrub with bronze leaves; rare, 5ft. 3/6 ea.
- Pseudopanax ferox (Tooth Lancewood). Extremely rare; one of the most curious trees in our New Zealand flora, 10ft. 3/- and 3/6 each.
- Prostanthera lasianthos, E. (Australian Lilac). One of the largest of the Prostantheras. Flowers pinkish white, purplish spots; very fine. Should be in every garden, 8ft. 2/6 and 3/- each.
- Prostanthera ovalifolia (Mint Bush), E. One of our latest additions to this valuable class, flowers pinkish mauve; very beautiful. Should be in all good gardens, 3ft. 2/6 each.
- Prostanthera in three other varieties, wrongly printed under the heading of Pomaderris, page 18.
- Prostanthera. Collection in seven distinct named varieties for 17/6.
- Protea. After many years of waiting we can now offer what we claim to be the finest collection of these beautiful evergreen shrubs in Australasia. Plants will stand plenty of wind and a fair amount of frost; they grow splendidly in stony hillsides. Beautiful large flowers of various shades and types. Highly recommended.

.Protea compacta Protea Mundi Protea longifolia Protea susane

Protea latifolia glauca Protea scolymocephela

- All these new Proteas are extremely rare, and at the present time we cannot find any book that describes them. However, we understand they are most beautiful. Price 3/6 each, or full collection of six varieties (new) for 18/-.
- Protea mellifera. Large creamy white flowers tinted pink; extremely beautiful; keeps well as a cut flower; blooms from April to July, 6ft. 2/6 to 3/6 ea.
- Prunus Mume. Double pink; one of the best of the flowering Prunes. Very early and easy of culture; will stand any climate, 5ft. 2/6 and 3/- each.
- Pyracanta Rogersiana flava. A new variety just out from Kew Gardens; said to be very beautiful. 3/6 each.
- Quercus palustris (Pin Oak), D. Beautiful foliage, 30ft. 2/6 each.
- Rhododendron fragrantissima, Seedlings, E. Hybrids from the old variety; some very beautiful varieties have originated from these, 3ft. 5/- each.

- Rhododendron Pink Pearl, E. See page 35. We have now some extra large fine grown plants of this beautiful Rhododendron, well set with flower buds, 15/- to 20/- each.
- Rhus cotinus atropurpurea, D. This tree bears large panicles of misty-looking flowers, and on account of that is often called Smoke Bush. The leaves of this variety are purple, 6-8ft. 3/- and 3/6 each.
- Romneya trichocalyx. A new and much improved variety, more free flowering and better habit, 5ft. 3/6 each.
- *Sesbania Tripettii (Brazilian Glory Pea), E. Flowers beautiful tango colour, distinct from other flowers; two seasons of flowering, which commences first season after planting, 5ft. 2/6 each.
- *Solanum texanun, E. A new variety not yet proved, 4ft. 2/6 each.
- Sophora secundifolia (Japanese Kowhai), E. A new variety not yet flowered; beautiful dark foliage. 2/6.
- *Sparmania Africana fl. pl., E. Large foliage, double white flowers; very quick growing, 6ft. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
 - Spirea Wilsonii. New Chinese variety not yet flowered with us; said to be very fine, 4ft. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- Styrax Obassia, D. An ornamental shade tree, producing beautiful large white flowers, leaves large and round, dark green and handsome, 10ft. 2/6 to 5/- each.
- Syringa Wilsonii, D. A new Lilac from China, said to be very beautiful, 5ft. 3/6 each.
- Taxodium distichum (Deciduous Cypress). Beautiful foliage; will grow in water; a good timber tree, 60ft. 2/- each; 18/- dozen.
- Telopea truncata, E. (Tasmanian Waratah). A small and more easily grown form of the well known Waratah. Flowers freely produced, deep red, and somewhat flat, not so large as the N.S.W. variety; very hardy, 5ft. 4/- to 5/- each.
- Tweedia coerulea, E. One of the most beautiful shrubs grown, producing good heads of beautiful pale blue flowers, the first season after planting; flowers for a long period, and will stand frosts. The flowers are followed by curious seed pods 3in. long. This dainty little rare shrub which only grows about 1½ft. to 2ft. high, should be in every collection. 3/- each.
- Viburnum bittuensis, D. A new variety not yet flowered with us. 3/6 each.
- Viburnum Brivepes, D. A new variety not flowered with us. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

- Viburnum Carlessi (New Koreau var.), D. A superb novelty, flowers pure white, freely produced; sweetly scented, 4ft 3/6 to 5/- each.
- Viburnum dilatatum, D. Another new variety from Japan, 5ft. 3/6 each.
- Viburnum lantana versicolour, E. Beautifully variegated foliage; highly recommended for cutting, 5ft. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- Viburnum macrocephalum, D. (Chinese Snowball). Very beautiful low growing variety, flowers large white, freely produced. Highly recommended, 4ft. 3/6 ea.
- Viburnum prunifolium, D. This variety has not yet flowered with us, 8ft. 2/6.
- Viburnum rhytidophyllum. (New Chinese variety). Foliage remarkably long, and distinct flowering heads; very large white, red fruit, 6ft. 3/6 to 5/- each. Supply short.
- Viburnum sandankwa, E. Pretty white flowers, like Bouvardia, blooming freely, 4ft. 3/6 to 5/- each.
- Viburnum tomentosum plicatum (Japanese Snowball), D. Large white round flowers, produced all along the branches; one of the best varieties, 5ft. 2/6 each.
- Viburnum. Collection 12 distinct choice named varieties for 36/-.
- Weigelia (Apple Blossom) Van Houttei, D. Rosy white, 5ft. 2/- and 2/6 each.
- Weigelia. Collection six varieties distinct, named for 12/-.

VISITORS TO THE NURSERIES.—Our Nurseries are situated on Tukapa Street at the terminus of the asphalt road just over two miles from the New Plymouth Post Office. The New Zealand Native Tree Nursery, occupying four acres, is devoted entirely to New Zealand Native Trees and plants, and is situated just alongside our General Nursery covering about 25 acres. Visitors are always welcome to inspect the Nurseries any day of the week.

Business may be done between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. Sundays excepted.

Our stock of evergreen shrubs is now said to be the largest in Australasia, so a visit will always be instructive and interesting.

New and Rare Climbers

NOT PREVIOUSLY OFFERED BY US.

- Billardiera longiflora. (Tasmanian Blue Berry). A strong growing climber, producing small creamy tubular flowers, followed by large beautiful deep blue fruit. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- Bignonia gracilis. Slender growing; not yet flowered. 2/6 each.
- Bignonia jasmanoides rosea, E. Rose coloured variety of this beautiful flower; very beautiful.
- Bignonia Manglesi, D. Large tubular brown red flowers; quite distinct from other varieties. 2/6 to 3/- each.
- Bignonia sanguinia præcox, D. Deep flesh colour, this variety is said to be very beautiful, and has only this year been imported by us. 2/6 to 3/6 each.
- Bignonia. Other varieties, see page 39.
- Bignonia. Collection of 15 varieties for 36/-.
- Celastrus scandens, D. Rapid grower. During winter covered with beautiful bright red berries. If berries are wanted it is necessary to grow both male and female plants. 2/6 each; pair 4/6
- *Gelsemium sempervirens (Caroline Jesamine), E. One of the earliest spring blooms, ideal for fences or covering stumps; flowers golden yellow, very attractive; hardy. 2/6 each.
 - Hedera (Ivy) tricolor. A small-leaved variegated Ivy; splendid for clinging to a low wall or fence. 2/- and 2/6 each.
- *Hibbertia volubilis, E. Very large yellow flowers, about 1½in. to 2in. across, freely produced on young plants; flowers for a long season. Highly recommended, 2/6 to 3/6 each.
 - Jasminum (Jasmine) Beesianum, E. Bright red, rampant grower. 2/6 each.
 - Jasminum (Jasmine) grandiflorum. Giant English Jasmine, large white flowers, beautifully perfumed, highly recommended. 2/6 each.
- Jasminum. Collection of six varieties for 14/-.
- *Lasiandra scandens, E. A climbing form of this well known plant; small purple flowers; rapid growth. 2/- each.

- *Lonicera hildebrandiana (Burmese Honeysuckle). Flowers buff to reddish, huge scented flowers, often 4in. long; highly recommended. 3/6 each.
- *Manettia bicolor, E. A small dainty climber flowering the whole year round. 2/- and 2/6 each.
- *Metrosideros florida var. aurata, E. (Yellow Rata). Extremely rare; beautiful climber, flowers golden yellow, produced freely; requires rough tree trunk or rubble wall to climb on. 5/- each.
 - Passiflora maliformis, E. Flowers gree flowered with us. 2/- and 2/6 each. Flowers green-red; not yet
- Sollya hetrophylla (Australian Blue Bell), E. Dainty blue flowers produced nearly all the summer; highly recommended. 2/- to 3/6 each.
- Wistaria Childs Ever-blooming, D. Short thick deep purple flowers, produced over a long season; sturdy grower. 2/6 each.
- Tacsonia Taylorii (Mollissima X exoniensis). New variety raised in Melbourne. Flowers large light pink, foliage bright green; hardy and very vigorous. Fruits throughout the whole year; said to be a great acquisition. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

Perennials, etc.

Not previously offered by us.

- Agapanthus umbellatus globosus. Small blue flowers, 4ft. 2/- each.
- Agapanthus umbellatus intermedius (syn. Mooreii). Early white, slightly flushed; very pale pink, 3ft. 2/6 each.
- Agapanthus umbellatus maxima. Giant blue, 4ft. 2/6 ea. Agapanthus umbellatus maxima alba. Giant white, 4ft. 2/6 each.
- Agapanthus umbellatus Mooreanus. Dwarf deep blue, 18 inches. 2/- each.
- Agapanthus umbellatus alba. White, 1/6 ea.; 12/- doz.
- Agapanthus umbellatus blue. Old variety. 1/6 each; 12/dozen.
- Agapanthus umbellatus fl. pl. Double blue flowers; very beautiful. 2/6 each.
- Agapanthus Weilliegerii. New variety; not yet flowered; 2/- each.
- Agapanthus. Collection of above nine varieties for 20/-.

Amaryllis belladonna Baptisa rosea. Giant deep rose, yellow throat, 24in. 2/6 each.

Amaryllis belladonna Baptisa alba. Yellowish white, strong grower, 18in. 2/6 each.

Amaryllis belladonna Baptisa multiflora. Free flowering. new variety, 18in. 2/-.

Amaryllis spectabilis bicolor. Pink and white, 18in. 2/- ea. Amaryllis. Collection of eight distinct varieties for 12/6.

Anigozanthos Manglesii (Kangaroo's foot). Flowers red, green and pale yellow; a most beautiful tricoloured perennial; requires a very warm position. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

Aquilegia cœrulea (Mrs. Scott Elliot's Hybrids). Specially selected strain from our very best types. We recom-mend this strain as the best we have ever offered; flowering plants, 20in. 5/- doz.; large size, 10/- doz.

Aquilegia Rose Queen. Very beautiful rose pink, variety. 7/6 dozen.

Aster (Michaelmas Daisy) Coombe Fishacre. Blush white in long racemes, 3ft. 1/6 each.

Aster, E. C. Lowe. Large pale blue flowers, 3ft. 1/6 each. Aster, diffusus horizontalis. Small flowers, white, red centre, 2ft. 1/6 each.

Aster ericoides, Hon, P. Gibbs. Pale blue, small flowered variety, 3ft. 1/6 each.

Aster Glory of Colwall. Double soft blue flowers, 3ft. 2/- each.

Aster grandiflorus. Dwarf deep purple; late, 2ft. 1/6 ea. Aster Mrs. S. T. Wright. Tall grower, large purple flowers, 4ft. 1/6 each.

Aster Perry's Pink, Medium sized pink; very beautiful, 3ft. 1/6 each.

Aster Saint Egwin. Dwarf, soft pink; very good, 2ft. 1/6 each.

Aster Triumph. Tall growing, large soft heliotrope flowers, 4ft. 1/6 each.

Aster vimineus. Small flowers, light mauve, 4ft. 1/6 ea. Aster. Collection of 12 distinct varieties for 15/-.

Boltonia rosea. Purple pink flowers; splendid new perennial, 31ft. 2/- each.

Bryophyllum calycinum (greenhouse pot plant). Quick growing; large beautiful flowers of a curious shape, colour yellowish red, 11ft. 2/6 each.

Canna. Choice collection of 12 leading varieties. each: 15/- dozen.

Cosmos, King of the Blacks. Black flowers, produced on long stems; splendid for cutting, 18in. 2/- each.

*Crinum Powelli. Beautiful heads of rose coloured flowers, 24in. 2/- and 2/6 each.

*Crinum Powelli alba. White form of the above, 24in. 2/- and 2/6 each.

Dahlias Choice Cactus. Named, 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.

Dahlias Choice Collarette. Named, 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.

Dahlias Choice Pæony. Named, 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.

Delphinium named hybrids, in 12 choice varieties, 1/6 to 2/- each; 15/- to 20/- dozen.

Dracocephalum ruysciana. Spikes of magenta blue flowers, 18in. 1/6 each.

Eryngium Wrightii. A variety not yet flowered, 24in.

Eupatorium ianthinum. Large trusses of purple flowers, 3ft. 2/- each.

Geum Lady Stratheden. Beautiful new yellow variety; splendid for cutting, 24in. 1/6 each; 12/- dozen.

Gysophila paniculata fl. pl. Double white form of the well known Gypsophila, 18in. 2/6 each.

Helenium autumnale rubrum (new). Dark brown-red flowers, 4ft. 2/- each.

Helenium grandicephalum striatum. Orange striped crimson flowers, 4ft. 2/- each.

Helenium superbum (new). Not yet flowered. 2/6 each.

Helenium. Other varieties, see page 51.

Helenium. Collection of eight varieties for 12/-.

Helianthus quertifolius. A new variety, rich yellow flowers, 21 ft. 1/6 each.

Helianthus rigidus. Bright yellow; flowers very attractive, 3½ft. 1/6 each.

Iris siberica. Six varieties; beautiful flowers, blue and white, long stems, 3ft. 1/6 each; the collection of six for 8/-.

Iris stylosa. In variety; winter flowering, 15in. 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.

Ismene (Peruvian Daffodil) calathinum grandiflora. White flowers, very sweetly scented; extremely beautiful, 8in. 2/- and 2/6 each.

Lobelia cardinalis. Red flowers and foliage, 3ft. 1/6 ea. Lobelia fulgens Queen Victoria. Dazzling scarlet flowers and dark red foliage, 3ft. 1/6 each.

Lythrum Salicaria (Loose strife). Splendid waterside plant, 4ft. 1/6 each.

Monarda florain. A new variety recently imported by us. 2/- each.

Nierembergia phyllocaulis. A new variety not yet flowered

with us, 18in. 2/- each. Plectranthus Ecklonii. Coleus-like plant, 15in. 1/6 ea. Potentilla coronata. Silver foliage; very attractive, 15in. 1/6 each.

Potentilla nepalensis. Deep pink; very free flowering, 15in. 1/6 each.

Potentilla. Collection of six varieties for 7/6.

Rudbeckia. Collection four varieties for 5/-.

Salvia azurea grandiflora. Blue, very choice, 2½ft. 2/-.

Salvia. Other varieties, see page 53.

Salvia pratensis. Deep heliotrope blue, large petals, 2ft. 1/6 each.

Salvia scabra. Large foliage; not yet flowered, 3ft. 1/6 each.

Salvia. Collection of 12 perennial varieties for 15/-.

Shasta Daisy, Chiffon. Large white flowers; very fine petals, long stems, 2ft. 2/- each. Sidalcea candida. White form of the Sidalcea rosea, 12ft.

1/6 and 2/- each.

Sidalcea rosea. Beautifully fringed flowers of a delicate pink colour, 12ft. 2/- each.

Spiraea. Collection of eight distinct varieties for 10/-. Statice Dicksonii. New pink Statice; most beautiful, 18in. 3/- and 3/6 each.

Statice macrophylla atro-cœrulea. An improved large flowered blue variety, 30in, 2/- each.

Statice sinensis. Yellow and white; a rare variety; dainty, 12in. 2/- each.

Statice sinuata. Splendid for cutting; purple, 20in. 1/6 each.

Statice. Other varieties, see page 54.

Statice. Collection of eight varieties for 12/-.

Thalectrum dipterocarpum album. White form of the well known Thalectrum, 4ft. 2/- each.

Tradescantia virginiana. Deep blue flowers, 18in. 1/6 ea. Tritoma (Red hot poker) Corallina. Red, 3ft. 2/- each. Tritoma Gold Else . Yellow; very beautiful, 4ft. 2/6 each.

Tritoma Nelsonii. Dwarf red, 3ft. 2/- each.

Tritoma nobilis. Giant red flowers, 5ft. 3/6 each. Tritoma Phitzerii. Large bright red, 3ft. 2/- each.

Tritoma uvaria grandiflora. The old variety. 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.

Tritoma. Collection of six named varieties for 12/-.

Rock and Alpine Plants

Not previously offered by us.

Achillea (Yarrow) millefolium roseum. Rose pink form of Achillea tomentosa. 1/6 each.

Achillea tomentosa. Large flat heads of golden yellow flowers, 15in. 1/6 each.

Achillea siberica. Silvery foliage, white flowers, 20in. 1/6 ea.

Arenaria montana. Forms large tufts covered with large white flowers, 4in. 1/6 each.

Artemisia stelleriana (Wormwood). Trailing variety with

Artemisia stelleriana (Wormwood). Trailing variety with bold white, handsomely divided foliage, Sin. 1/6 each. Calocephalus Brownii. Beautiful clusters of white flowers;

splendid bedding plant, silver foliage, 18in. 2/- each. Campanula carpatica alba. A white form of Campanula carpatica, 12in. 1/6 each.

Campanula carpatica Riverslea. Saucer shaped pale blue flowers, 12in. 2/- each.

Campanula celtidifolia, Ed. Molyneaux. New variety; said to be very beautiful, 12in. 2/- each.

Campanula Feltham Beauty. Large pale blue flowers; highly recommended, 18in. 2/- each.

Campanula grandiflorum. (Platycodon or Baloon Flower) in four distinct varieties, 18in. 1/6 each.

Campanula lactiflora. Whitest mauve, 36in. 2/- each.

Campanula Loreyi. Very dainty dwarf variety, large pale blue flowers, 6in. 2/- each.

Campanula speciosa. Pale blue Canterbury bell-like flowers, 9in. 1/6 each.

Campanula Trachelium album. Free flowering, white variety, 12in. 1/6 each.

Campanula. Collection of 18 varieties for 24/-.

Cimicifuga japonica. White flowers, beautiful fern-like foliage, 12in. 1/6 each.

Cypella Herberti. Rich yellow, beautiful Iris-like flowers; blooms all the summer; Bulbs, 1/6 each; 15/- dozen. Erigeron glabellus. Purple, free flowering, 9in. 1/6 ea.

Erigeron speciosus superbus. Lilac purple; a good plant, 24in. 1/6 each.

Erigeron. Collection of four varieties for 5/-.

Gentiana (Gentian) macrophylla. Large heads, deep blue flowers, 12in. 2/- each.

Geranium Wallichianum. Pale lavender, veined with purple, 12in. 2/-.

Geum sibericum. Coral red; a beautiful rock variety, 8in. 1/6 each.

Jasoine perennis. Bushy growing plant, blue flowers, 9in. 1/6 each.

Nerine filifolia. Fine rose-red, grassy foliage, 12in. 1/6 ea. Nerine japonica alba. Pure white, beautiful cut flower, 12in. 1/6 each.

Nerine sarniensis (Guernsey Lily). Magenta crimson, 12in. 1/6 each.

Nerine. Collection of six named varieties for 7/6.

Pentstemon pubescens pygmeus. Purple pink flowers, 6in. 1/6 each.

Polygonum amplexicaule. Rosy red, rampant grower, 12in. 1/6 each.

Primula capitata. Heads of deep blue flowers, 12in. 2/and 2/6 each.

Primula cashmeriana. Mauve, round heads, 12in. 2/- ea. Primula (Polyanthus). Yellow and brown shades: a splendid type, 12in. 6/- dozen.

Primula Lissadel Hybrid Ailin Aroon. Light scarlet, 20in. 1/6 each.

Primula Poissoni.

Bright rosy mauve, flowers on tall stems, 30in. 1/- each; 10/- dozen.

Primula pulverulenta. Dull purple crimson, flowers in whorls on mealy stems, a huge plant and very flori-ferous, 30in. 1/- each; 7/6 dozen.

Primula pulverulenta Annisgrove Hybrids. Very beautiful forms of the above, yellowish brown, 20in. 2/- each.

Primula. Other varieties, see page 53.

Primula. Collection of 12 varieties for 12/-.

Podalepis acuminata. Yellow flowers, 12in. 1/6 each.

Schizistylis coccinea var. Mr. Hegarty. The new pink Kaffir Lily, strong grower, free flowering; one of our most beautiful bulbous plants, 12in. 2/6 to 3/6 each. Sedum (Stonecrop) acre. White flowers; splendid border

plant, 3in. 1/6 each. Sedum coccineum. Red flowers and foliage; highly recom-

mended, 3in. 1/6 each.

Sedum microphyllum. Splendid for borders, 3in. 1/6 each. Stachys lanata (Lamb's Ear). White foliage; very effective, 8in. 1/6 each.

Sternbergia lutea. Yellow Winter daffodil; beautiful large

flowers, 6in. 2/- each.

Veronica gentianoides. Light blue; very dainty, 4in. 1/6 each; 12/- dozen.

Veronica prostrata. Blue, one of our best rock or border plants, 4in. 1/6 each.

Veronica pulchella. Blue, larger than the above, 4in. 1/6 each.

Veronica. Collection of 50 varieties for £4.

New and Rare Fruits and Other Varieties

Not enumerated in this Catalogue—mostly offered last Season.

Actinidia chinensis (Chinese Gooseberry). Mixed seedlings, 10/- per half dozen; 18/- dozen. Not under halfdozen seedlings sold.

This is a strong climber, and very distinct from any

other tree or plant.

Its foliage consists of bronzy green leaves of large size, and the yellow flowers are followed by crops of luscious fruit.

Quite a sensation has taken place among horticulturists during the last year or two on seeing and hearing of this

wonderful fruiting climber.

To get best results it is essential to plant male and female plants in close proximity to each other, and as it is difficult to distinguish which is which, whilst the plants are young, we recommend planting at least half-dozen or a dozen, and have quoted at the low dozen rate to encourage such planting.

FEIJOA.

Feijoa Coolidegi. Seedlings. This is said to be the finest of these superb fruits that has yet been introduced. Very large size, finest quality and very prolific. Price 5/each; supply limited.

LEMON.

Ponderosa, or "Wonder Lemon." This is a real wonder amongst Citrus Fruits. It commences to crop the year after planting. The fruit are large and often weigh over 2lbs each. Most useful for Marmalade and any purposes for which Lemons are used. As an ornamental tree it is most attractive. We recommend this with every confidence Stock limited Price 7/6 to 10/6 ea.

ORANGE.

Otaheite. This is a wonderful little sweet orange, which fruits quite young, making a most beautiful ornamental plant. Specially suitable for pot culture, 3ft. 5/- ea.

PEACHES-3/- each: 33/- dozen.

Wallis' Best. A new clingstone peach after the type of Paragon. Said to be an immense cropper; highly coloured, and suitable for either home or market use. J. H. Hale. This is the great million-dollar peach raised by Mr. J. H Hale, known as the Peach King of America. The fruit is said to be a marvel in size, and of exquisite beauty. It is a freestone, with flesh as firm as a clingstone. The fruit ripens after Paragon, and often weighs 12oz. to 15oz. each.

PLUMS-3/- each; 33/- dozen.

- Beauty. Large oval crimson, with amber flesh, heavy cropper, the largest of all first early plums; ripe about Christmas.
- Billington's Beauty. Cherry plum and Satsuma cross ripening 'Xmas week. Tree an immense cropper, hangs well. Unlike Satsuma it is of a light red colour in flesh, and when cooked resembles a dish of blood.
- Cherry Plum. The well known old variety, splendid for heavy soils, first to ripen, large trees 2/6 each; 28/dozen. Smaller for hedge purposes, 50/- 100.
- **Epoch.** Very late Japanese plum, fruit medium to large, oval colour, reddish purple. Very heavy cropper; a most valuable plum.
- Lashbrook's seedling. A local seedling, extremely heavy cropper, recommended for cottage garden planting in this district.
- Purple King. New pedigree plum. This is considered the finest Japanese plum raised up to date, in season middle February to middle March; specimens often measuring up to 74 inches. Flavour more like an European plum; excellent desert, bottling and preserving.
- Wright's Hybrid. In colour and size this resembles Wright's Early, but in flavour entirely that of the Cherry Plum. It is said to be a glorified Cherry Plum, and is ripe for 'Xmas.
- Westown Beauty. This a local seedling from that well known variety Burbank, and of superior quality. It is light flesh in colour and very juicy, ripening about New Year.
- *Xmas Day. This is another local raised seedling of first class quality, ripening at Christmas time, is a great acquisition in Taranaki.

MULBERRY.

Black and White varieties. There has been a great shortage of these old fashioned fruit trees. We can now offer the leading varieties. 2/6 to 3/6 each.

Hedge, Shelter and Timber Trees

Not previously offered by us.

Acacia saligna (Timber and Firewood). A very quick growing hardy variety, specially suitable for coastal planting. 17/6 100; £5 1000.

Acacia Cyclops (Shelter and sand-binding). This is a low growing variety, very suitable for sand planting, makes

good firewood. 17/6 per 100; £5 1000.

Azalea (for hedges) mixed varieties. We offer a beautiful stock of these in good strong plants, separate colours

if desired. 15/- dozen; 100/- 100.

Eugenia myrtifolia (Brazilian Cherry). Makes a beautiful large hedge or break wind, handsome foliage, and large beautifully coloured edible fruit; will only stand slight frost, 12ft. 12/- doz.; 75/- 100.

Novelty and New Roses

Price 2/6 ea. except where priced; Collection of 18 for 45/-.

As there are so many new roses being imported into New Zealand every year, many of which are not a success, we have decided only to list one and a-half dozen of the recent varieties that have been proved by us.

Aspirant M. Rowyer. Deep apricot tinted salmon, flesh

veined, deep yellow.

America, H.T. (E. G. Hill) Beautiful pink, long buds, very fragrant, strong grower; one of the very best recent

introductions 3/6.

Betty Uprichard, H.T. (Alex Dickson and Sons). The inner face of petal of this unique rose is delicate salmon pink to carmine, while the outer or reverse of petal is glowing carmine, with coppery sheen and a pro-fusion of orange—a truly gorgeous combination of colours that attract and delight. Awarded Gold Medal N.R.S.

Coral Cluster. Rich coral pink, very pretty and distinct; a

fine new polyantha rose.

Clg. Mrs. Aaron Ward (Alex Dickson and Sons). A climbing form of this distinct and esteemed variety It is possessed of remarkable vigour and wonderfully free flowering characteristics. A nost valuable addition to the climbing section of Hybrid Tea Roses.

Clg. Mad. Ed. Herriott. A climbing sport from the dwarf,

colour tangerine and copper.

Clg. Mrs. Herbert Stevens. A climbing variety of this well known and lovely white rose.

- Clara Curtis, H. T. (Alex Dickson and sons). This is a truly magnificent rose, with large full and perfectly formed flowers of golden yellow colour, and Marechal Niel perfume. The buds are yellow smeared. Beyond question this is the best yellow exhibition rose yet produced, and it will find a place in the rose gardens the world over. Awarded Gold Medal, National Rose Society.
- Esme. A new variety which is showing special merit, highly recommended for cutting.

Golden Vision. A very beautiful golden rose, with very

effective flowers of first class quality.

Hawlmark Scarlet, H.T. (A. Dickson and Sons) Brilliant scarlet, sweetly scented, blooms throughout the season; a beautiful bedding rose. 3/6 each.

Jacotte. Vigorous climber, very floriferous, bright dark green foliage, bud orange yellow, deep copper tinted

coppery red; very effective.

Lorraine Lee (A. Clark). One of the most beautiful decorative roses grown, colour warm apricot pink, flushed salmon, being a perpetual bloomer, it will be of great value as a cut flower. 3/6.

Mermaid. Single flower, very large form, from 4in. to 6in. wide, pale sulphur yellow, firm petals; very hardy and

very floriferous.

Moyesii. Special colour deep red, tinted brown or violaceous red, single flower of perfect shape; beautiful coloured seeds.

Maire. Deep rosy pink, long pointed bud, vigorous grower,

blooms standing up well above the foliage.

Mimi Pinson. A dwarf well branched bush, flowers full, in panicles of 25 to 100 flowers; clear crimson turning to purple rose and rose; very floriferous and ever blooming.

Sovereign (B. R. Cant and Sons). Strong bushy growth, free from mildew; flowers of medium size, freely produced, of deep metallic yellow in the bud, opening to golden yellow.

New Zealand Native Trees, Shrubs & Plants

(Our Speciality.)

Our new Catalogue will be issued early in May. If a copy has not been received by the middle of the month please apply.

Send for our new Native Catalogue.

Veronicas.-We offer 150 named varieties of these.

Timber & Plantation Trees

D—Deciduous. E-Evergreen.

All trees thoroughly wrenched where essential.

- Ash, Euglish, D. The well-known timber tree of Britain, 5 to 6 feet 20s. per doz.
- Acacia Decurrens. (Black Wattle.) See separate list.
- Abies Donglasii. (Oregon Pine.) The well-known Oregon Pine of America, 18 inches, strong, 6s. per dozen, 40s. 100.
- Benthamia Fragrifera. Fine evergreen tree from Nepaul, bearing strawberry like fruits, 10s. doz., 60s. per 100.
- Casuarina Cunninghamii. The well-known Australian She Oak, stands winds well, very quick, 8s. doz., 50s. 100.
- Chestnut, Spanish. 3 ft., 10s. doz., 70s. 100.
- Cytisus Laburnum. The common Laburnum, yellow flowering, 8 to 10 ft., 24s. doz., 150s. 100.
- CUPRESSUS-
 - Sempervirens, E. The old European cypress, 6s. doz., 35s. 100.
 - Sempervirens Stricta. The true upright cypress, 10s. doz., 70s. 100.
 - Torulosa, E. A splendid tree for inland planting. Very beautiful. 8s. doz., 50s. 100.
 - Lawsoniana, E. Splendid plantation tree, and particularly well suited for Taranaki. 2 yr. 35s. 100, £15 1000; 3 yr. 50s. 100, £20 1000.
- Cryptomeria Elegans, E. (Japanese Red Cedar.) A splendid inland plant, very hardy, foliage turns reddish in the winter, 10s. doz., 50s. 100.
- Eucalyptus. See special list.
- Fagus Menzesii. (White Beech.) Native. 10s. doz., 50s. 100.
- Metrosideros Tomentosa (Pohutukawa), E. Highly recommended for coastal planting. Will not stand frost. 18s. doz., £5 to £7 10s. per 100.
- Nerium, E. (Oleander.) These showy flowering trees are splendid to mix with other plantation trees for effect. We offer six varieties. 15s. doz., 100s. 100.
- Larix Europea. (Larch.) 18 inches, 10s. doz., 60s. 100.
- Leptospernum, Australian, in two varieties. These are stronger growers and larger in the foliage than the well-known N.Z. Manuka, and will be quite an acquisition to any plantation. 8s. doz., 50s. 100.

Podocarpus Totara, E. (Totara.) Very hardy, somewhat slow growing, makes a good plantation tree. 12s. doz., 80s.100.

PRITOSPORIM-

Tobiri. 8s. doz., 50s. 100.

Nigrescens. 8s. doz., 50s. 100.

Buchanani. 8s. doz., 50s. 100.

Ralphii. 8s. doz., 50s. 100.

Crassifolium. 8s. doz., 50s. 100.

PINTIS-

- Maritima, E. (The sea-side pine.) One of the hardiest of all pines, and especially suited for exposed seaside planting. 2 yr. old 25s. 100, 3 yr., extra strong, 35s. 100.
- Muricata, E. (Coastal Pine.) Very suitable for shelter along the sea coast. Extremely hardy. Two year selected trees 25s. 100, £10 1000. Strong, 3 years old, 35s. 100, £15 1000.
- Canariensis, E. This is one of the world's most beautiful trees, especially if planted to grow as specimens. It grows to a great height and perfectly compact and cone-shaped. The foliage being silvery-blue, makes it very handsome. 4 inch and 5 inch pots 1s. each, 10s. dozen.
- Pinaster. This is one of the best timber trees for planting in very exposed positions. 6s. doz. 40s. 100. Extra strong, 3 year old, 50s. 100.
- Radiata. (Insignus.) This is probably the best known of all the Pines. It is now proved beyond all doubt to be the most suitable tree to plant in N.Z. for timber and shelter purposes. Trees specially grown for timber planting, 2 year, 80s. 100 and 150s. 1000. Special quotation for quantity. See special inset.
- Ponderosa, E. Very fine, hardy timber tree, and grows to a very large size. 2 yr. trees 25s. 100, £10 1000.
- Plane. (Platanus Orientalis.) This is the beautiful shade tree so much used for street planting. 3 to 6 ft., 6s. to 12s. doz.; 40s. to 80s. 100.
- Ulmus Campestris, D. (European Elm.) This makes a fine tree for plantation or avenue planting. 6 to 10 ft., 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d. each; £6 100; 3 to 6 ft., 1s. each, £3 100.
- Retinospera Leptoclada, E. Blue-green foliage, upright and compact growth, 1 to 2 ft., 8s. doz., 60s. 100.
- Tamarix Gallica, D. The pink flowering Cypress. Very hardy. 8s. doz., 50s. 100.

Gleditschia Tricanthos, D. (Honey Locust.) A fast growing, large, open-headed tree, with pinnate foliage and strong spines. Produces quantities of large beans, which are useful for fodder. Very hardy, and suitable for cold, bleak positions. 2s. each, 15s. doz.

Table Showing the Number of Trees or Plants required to Plants an acre of Land. Square method.

| Distance apart. | No. per acre. | Distance | apart. | No. per acre. |
|-------------------|---------------|----------|--------|---------------|
| 1 foot apart each | way, 43,560 | 12 | | 302 |
| 2 feet | 10,890 | 14 | | 222 |
| 3 | 4,840 | 15 | | 193 |
| 4 | 2,722 | 16 | | 170 |
| 5 | 1,742 | 18 | | 134 |
| 6 | 1,210 | 20 | | 109 |
| 7 ° | 888 | 25 | | 69 |
| 8 | , 680 | 30 | | 48 |
| 9 | 537 | 35 | | 35 |
| 10 | 435 | 40 | | 27 |

Table Showing the Number of Plants in Lengths from 1 to 100 feet apart. Used for Planting Hedges, Windbreaks, etc.

| Distance apart. | No. per mile.D | istance apart. | No. per mile. |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 9 inches | 7,040 | 10 feet | 528 |
| 1 foot | 5,280 | 15 feet | |
| 2 feet | 2,640 | 20 feet | 264 |
| 3 feet | 1,760 | 25 feet | 211 |
| 4 feet | 1,320 | 30 feet | 176 |
| 5 feet | 1,056 | 35 feet | 151 |
| 6 feet | 880 | 40 feet | 132 |
| 7 feet | 754 | 45 feet | 117 |
| 8 feet | 660 | 50 feet | 105 |
| 9 feet | 586 | | |

Correspondents please write your name and address plainly.

If you have a friend who has not received our Catalogue, please tell him we will gladly forward a copy on application.

Eucalyptus

FOR TIMBER AND SHELTER.

This year we have made a special feature of these.

Eucalyptus Trees should be planted from 5-6ft. apart. It is absolutely necessary that trees are kept clean the first year. Plant in good soil, for preference ploughed land, and not too exposed.

The undermentioned prices are for first grade trees only.

100.000 Trees to Offer.

In boxes 6 to 12 inches high, 25s. per 100, £10 per 1000. Wrenched three times and laid in from open ground, 12 to 18 inches high, 17s. 6d. per 100, £5 per 1000, £12 10s. per lots of 5000.

Not less than 250 of any one variety supplied at 1000 rate.

Special Note.—A client purchasing not less than 5000 Eucalyptus procures them at the same price per 1000, 50s., as from the State, but gets a tree nearly double the size, delivered without delay and with a very small freight charge.

Our trees being grown on poor land, exposed to the winds of Mt. Egmont and hard frosts, will have a splendid root system. Procure trees from a local experienced grower, who has proved the varieties that will do well in your district.

Amygdalina (White Peppermint). Moderate sized tree One of the most beautiful gums grown. This is the best gum for producing oil.

Botryoides (Bangalay). 70 to 80 feet. The posts last for 25 years.

Crebra. Red Iron-bark. 30 to 80 feet.

Eugenoides (Roofing Gum). Medium tree, splendid timber.
Fastiginta. 150ft., very quick growing, splendid fuel and timber.

Gunnii (White Gum) Medium tree. Stands frost well; good timber.

Gigantea. One of the best. A large tree. Timber last 30 years.

Maideni (Maiden's Gum). 100 to 150 feet. Splendid wood for wheelwright work, sleepers, etc. Highly recommended.

Macarthuri (Swamp Woollybutt). Large tree; building timber; one of the best.

Obliqua (Stringy Bark). 300ft.; rapid grower, good timber, one of the best. Stands salt winds.

Pilularis (Blackbutt), 300ft. A huge tree. Timber used largely for telegraph poles and all building purposes.

Resinifera (Red Mahogany). 100ft. Building timber coastal planting.

Resinifera Grandiflora. Mountain variety of Red Mahogany.
Used for fencing and rough carpentry, etc.

Robusta (Brown Mahogany wood). 100ft. to 150ft.

Saligna (Tasmanian Blue Gum). A fine straight tree, largely used for telegraph poles. Quite distinct from the common Blue Gum. Highly recommended. Requires good soil.

Siberiana (Mountain Ash). 100ft. to 150ft. Timber of superior quality, hard, tough, light and elastic.

Sideroxylon (Species of Ironbark). Extensively used by ship-builders. Grows well on stony and hard dry places.

Stuartiana (Apple Scented Gum). 80 to 100ft. Timber hard and durable, and very suitable for building or

fencing, etc.

Tereticornis (Forest Red Gum). 150ft.; very similar to Saligna. Will grow in any position. Splendid for timber and poles.

Viminalis (Manna Gum). 150ft. Rapid grower. Will grow in poor soil in rough, cold country.

Acacia Decurrens

(Black Wattle.)

For Timber and Bark In Boxes 25/- per 100

Open ground. Price 17s. 6d. per 100, £5 for 1000, £12 10s. per lots of 5000. This price is for first grade trees only.

Plant trees 5ft. apart, taking 1742 per acre. Thin out alternate trees when five to six years old, which will make excellent firewood.

Every land-owner having any waste corners should plant some of these trees.

- A. Decurrens (Black Wattle). The true variety. Rapid grower, will thrive in any soil. Excellent fuel, the best timber variety.
- A. Decurrens, variety Mollis (Black Wattle). Very rapid grower, splendid for temporary hedges and shelter.

Forest Trees (Grade B)

The undermentioned lines, as offered by us are the same size and price as those offered by the New Zealand State Forests Service.

The trees are grown thickly, and in most cases are much smaller than those offered otherwise in this catalogue.

We do not recommend the undermentioned trees for Taranaki planting, unless the purchaser is prepared to put the trees in ploughed ground, and keep them clean until they are above the rank grass growth.

They are quite all right for planting in open Manuka or pumice country where there is very little undergrowth.

All orders for these lines of forest trees must be marked Forest Trees, "Grade B," kept separate from other orders, and accompanied by remittance.

CUPRESSUS—

Lawsoniana, 1 year old, from seed beds, height 3 to 5 inches. 9s. per 100, 80s. per 1000.

Lawsoniana, 2 years old, transplanted; 6 to 12 inches. 12s. 6d. 100, 100s. 1000.

Macrocarpa, 1 year old, from seed beds; 3 to 6 inches 6s. 100, 50s. 1000.

Macrocarpa, 2 years old, transplanted; 8 to 15 inches. 9s. 100, 80s. 1000.

Eucalypti (of sorts), small, from trays; 3 to 7 inches. 10s. 100. 80s. 1000.

Eucalypti (of sorts), from open ground seed beds, 3 to 7 inches. 6s. 100, 50s. 1000.

PINUS-

Radiata (Insignis), 1 year old, from seed beds, 4 to 6 in. 5s. 6d. 100, 45s. 1000.

Radiata, 1 year old, Specially Selected, 60s. per 1000. Radiata (Insignis), 2 years old, transplanted, 8 to 12 in. 9s. 100, 80s. 1000.

Radiata (Insignis), 2 years old, Specially Selected, 100s. and 150s. per 1000, according to grade.

Pinaster, 2 years old, transplanted, 9s. 100, 80s. 1000. Ponderosa, 2 years old, transplanted, 11s. 100, 100s. 1000. Maritama, 2 years old, 10s. 100, 90s. 1000.

All our trees are grown in high and exposed country, and are absolutely hardy. Heights given are approximate. All trees wrenched, balled and potted when necessary.

Special Note.—The above trees are only offered on the same terms as those supplied by the State Nurseries, viz., Prices nett, cash with order, packing and freight extra.

Roses

A Few Hints on the Cultivation of Roses.

The rose is a comparatively easy plant to cultivate, succeeding in any aspect and any class of soil. One of the popular errors connected with rose growing is that it requires a clayey loam to grow in. A moderately well drained heavy loam is undoubtedly the best soil for this, but such a soil is by no means essential. If the soil-be it sandy or loamy-is deeply worked, well drained, and manured, the Rose is sure to succeed, provided it does not have to fight for existence with more vigorous-growing neighbours. If possible, plant roses away from the influence of competing neighbours, in a bed by themselves, or in front of smaller growing shrubs. The best aspect, if one can choose, is a gentle slope to the north-east. Trench the ground two feet deep, leaving it, when finished, a bed of loosened soil, but placed in exactly the same order as it was originally. Some bone and stable manure should be dug into the subsoil, not brought to the surface.

If the beginner is not acquainted with the variety of roses, he should leave the selection to a reputable nurseryman. We strongly recommend the beginner to plant principally Teas and their Hybrids, as they are the freest bloomers and altogether the most satisfactory.

INSECTS AND DISEASES.

A thorough spraying in Winter, when the trees are dormant, with Bordeaux Mixture, 10-10-40 strength, will not only tend to prevent the appearance of mildew, but also that of other injurious fungoid pests. For green fly on the young shoots the most convenient and effectual remedy is Black Leaf 40, at a strength of 1 in 800, adding 1 lb. Sunlight Soap to every 25 gallons.

NOVELTY ROSES.

As so many of our new importations have been very disappointing, we have decided to only list those that prove of sufficient merit for our recommendation. See novelty pages.

GENERAL ROSE LIST.

(Alphabetically arranged.) Exclusive of Climbers.

As too many varieties are most puzzling to the purchaser, we have decided to list only one hundred of our best dwarf varieties and thirty climbing varieties.

Prices, 2s. each; 20s. per dozen. Half dozen at dozen rates. Our selection, 18s per dozen.

Parcel Post: Roses can be sent per post for about 2s dozen, or 1s 6d half dozen.

Alexander Hill Gray. Pure yellow, superb quality.

Antoine Revoire. Rosy flesh, yellow ground, shaded carmine.

Avoca. Crimson scarlet, buds long and pointed.

Autumn Tints. Coppery red, shaded with orange and salmon.

Betty. Coppery pink, overspread with yellow.

Beauty Inconstante. Dainty pale yellow, flowers edged with pink.

Bendedicte Segnin. Reddish apricot, shaded carmine, Roman ochre, and coppery orange.

Captain Christy. Delicate fiesh, large and very effective. Chamelon. Pure flame, edged cerise, with gorgeous shadings.

Caroline Testout. Satin pink with bright centre.

Columbia. Fine pink, good grower and sweet scented.

Cheerful. Orange flame colour. A fine shade.

Chrissie Mackellar. Crimson carmine and deep ochre, changing to orange pink.

Clarice Goodacre. Biscuit chrome, on ivory white stiff petals.

Covent Garden. A full and beautifully formed deep red rose.

Countess of Gosford. Salmon pink, shading to rose.

Crimson Emblem. Very fine shaped, dark glowing red blooms.

Duchess of Wellington. Saffron yellow, changes to coppery saffron.

Duchess of Sutherland. Rose pink, with lemon shading on a white base, delicate sweet briar perfume.

Elegante. Long, yellow sulphur buds, very fine.

Emma Wright. Pure orange, good habit and free flowering.

Ethel Dickson. Salmon rose, silvery reflexed.

Eugene Lamesch. Bunch flowered, briar scented, creamy petals, with top half reddish. Dainty.

Fran Kar! Druschki. Snow white, one of the finest in cultivation.

Salmon, shaded yellowish salmon; large full Franklin. and free.

F. F. Crozier. Deep canary yellow, a rose of great beauty; flowers full and globular.

George Dickson. Beautiful dark crimson. Very fine.

General Gallien. Rich metallic red, shaded with salmon. Gloire de Chedane Guinoisseau. Bright vermillion red, shaded velvet.

Gorgeous. Deep orange yellow, flushed coppery yellow.

Glowworm. Very beautiful and conspicuous.

Golden Herriott. Similar to Mad. Ed. Herriott, except colour, which is golden.

Green Rose. A quaint free flowering rose, remaining in flower for long period.

Maroon crimson, a strong grower, and free Hadley. flowering.

Harry Kirk. Deep sulphur yellow, shading lighter at the edge of the petals.

H. P. Pinkerton. Colour brilliant scarlet, heavily flamed velvety crimson; very long in the bud, free flowering and mildew proof.

Hugh Dickson. Crimson, shaded scarlet. Very fine.

Hon. Ina Bingham. Pure pink, deeply veined. Fine variety Hoosier Beauty. Scarlet crimson, of great fullness, deliciously perfumed. very free grower blooms continuously.

Hawlmark Crimson. Long pointed buds, colouring intense crimson maroon, semi-double, sweetly perfumed. One of the best decorative roses.

Single carmine red, flushed orange scarlet, large showy flowers.

Irish Beauty. Pure white, large, borne in clusters.

Irish Elegance. Orange scarlet, shading to bronze.

Irish Harmony. Pale creamy yellow, merging to white.

Irish Fireflame. Gorgeous orange, splashed with crimson. Janet. Dwarf "Glorie de Dijon." Fine bloom.

Jonkeer J. L. Mock. Carmine, changing to pink.

Juliet. Outside of petals are old gold, interior rosy red.

Joan. Coppery peach colour, small flowers.

Jean G. N. Forrestier. Growth vigorous, Lincoln-red bud; very large full flowers, globular, colour carmine lake, slightly tinted with Chinese orange yellow, sweet scented and mildew proof.

K. A. Victoria. Beautiful clear white.

Konigin Karola. Clear opaque pink, large and full, very free flowering.

Liberty. Velvety crimson, tinged rose and yellow.

Lilian Moore. Deep pure Indian yellow, pale shading. This is the famous 1000 dollar rose.

Los Angelos. A fine cutting rose. Yellowish pink.

Laurent Carle. Large brilliant carmine flowers, produced on stiff, erect stalks, and are borne in great profusion. One of the loveliest of garden roses.

Lamia. Intense reddish gold. Very showy.

Lady Ashtown. Bright China pink. A charming rose of splendid habit, and very free flowering.

Lady Hillingdon. Deep apricot yellow, long pointed buds, very free flowering and a good doer.

Mrs. Chas. Lamplough. An exhibition bloom of large size, colour soft lemon, and very sweet scented.

Midnight Sun. Deep glowing crimson, flushed with velvety black; flowers semi-double, produced singly on long stems. Very free blooming.

Mrs. Aaron Ward. Indian yellow, washed with salmon rose. One of the best.

Margaret Dickson Hamill (H.T.) A magnificent rose, its delicate solid maize straw-coloured deep shell-like petals are flushed with most delicate carmine. The very best for Taranaki.

Mrs. A. R. Wardell. Rosy scarlet buds, opening reddish salmon. Very showy.

Mrs. H. R. Darlington. An exhibition rose, creamy vellow, and sweetly scented.

Mrs. Andrew Carnegie. Clear paper white, very large, full and pointed. Fine exhibition rose.

Mad. Ed. Herriott. Semi-double of superb colouring, coralred, shaded with yellow and bright rosy scarlet, passing to prawn red. This is known as the great "Daily Mail" rose.

Mad. Abel Chatenay. Rosy carmine, shaded salmon, long buds, large and good form. One of the best.

Miss Stewart Clark. Pure golden yellow. A very fine rose indeed.

Mrs. David McKee. Deep cream, large, and of perfect form, good foliage and a good grower. Excellent for exhibition.

Marjorie Bulkeley. Buds large, full and pointed, buff ochre, heavily flushed rosy pink; flowers large and full, opening well in all weathers

Mrs. Oakley Fisher. A single variety, flowers same size Irish Elegance, colour similar to Lady Hellington.

Miss Edith Cavell. Bright scarlet, very floriferous.

Mrs. Herbert Stevens. An exquisite white rose, with long, well shaped buds and beautifully formed flowers. One of the best.

- Natalie Bottner. Creamy yellow, large and full; the yellow Frau Karl Druschki.
- Old Gold. A charming decorative rose, buds richly coloured old gold. Excellent for table decoration.
- Ophelia. Salmon flesh, shaded with rose, vigorous growth and excellent habit.
- President Wilson. Large pink rose, a good doer and highly recommended.
- Primrose. Melon yellow, with apricot shading.
- President Bouche. Coral red, shaded with prawn carmine red; a strong grower, with medium to large flowers. Quite distinct.
- Queen Mary. Bright canary yellow, crayoned with pure deep carmine.
- Red Letter Day. A brilliant fiery scarlet decorative; one of the most brilliant of roses; blooms loose in form and excellent for cutting.
- Rainbow. Beautiful soft carmine striped rose; a sport of Papa Gontier.
- Roger Lamberlin. Pure crimson, petals serrulated and margined white. Commonly known as the Carnation Rose.
- Sunburst. Rich, yellow shaded to deep orange; a good grower with beautiful foliage. One of our loveliest roses.
- Sachrengruss. Delicate flesh colour on pure white ground. Very sturdy; highly recommended.
- Star of Persia. Flowers semi-double, often 31ins. across.
- Sunstar. Deep orange yellow, edged and veined crimson; free bloomer, semi-double flowers, with long-pointed buds, deliciously perfumed.
- Theresa. In the bud state it is deep orange apricot, passing to madder pink.
- The Queen Alexander. Intense vermillion, deeply shaded old gold on reverse of petals; a remarkable and pleasing colour combination; foliage mildew proof. Vanity. Colour rich canary yellow, buds exceptionally
- Vanity. Colour rich canary yellow, buds exceptionally long, and beautifully tipped with rosy red while opening. A splendid doer.
- Victory. Glowing scarlet, long pointed and good form, free and vigorous growth. One of our best bedding roses.
- Warrior. Bubs blood red, long and handsome; opening flowers scarlet crimson; very free, semi-double.
- White Maman Cochet. Creamy white, often tinted blush or pink.

LIST OF CLUBBING ROSES.

- Claire Jacquier. Small, pale, golden yellow flowers, borne in large trusses.
- Ard's Rover. Crimson, shaded marcon, foliage large and handsome.
- American Pillar. Single, lovely shade of pink, with a clear white eye; flowers are produced in huge clusters.
- Black Boy. Very free flowering; colour a velvety dark red. Excellent.
- Blush Rambler. Rich blush, lighter centre, single. One of the best.
- Cl. Frau Karl Druschki. Pure white, like the normal type, but very strong and rampant grower.
- Cloth of Gold. Deep yellow. One of the best.
- Climbing Mad. Abel Chatenay. Carmine rose, with silvery reflex; large, full and very free.
- Climbing Papa Gontier. Rosy crimson, small and freely produced. A most beautiful rose.
- Cupid (H.T.). A pillar rose of fine growth, good habit and abundant foliage; flowers are single, five or six inches across, produced in clusters; colour is glowing flesh with a touch of peach, softening to opal when fully expanded.
- Dr. Van Fleet. Hybrid Wichuriana, pale pink and as large as a tea rose.
- Climbing Devonieusis. Very old and popular variety creamy white; makes rapid running growth, and hence valuable as a climber.
- Dorothy Dennison. Bright carmine, base of petals white, single.
- Dorothy Perkins (Wich). Colour soft, bright pink, flowers produced in clusters with glossy, dark green foliage.
- Emily Gray (Wich.). Fine rich, clear golden yellow; the finest of its kind to date; foliage rich deep green.
- Excelsa. An immense grower, producing clusters of scarlet flowers. A very popular climber.
- Effective. The best and most fragrant crimson climbing H.T.; the buds are elongated and intense crimson, and the developed flowers retain their cup-sh.ped petals to the end; very free flowering.
- Hiawatha (Wich.). Brilliant scarlet, with distinct zone of white at base of petals; single. A great favourite.
- Irish Fireflame (Climbing). Fiery orange crimson. One of the best.

- Miss Marion Manifold. Rich velvety scarlet, shaded with crimson; very large, full, and of good form; continuous bloomer; a vigorous climber; suitable for arches, pergolas, or pillars.
- Perle des Jardins. Straw colour, sometimes canary, centre orange yellow; very large and full. One of the best.
- Souvenir de Leonnie Viennot. Jonquil yellow, passing to amber, richly shaded with cochineal; most distinct and lovely, with glossy foliage. Superb.
- Sinica Anemone (Smgle). Silvery pink; very early and effective.
- Scarlet Climber (Paul's). Vivid scarlet, shaded crimson; of exceptional merit.
- W. A. Richardson. Outer petals pale yellow, centre apricot; small but very showy.
- White Banksia. The white variety of the well-known Banksia rose.
- Yellow Banksia. Yellow flowers produced in large bunches; very fast grower and a great favourite.
- White Dorothy Perkins. Pure white sport from Dorothy Perkins, having all the qualities of that variety.
- White Maman Cochet. This is a climbing form of this old well-known variety.
- Yvonne (Rambler). Soft pink with a deeper centre and yellow base; sweetly scented.

STANDARD ROSES.

As this class of tree does not do particularly well in this district, we do not grow large numbers of them, but can supply the following list and a few other sorts.

Price 5s each.

Betty. Coppery rose, shaded golden yellow.

Frau Karl Druschki. Snowy white.

George Dickson. Velvety black, with brilliant scarlet reflexed tips.

Lady Hillingdon. Orange yellow, with long buds.

Lady Ashtown. Deep rose pink, full and free blooming.

Margaret Dickson Hamill, (H.T.). Maize straw coloured deep shell-like petals, edge flushed with most delicate carmine on back of petals: its large globular blooms are produced in great profusion. Deliciously fragrant, a great acquisition for exhibition. One of the best in Taranaki.

Fruit Trees

As there are far too many varieties of fruit trees in commerce we have decided to cut our list down, and catalogue only the best. The trees are all worked on the best and most approved stocks.

There are thousands of fruit trees dumped into Taranaki every season that will not produce fruit in this province; they may do well in heavier soils, but are entirely unsuitable for the light volcanic loams of this district. On perusal of our list of Fruit Trees, customers will find listed many sorts that will crop here, and in most cases abundantly. It must, however, be expressly understood that perfect shelter and good cultivation are necessary to secure the best results.

Suggestions to those about to Plant.

Preparing the Ground.—It is of the utmost importance that the ground be properly prepared before planting the trees. The proper method is to either dig or trench the soil. In trenching, see that the soil is well mixed together, for it is not advisable to bring all the sub-soil to the surface, especially if the soil is of a stiff clay.

Planting.—After marking off the ground in straight lines dig circular holes sufficiently large to allow all the roots to spread out; avoid deep planting; the soil should be firmly trod, but not so if the ground is of a heavy nature and wet.

Manuring.—No manure of any kind to come in contact with the roots of the trees. When the trees are planted, surface dress the ground around the base of the trees for two or three feet with well-rotted manure.

Fruit Tree Prices, except where otherwise priced:

Special grade 3/- each. 33/- dozen. Usual grade 2/6 each. 28/- dozen.

APPLES.

All are carefully worked on blight-proof stocks. To prevent misapprehension it must be borne in mind that many of the varieties, although worked on blight-proof stocks, are not guaranteed to keep their branches free from blight, but, when properly worked, all below the graft, namely, the roots and stems, will always be entirely free from blight. The head may then with less difficulty be kept clean.

We have listed only 50 of the leading varieties we can recommend.

Adams' Pearmain. Tasman's Golden Reinette. A first-class dessert apple; medium size; bright red stripes; late.

Alfriston. A first-class cooking apple; large. Very late. American Golden Pippin. Most useful for family use: blight proof.

American Golden Russet. Rich golden russet; fine dessert; bears well.

Ballarat Seedling. Large winter culinary apple. Green, with red cheek. One of the best keeping apples in cultivation.

Beauty of Bath. Fine early dessert.

Blenheim Orange. Large culinary and desert apple. Late. Boston Russet. First-class russet apple. Late.

Cleopatra. New York Pippin. Above medium size; does well in northern districts, and is good for export. Charles Ross. About twice the size of Cox's Orange; a

glorious show apple of great quality.

Cox's Orange Pippin. Very handsome; medium size; good export apple. One of the best eating varieties.

Dougherty. Medium size; almost covered with bright red; a very fine dessert apple; good bearer. Late.

Devonshire Quarrenden. A very highly coloured apple. Early

Delicious. One of the best dessert apples; highly coloured and a splendid keeper. Tree vigorous and a good doer.

Dunn's Favourite. (Syn. Munroe's Favourite-Ohinemuri.) Clear yellow, sometimes with reddish cheek; flesh white and firm; a good keeper and one of the best export apples

Five Crown Pippin. One of the very best apples for all purposes; a grand grower and an excellent cropper. Late.

Gloria Mundi (Allenbank's Seedling). Fruit very large, roundish oblate, ribbed, greenish-yellow; flesh tender, with a pleasant acid flavour. Medium.

Granny Smith. Very late; splendid keeper.

Gravenstein. Another summer variety; crisp and delicious; almost blight proof.

Golden Pippin (Syn. Cockle Pippin). Beautiful golden yellow colour, and of the best quality.

Hall's Seedling. One of the finest early dessert apples grown; absolutely blight proof.

Irish Peach. The very best of early varieties; blight proof. nan. Fruit very handsome; one of the best for export; medium late. One of our leading commercial Jonathan. varieties.

Kentish Filtbasket. Very good culinary variety. Medium. Keswick Codlin. Oblong angular and pale yellow; an old and much esteemed variety.

King of the Pippins. Flesh white and juicy; one of the best desserts; a heavy bearer.

Lord Suffield. Conical, very pale yellow, soft and tender; first quality; a very fine culinary variety; great cropper, even on young trees.

Mobb's Royal. Flat, inclined to conical; green, red where

exposed; splendid second early cooker.

Northern Spy. Splendid dessert; proof: late blight coming into bearing.

(Syn. Dunn's Favourite, also Munroe's Ohinemuri. Favourite.)

Peasgood's Nonsuch. Handsome cooking, or dessert; enormous size.

Prince Alfred. Large striped and very showy apple; dessert or culinary; grows to an enormous size; fine for exhibition purposes.

Rome Beauty. Round, inclined to conical; yellow, striped with bright red; a very handsome apple of medium

quality.

Reinette du Canada. A good all-round apple; very productive and popular in Taranaki.

Scarlet Pearmain. One of the prettiest apples; good dessert. Medium.

Statesman. First-class bearer; golden yellow, striped red;

keeps well. Stayman's Winesap. One of the best long-keeping varieties; very handsome fruit of righest quality.

Sturmer Pippin. Medium size, regular cropper; good for export. Late. One of the best.

Twenty Ounce. A very large showy culinary apple.

Takapuna Russet. A large handsome russet, and one we strongly recommend.

Washington (Colonial). One of our best long keeping

culinary apples.

Worcester Pearmain. A handsome early kitchen and dessert apple; free bearer, and a great favourite.

ALMONDS.

For prices see heading of fruit trees.

Brand's Jordan. A strong upright variety, producing large sweet nuts, which are thin in the shell.

Nonpareil. A very thin shell nut; most prolific and regular cropper.

We also stock other leading varieties.

APRICOTS.

We stock all the best varieties suitable for heavy soils, including Moorpark, Harris, Royal, Roxburgh Red. Many of these are not a success in our very light soils.

CHERRIES.

We only stock a few of the leading varieties, as cherries are not too successful in this district.

NECTARINES.

Early Rivers. Large, very early, and of richest quality.

Goldmine. This is without doubt the finest nectarine in existence, and has proved itself to be the best for Taranaki, or, in fact, anywhere. The trees are healthy and the fruit not liable to crack; another good feature—there are few blind buds. We cannot cannot speak too highly of this nectarine. The trees require good cultivation and shelter, spraying in winter with Bordeaux Mixture or Vermorite, as a prevention against curl in the leaf.

New Boy. Fruit of largest size and extremely handsome; covered all over with brilliant crimson; flesh white, juicy, sugary, and of exquisite flavour; tree very hardy and a profuse cropper; one of the best.

PEACHES.

For all Fruit Tree Prices see heading Fruit Trees.

To grow Peaches with any success, it is necessary to give heed to the following instructions:—Thorough preparation of the soil when planting, and a continuation of labour in keeping the ground clean and well worked on the surface. Occasional dressings of bonedust round the base of the tree will add much to the growth and fruiting qualities. Lastly, spraying during winter with either Bordeaux mixture or Vermorite, to destroy the peach curl, which has been so destructive to peach growing for years past. Only twelve good varieties listed.

American Pound. Very large, round greenish, red cheek on sunny side; flesh yellow, freestone and good flavour.

Briggs' Red May. Very early, highly coloured; one we thoroughly recommend.

Delicious. Lovely dessert peach, skin yellow, red towards the sun, mid-season.

Early Rivers. A most delicious peach, cropping well in Taranaki.

Golden Queen. A peach of very handsome appearance, flesh golden yellow right to the stone, and very firm. Ripens end of March.

Osprey. A grand bearer; one of the best kinds.

Royal George. Large round pale yellow, covered with red spots; flesh yellow, grand flavour; an excellent old variety.

need. The earliest peach; creamy white, with rich red

blush on sunny side.

Shaw's Favourite. The most prolific peach of its season; tree extremely hardy and a certain bearer; our tests have proved this variety to be the best cropper in Taranaki.

Sea Eagle. A splendid late variety; very large and of

high flavour.

Trinmph. A very fine peach of great cropping qualities; fruit bright red with yellow flesh.

Up-to-Date. Deep yellow; delicious flavour; hardy and

productive.

Wiggins. A very valuable second early peach; ripens just after Briggs' Red May. A freestone peach of highest quality

Vivian. A local raised peach of great merit, and one we can confidently recommend.

PEARS.

For Prices see heading Fruit Trees.

Beurre Diel. A large melting, excellent late dessert.

Beurre Clairguea. Large and showy; of finest quality.

Beurre de Amanlis. A very productive Belgian pear. Very rich and juicy; flesh slightly perfumed; ripens early Autumn.

Conference. The flesh of this pear is melting, juicy and

rich; tree hardy and robust.

Fertility. Green russet, flushed with red; a sure cropper.

Kieffer's Hybrid. A first-class variety; medium size;
strong grower.

Le Lectier. A grand pear; one of the best of its season; ripens late.

Louise Bon of Jersey. Melting, very juicy and delicious; one of the very best pears for Taranaki.

P. Barry. One of the latest and best pears.

Vicar of Winkfield. (Syn. Napoleon.) Large, long keeping winter pear; a heavy bearer and a good market variety.

William's Bon Chretien. Large, buttery and melting; one of the finest summer pears; this is our most

popular pear.

Winter Cole. Melting, juicy and rich; a first-class late pear.

Winter Nelis. One of the finest winter dessert pears.

PLUMS-EUROPEAN.

Damson, Common. Very heavy cropper; grand for preserves.

Damson, Russian. Late; excellent for preserving.

Coe's Golden Drop. Flesh yellow, tinged with orange and of delicious flavour; a grand plum for any purpose.

Diamond. Very early and heavy cropper; sometimes bearing in the nursery rows.

Early Orleans. A fine early cooking plum.

Greengage. The finest flavoured plum.

Pissardi. Fruit of little value; foliage like the "Copper Beech"; a grand ornamental tree for shrubbery.

Pond's Seeding. Oval, dark red; grand flavour; one of the best orchard plums; crops well in Taranaki.

The Czar. A very large early purple plum; good grower and very productive.

Yellow Magnum Bonum. The yellow egg-plum; very handsome variety; valuable for culinary purposes.

Prune de Agen. This is the well-known French prune, and the best for general purposes.

PLUMS-JAPANESE.

For Prices see heading Fruit Trees.

This is a splendid class of plum; distinct from other varieties, and an early prolific bearer; well worth a trial by growers.

Burbank. A large red plum, with sweet yellow flesh; a splendid dessert variety; strong grower and wonderful cropper; thrives remarkably well in Taranaki. We can thoroughly recommend this variety.

October Purple. A large heart-shaped plum of good

flavour; the latest to ripen.

Ogon. One of the best varieties, very like the yellow gage in appearance; a good grower and very prolific; next in popularity to the Burbank.

Sultan. A large dark plum with deep crimson flesh that is particularly juicy and sweet; similar to "Satsuma," but earlier and a better variety; a plum that we can highly recommend.

Wright's Early. Ripens in December; an upright vigorous

grower; valuable for the early market.

We annually receive many flattering Testimonials regarding the excellence of our packing and the quality of the stock we distribute.

QUINCES.

Van Dieman. This is the finest quince grown, and is splendidly adapted to the soil and climate of Taranaki. It is a good quality and flavour, which is retained when dried or preserved. Van Dieman has been bearing well for some years, and we are confident that growers purchasing this variety will not be disappointed.

Champion. Large handsome fruit; often cropping on Nursery trees.

Missouri Mammoth. The fruit of this variety grows to a very large size; a good keeper and most productive. We also stock other leading varieties.

CITRUS FRUITS.

Citrus trees are amongst the most handsome and ornamental trees in cultivation.

They grow into beautiful specimens, and are covered

with deliciously fragrant flowers most of the year.

In the warmer districts the fruit comes to great perfection, and the trees will well repay anyone for a little extra care in their early stages of growth, in the way of watering, sheltering, mulching, etc.

LEMONS.

All worked on Orange and Lemon stocks. Price for acclimatised trees, with good balled roots, 3/6 to 7/6 each. Commercial grade: 38/- doz.; £14 per 100.

Lisbon. A very hardy variety that thrives exceedingly well in this district. The lemon is always in demand on account of the medicinal qualities of its fruit, and the demand for young trees has so greatly increased during recent years as to often exceed supplies.

Eureka. A variety with large even fruit; thornless.

Ponderosa (Wonder Lemon). See novelty list.

CITRONS.

Bengal. This is the best of all the citrons; fruit large, and very much used for marmalade.

ORANGES.

Mediterranean Sweet. Remarkable for its early bearing and excellent flavour.

Parramatta. Fine dessert, hardy and prolific.

St. Michael. One of the best, largely grown for market.

Washington Navel. The King of all oranges; thin skin,

and rich quality.

Poorman. The tree of this variety is very hardy, and will do better in exposed places than most other citrus trees. It makes a fine Ornamental Specimen tree, and carries great crops of large fruits, which are extensively used for marmalade.

Grape Fruit. This is the well-known and greatly esteemed breakfast fruit in America, hitherto not much grown

here, but one we can confidently recommend.

FEIJOA.

Feijoa Sellowiana. This is a lovely fruiting shrub from Brazil and Uruguay; evergreen and luxuriant flowering. Fruit resembles a half withered green passion fruit, and it is eaten in a similar manner as that delicacy. Price 3/6 each.

Feijoa Coolidegi. See novelty pages.

GUAVAS.

The Guava succeeds well in warm, sheltered situations near the coast. No home orchard that is suitably situated should be without a few of these plants, as the fruit ripens in winter when other fruit is scarce. We would draw special attention to the fact that Guavas will not succeed where exposed to hard frosts or cutting winds. Price 2/to 2/6 each; 20/- to 28/- per doz.

Purple-This is the ordinary purple variety.

Yellow—The fruit of this is much larger than the purple kind, and does remarkably well here, and we specially recommend it for every Taranaki garden where shelter and a warm position are available.

GRAPE VINES.

Black Hambro. This is the most popular kind for general purposes. Price 2/6 to 3/- each.
We also stock several other varieties.

CURRANTS.

Named Varieties, Red, Black and White. Price 1/- each; 10/- per doz.

GOOSEBERRIES.

Lion's Provider, Ploughboy, Golden Drop, Gregory's Perfection, Farmer's Glory, Green Gage, and many other popular varieties. Price 1/3 each; 12/- per doz.

PERSIMMONS (Japanese Date Plum).

Price 3/6 and 5/- each.

A most valuable dessert fruit. We can offer the well known and proved varieties "Dai dai Maru," and "Seedless," besides others.

MULBERRIES.

Black, in variety, and also Morus Alba, the White Mulberry. Price 2/6 to 3/6 each.

LOQUATS.

Only the best varieties stocked. Price 2/6 to 3/6 each.

MEDLARS.

Royal and other varieties in stock. Price 2/6 to 3/6 each.

FIGS.

Price 2/6 to 5/- each.

White Adriatic. The most prolific and finest flavoured of all the figs, and we can strongly recommend it.

Brown Turkey, large and good, tree hardy and prolific; also other leading varieties stocked.

CHESTNUTS.

Price 2/6 to 5/- each.

Spanish or Sweet, the ordinary variety in common cultivation.

Paragon, hardy, productive, large, and of excellent quality.

Makes fine specimen tree. One of Luther Burbank's productions. Young trees often carry good crops in nursery rows.

WALNUTS.

Price 2/6 to 3/6 each.

English, French and Japanese, and all other leading sorts.

RASPBERRIES.

Sempre Fideles, Filbasket, and other varieties. Price 3/6 to 5/6 per doz; 25/- to 35/- per 100.

STRAWBERRIES.

Madam Melba. This we consider the finest and most satisfactory Strawberry to grow. Other varieties in stock. Price 1/6 to 2/6 per doz; 10/- to 15/- per 100.

LOGANBERRY.

Large Black, a good cropper and a popular fruit everywhere. Price 2/- to 2/6 each; 20/- per doz.

PASSION FRUIT.

Price 1/6 to 2/6 each.

Passiflora Edulis, the well known purple variety.

Passiflora Perfecta, purple, but much larger than Edulis, and likely to become very popular.

Passiflora Quitensis, long white.

CRANBERRY.

Price 1/6 each; 15/- per doz.

Ugenia Ugni. A fruit that should be in every garden. Is edible, and makes beautiful jelly. The plants are very suitable for small garden hedges.

ACTINIDIA CHINENSIS (Chinese Gooseberry). See Novelty List.

TREE TOMATO.

Cyphomandra Betacea. This useful plant produces large quantities of bright red egg-shaped fruit, which have a delicious flavour. Do not plant where frosts are bad. Fruit ripens in winter. Price 2/- to 2/6 each.

ASPARAGUS.

Connover's Colossal and others. Price for 2 and 3-year-old plants, 10/- to 20/- per 100; selected plants 5/- to 7/6 per doz.

RHUBARB.

Giant Victoria. A seedless variety, which produces fine strong stalks of splendid quality. 1/6 each; 12/- per doz.

Burbank's Crimson Winter. A large stemmed variety, producing fine Rhubarb right through the winter.

2/- each; 18/- doz.

Horton's Champion. This variety was a chance seedling, and has turned out to be the finest Rhubarb we know. Stalks are large, erect, and high-coloured, very prolific, tender, and of an excellent quality, and never runs to seed. If you have only room in your garden for one root of Rhubarb, let it be "Horton's Champion," and we can with every confidence recommend this variety above all others. Price 2/6 each; 24/- per doz.

Topp's Winter. Furnishes a large quantity of stems of fine flavour during the winter months. 1/6 each; 12/-doz.

Weeping Trees

Price from 15/- to 42/- each according to size and variety.

Our collection includes the well known and beautiful
Weeping Ash and Elms, which are an ornament to any
good garden.

Street Planting and Avenue Trees

These are specially grown stock, more room being given to them than is usually the case. They are clean shapely trees, with good stout stems, and are well rooted. Extra strong specimens of some varieties at higher rates. Our list includes all the leading varieties suitable for this purpose, such as: Oriental Planes, English and American Ash, Elms, Beech, Laburnums, Limes, Maples, Birch, Sycamore, Oaks, Mountain Ash, etc., etc. Price 1/5 to 16/6 each; 12/- to 100/- per doz., according to age and size.

Autumn Tinted & Berried Trees & Shrubs

Price from 2/6 to 7/6 each, according to size and variety. Special quotations for large quantities.

Horticultural Sundries

Imported direct, or made to our order in New Zealand.

As used by ourselves.

Baskets, Hanging (N.Z.) with handle, best wire—8in., 2s. 6d.; 9in., 2s. 9d.; 10in., 3s.; 12in., 3s. 6d. each.

Flower Pots, earthenware (N.Z.)—3in., 2s. 6d.; 4in., 4s.; 5in., 6s. per dozen.

Flower Pots, Paper, best quality—3in., 1s.; 4in., 1s. 6d.; 5in., 2s. per dozen.

Labels, plant (English). Strung, plain waterproof— 2s. 9d. per hundred.

Labels for Pots. (N.Z.) Wooden—4in., 1s. 6d.; 5in., 1s. 9d.; 6in., 2s.; 8in., 2s. 6d.; 10in., 3s. 3d. per 100.

Labels for permanent Plants. Totara—8in., 3s. 6d.; 10in., 6s.; 12in., 8s.; 15in., 9s. per 100.

Mould, for Potting. Special mixture for ferns or other pot plants 28lbs., 4s.; 56lbs., 7s. 6d.

Raffia (imported). Best quality, 2s. per lb.

Riddles. Galvanised and copper. (N.Z.) For sifting fine soil for seeds. Best quality, various gauges, from 7s. 6d. to 12s 6d. each.

NEW TERMS, ETC.

TERMS.—A discount of 5 per cent. (1/- in the £) will be allowed when cash accompanies order, 2½ per cent. if paid in one month, three months nett. An extra charge of 5 per cent. will be added to any account not paid after three months, 10 per cent. after six months.

PACKING CHARGES.—For local delivery, nil; outside New Plymouth, 5 per cent. on total value of order. Orders for overseas, and goods that require special packing, charges are bare cost of labour and material. For parcel post the charges are from 6d. to 1/6, according to size of parcel.

SMALL ORDERS.—Under 20/- must be accompanied by cash, otherwise they cannot be entertained, over payments returned promptly.

CATALOGUES.—The following catalogues can be had upon application: General Catalogue, over 100 pages, ready end of April, 1925; New Zealand Native Trees, Shrubs and Plants, ready early in May, 1925; Chrysanthemum and Dahlia List, ready in October, 1925; Bulb List, ready early in February, 1926.

BUS SERVICE.—A new service is now running to the Nursery, leaving Hannah's Corner at 10.5 a.m., 1.45 p.m., and 3.55 p.m., and returning from the Nursery Corner at 10.20 a.m., 2 p.m., and 4.10 p.m. The Nursery is only fifteen minutes' walk from the Tram Terminus, where a half-hourly service is run.

Lovers of flowers are cordially invited to visit and inspect the Nurseries, there being no obligation whatever upon visitors to make purchases.

We shall be pleased to hear from you as to your garden requirements.

Unless you tell us not to, we understand that we may substitute in case any selection on your order has been sold out.

Whether your garden is large or small, we can supply you with anything you need for it.

A letter order has the same attention as a personal visit.

You Can Depend on Safe Arrival of our Plants.

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